The Kingston Daily Freeman.

XLVII. No. 241. CITY OF KINGSTON, N. Y., TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 30, 1918. PRICE TWO CENTS.

OUR MEN CROSSED OURCQ IN WHIRLWIND ATTACK

Doughboys Go Straight at Machine Gun Nests and Wipe Out Gunners---Thrilling Deeds Recounted by Eye Witnesses---Officers Are Real Leaders.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

With The American Army At The Aisne, July 29—(6 p. m.)—One hundred dead Germans were found today in a small open space in the Riz Forest, showing the efficiency of our artillery fire preceding the American attack through the woods.

The Germans had evidently been asleep when several shrapnel shells burst over them.

It is easy to understand why the Americans were unable to make rapid progress in the attacks through there. The Riz Forest is thick with underbrush and natural machine gun emplacements. It was extremely difficult to make progress and our attack had to be either up a steep slope or along a ravine swept from both sides.

The forest offered one of the most difficult obstacles encountered by our men on the whole Marne salient.

The town of Jaulgonne, on the Marne, which was occupied by the Americans a week ago, was badly battered by our shell fire. Every part of the square called the Place De Mairie was wrecked by shell fire. While the square was littered with the corpses of German soldiers and the carcasses of horses, curiously enough the statue of the saint in the center was untouched.

In the whole region of Jaulgonne, Riz Forest and Charmel, the Boches abandoned thousands of shells, including many gas projectiles and much machine gun ammunition. But most of their artillery was withdrawn.

During this morning the German Fokkers, flying low, repeatedly machine gunned a string of our ambulances that were bringing wounded from the Ourcq fighting zone. Finally they were driven off by Allied planes.

I heard many stories of great heroism from the lips of our wounded men.

One of them said that in the fighting on the Ourcq river:

"Though wounded three times I went across the river. A New York state captain was leading his men up the wooded slope on the north bank. They went on through German machine gun nests until they reached the ridge. The captain had given the order for the men to throw off their packs and fix bayonets. Out from the wood and up through the wheat went our skirmish line, the men frequently stumbling across German bodies and the ruins of machine gun emplacements. When the first German machine gunners were encountered, the captain leading the attacking group shouted: 'Go get 'em!'

"That became the battle cry throughout this combat. Whenever the men came upon enemy resistance a wild yell went up: 'Go get 'em.'

"And our men went up and got 'em, too. Bombing and using their rifles, the men would advance within a few feet of the emplacements when the Boches generally threw up their hands crying 'Kamerad.'

"At Villers-Sur-Fere, where hard fighting was expected, the Germans gave way with scarcely any struggle. We went through the village street and up a slight rise in the ground, past that to the Ourcq river, which we crossed and began climbing the northern slope."

Another doughboy tells me:

"It was the prettiest sight you ever saw."

This soldier was with a rear element that was going up to the front and could look straight down the one long street of Villers-Sur-Fere. On one side of the village was a big patch of growing wheat, golden in the sunshine; on the other side was a stretch of green grass. Then the rear element could see the American boys swinging through that long street in columns, disappear over the rise in the ground at the northern end of the town and come up into view again after they had crossed the Ourcq while they fought their way up the hill.

All along the road batteries were banging away, while by the roadside four armored cars were shooting up the side lines. In their haste to get across the Ourcq, the Germans left several small foot bridges hanging over which some of the Americans passed in single file while machine guns and artillery played on them from the northern bank. But this method of advance proved too slow, so most of the doughboys plunged into the stream, which, to use the expression of one battle stained youngster, "was only a dirty mud hole."

The stream was generally shallow but some of the men who were fording it got into holes and went down as far as their chests. The American captain was struck in the chest by a machine gun bullet as he was going down the slope to the river. He merely swore a bit in disgusted tones and kept on. He got upon the foot bridge when another bullet struck him. He calmly wiped away the blood and was the first American to set foot on the northern side of the stream. He headed straight for the underbush where machine gun bullets were coming from, and found a machine gun nest. There he was struck by another bullet.

In the same attack was a young lieutenant who had been accused of "cold feet" on the quieter sectors.

Said a wounded private of this lieutenant:

"You should have seen the way he charged those machine guns."

As the Germans retired down the southern slope they signalled their artillery which began laying down a barrage along the ridge. The Americans then began digging in.

Farther eastward where the Boches fought with the greatest stubbornness, our advance was not so rapid as early reports to the rear indicated. Consequently a major who went dashing into a village in a side car, believing that it had been captured by the Americans, narrowly escaped capture.

A sergeant was caught in a similar manner. He swung off the main highway into a village to avoid the shell holes and upon entering a side street suddenly discovered a number of figures topped by German helmets strolling through the next street. The sergeant quickly evacuated the village and got back to our lines without being fired on.

26 DRAFTEES TO LEAVE THURSDAY

Morning Train Will Carry 15 Colored Men From Boards 1 and 2 for Upton and 11 Whites to Fill Board 2's Last Quota to Dix.

Division No. 1 has ordered ten colored men and one alternate to report at headquarters, surrogate's office, Wednesday afternoon, July 31, at 4 o'clock, to be inducted into service. The draftees will leave on the 9:05 West Shore train Thursday morning for Camp Upton. Those called and their serial and order numbers are as follows:

1749—1110—LaForest Robinson, 45 South Pine street.
1754—1161—James Spencer Cantine, 46 Wilbur avenue.
845—1363—Arthur Lipscomb, North street.
1155—1371—William Henry Brodhead, 56 West Strand.
1562—1437—Scott Van Demark, 40 Martin's Lane.
943—1683—Freddie Sydnor, North street.
1949—1724—Richard Lansing Wynkoop, Jr., Hurley avenue.
952—1785—Arthur Schoonmaker, 47 Murray street.
1158—1914—Sylvester Tunis Van Derzee, 51 South Pine street.
1646—2026—Albert Canine, 40 Martin's Lane.

The last named is an alternate.

Division No. 2 has also ordered five colored draftees to report Wednesday afternoon to receive instructions, they to entrain with the Division No. 1 colored men on Thursday morning for Camp Upton. The five called and order number are:

1684—Norman LeFevre, New Paltz.
1135—George W. Bush, Kingston, R. R. 3.
976—Frank DuBois, Saugerties.
382—Robert Davis, Norfolk, Va.
1739—James D. Sampson, Kingston, R. R. 3.

A list of eleven names is being made up by Division No. 2, the men to entrain for Camp Dix on the same train with the colored men Thursday morning. These conscripts are white men and fill the quota that left Thursday, July 24, which was not filled.

Those ordered by Division No. 2 to entrain for Camp Dix Thursday morning at 9:05 to fill last quota are:

54—Lloyd Edward Brainard, Ulster Park.
74—Joseph W. Post, R. R. 4, Kingston.
41—Earl Proper, Port Ewen.
23—Claude Kieffer, R. R. 4, Kingston.
55—Arthur Cole, 45 North street, Seymour, Conn.
119—John B. Mazzei, Sub Station 2, Poughkeepsie.
70—Richard J. Bridge, Sleightsburgh.
62—Robert I. Fowler, Port Ewen.
121—Charles R. Tucker, 17 South street, New York city.
1061—James Musolino, 309 Seventh street, Jersey City, N. J.
1090—Harry Simmons, Saugerties.
187—James J. Farrell, Malden-on-Hudson.

The first nine are from the 1918 registrants and the last three of 1917 registrants who failed to report last week Thursday.

Doubt Turk Break.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, July 30.—London newspapers accept with reserve the report put out by the Exchange Telegraph that relations between Germany and Turkey have been severed.

TO EXAMINE 50 DIV. 1 MEN AUG. 1

The following 50 registrants of June 5, 1918, have been ordered by Division No. 1 to report at the armory on Thursday, August 1, for physical examination:

67—89—William Komassa, 12 Fourth avenue.
40—90—Walter B. Bernatowicz, 30 Pierpont street.
38—91—Jacob Schecter, 72 Broadway.
27—93—Ralph Snyder, 120 Tremper avenue.
163—94—William Henry Rugar, 66 Spruce street.
1—95—John Henry Van Wagenen, 101 North Front street.
52—96—George Dunn, Tillson.
6—97—Fred Joseph Dahlem, 342 Broadway.
24—98—Meredith Cashin, 16 Clinton avenue.
14—99—Fred Beach, Rosendale.
165—100—Sol. Avnet, 72 Broad-Broadway.
71—101—Peter Ruvolo, 53 Broadway.
19—102—Arthur Tompkins, 8 Wiltwyck avenue.
37—104—Floyd Van Gaasbeek, 62 Ann street. (colored.)
36—105—Robert M. McCloskey, 85 Abeel street.
68—106—Joseph Kenneth Cashin, 55 Staples street.
85—107—Leslie Franklin Stevens, 63 West Chester street.
172—108—John Vernon Hogan, 66 West Union street.
83—110—Harry H. Dohnken, 89 Abruyn street.
44—111—George Francis Moxham, 455 Broadway.
138—113—Chester G. Kilmer, Jr., 18 E. St. James street.
164—115—Albert Carr Van Buren, 70 Smith avenue.
140—116—William A. Bolechowicz, 164 Murray street.
128—117—Stephen F. Morgan, Rosendale, N. Y.
103—118—William F. Snyder, 100 O'Neil street.
79—119—Edward Theodore Otto, 28 St. Mary's street.
26—122—Sidney Edmund Hull, 25 Snyder avenue.
157—125—Richard B. Schick, 127 East Chester street.
96—127—William Lurie, 23 Chambers street.
53—129—Schuyler Schonger, 253 Wall street.
43—130—William B. Klothe, 72 Prince street.
142—131—Claude Elmendorf, 61 Downs street.
106—132—John James Smith, High Falls, N. Y.
80—134—Albert Henry Koch, 75 First avenue.
127—135—James B. Sweeney, Tillson, N. Y.
159—137—Henry Joseph Spardie, 311 S. Wilbur avenue.
144—139—Frank A. Kenny, 32 DeWitt street.
23—140—Leslie Vernon Sharp, 67 Manor avenue.
75—143—Luigi Montone, 236 Catherine street.
47—145—Eugene J. Woods, 9 Valley street.
126—146—Bernard A. Culloton, 44 Broadway.
60—148—Joseph Armater, 11 Main street.
111—153—Aloysius F. Clare, 23 West Pierpont street.
9—156—James Anthony Rourke, 155 Broadway.
100—158—Percy Homer Burger, 10 Green street.
5—161—William Frank Sheeley, 447 Washington avenue.
166—162—John Henry Brodhead, 56 West Strand. (colored.)
117—163—George Joseph Smith, 41 Chambers street.
133—165—Melvin M. Short, Cottekill, N. Y.
105—166—Joseph Addison Freer, 140 Henry street.
174—169—William Henry Leete, 67 Crane street.
121—170—Barney Lankisky, 47 Meadow street.

Sixty-two have been called for physical examination tomorrow.

"BOOSTING" KINGSTON.

A Bright Idea Originates in the "Leader" Office.

This morning's "Leader" says:

"Wouldn't it save a lot of coal next winter if the O. & W. station on Fair street would be closed and have the trains run through to the Union station on the U. & D. tracks."

The merchants on Wall and neighboring streets are understood to be tickled almost to death over this suggestion. So long as they are delighted, the other business men will doubtless acquiesce. The Chamber of Commerce should at once take the matter up and hold a public hearing, so that the Government Railway Administration can learn what public opinion is. But it is needless to wait for this formality before organizing a parade through the uptown district in honor of the shining intellect which conceived this interesting idea.

Helfferich at Moscow.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

The Hague, July 30.—Dr. Karl Helfferich, newly appointed German ambassador to Russia, has arrived at Moscow, it was stated in a Berlin dispatch today.

Helfferich's predecessor at Moscow, Count Von Mirbach, was assassinated.

More Country Improvements.

The Canfield Stove Company has a large force of men at West Saugerties installing modern plumbing and private system of water supply, and a New Way Engine in a summer residence at that place.

IN THE SERVICE OF OUR COUNTRY

PRIVATE EDWARD LANE.

Son of Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Lane of Highland, who enlisted in June, 1917. Now stationed at Fort Wood.

Mrs. Cornelia Cramer has received word of the safe arrival of her son, Stephen, overseas. He is with the 318th F. A. Battalion.

Burton M. Castle, who was employed by the E. G. Long Co., of this city, and who left for Camp Dix July 25, was presented with a wrist watch by his fellow workmen.

Word has been received in this city that Private Dewey Lawrence, of the 3rd Anti-Aircraft, M. G. Bn., Co. A, has been promoted to corporal. His many friends were glad to hear of his promotion.

Major Roy W. Gausmann, of Leonia, N. J., of the Engineer Corps, reported in Monday's casualty list as being severely wounded in France, is a former resident of this city. While here Major Gausmann was in the employ of the New York Board of Water Supply as an engineer and lived with his wife and two children on Johnson avenue. He sang in the choir of the St. James's M. E. Church and was also a teacher in the Sunday school. He went to France three months ago with the Engineer Corps.

Corporal Everett A. Vignes of the Ordinance Department, 11th Field Artillery, 6th Division, has arrived safely overseas, according to word received from him today by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Vignes. He enlisted and went to Poughkeepsie and from there was sent to Fort Slocum and still later to Douglass, Arizona, where he was stationed for eleven months near the Mexican border. Then he was transferred to Fort Sill, Oklahoma, and thence to Camp Mills L. I., from which point he was shipped across. His many friends will be glad to hear of his safe arrival overseas.

DRY SPELL CAUSES MILK SHORTAGE

The recent dry spell has caused a great scarcity of milk in this section and dairymen have for some time been unable to meet the demands. Albert H. Cook, who has a large dairy of registered Holsteins at Ruby has been cutting young green oats growing in his fields and carting it to his cattle for fodder.

VIERECK ADMITS GIANT PROPAGANDA

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, July 30.—Fifty million dolalrs, sunk in 30 morning newspapers throughout the United States, was Germany's plan to keep this country out of war, George Sylvester Viereck, editor of Viereck's National Weekly, formerly the Fatherland, admitted today under examination by Deputy Attorney General Brecker.

A widely known newspaper man in Washington was to furnish the chain of papers with news, Viereck testified.

"My plan," testified Viereck, "was to buy an important morning newspaper in about thirty cities."

"And conduct them along legitimate lines?" asked Mr. Brecker.

"Yes."

"But to introduce German propaganda in a subtle manner?"

"No, but to tell the real story—the story we thought was being suppressed."

"How much did you think it would cost to control thirty papers in as many cities?" asked the deputy attorney general.

"Why, from $30,000,000 to $50,000,000," replied Viereck. "But it would have saved us from war. We could have arranged it so that American would not have entered the war."

The examination of Viereck, which has been in progress for ten days, is expected to end this week.

155 NAMES ON CASUALTY LISTS

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 30.—One hundred and forty-five casualties in the American Expeditionary Forces were announced today by the war department, divided as follows:

Seventeen killed in action, eleven died from wounds, fifteen from disease, three from accident and other causes, ninety-five wounded severely, one wounded slightly and three missing in action.

Ten casualties in the Marines attached to the American Expeditionary Forces were announced today at Marine Corps Headquarters, divided as follows:

Five killed in action, one died from wounds received in action, and four severely wounded in action.

The army casualty list contained the following officers:

Killed in action: Major James S. McCloud, London, Eng.; Lieuts. Geo. W. Berriman, Tampa, Fla.; Frank Booma, Portsmouth, N. H.; Norman D. DuBois, 14 Walden Place, Montclair, N. J.

Severely wounded: Majors Goodwin Compton, Memphis, Tenn.; Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., New York; Captains William J. Condon, New Brunswick, N. J.; Robert K. Whitson, Union City, Tenn.; Lieuts. Francis X. Calahan., Portland, Me.; John S. Cromelin, Hackensack, N. J.

The army casualties were:

Killed in Action.

Sergeants:
Grant Merritt Barber, Greybull, Wyo.
George W. Ross, Oakland, Calif.
Corporal Clyde W. Needham, Lodi, Calif.
Privates:
Carl D. Johnson, Newton, Kans.
Elso H. Johnson, Freeport, Ill.
Richard P. Ludtke, Chatham, Ill.
Clyde A. McKee, Westwood, Calif.
Arthur Marquand, Hamilton, Md.
Jacob B. Miller, Lacey, Washington.
Clement M. Summers, Ashland, Ore.
Kenneth L. Sutherland, Topeka, Kas.
Charles Wilson, Marion, Ind.
Stephen Wos, Buffalo, N. Y.

Died From Wounds.

Sergeant:
Harry Clubb, San Antonio, Tex.
Corporal:
Bertram Aaron, Paducah, Ky.
Privates:
Wilfred Albert, Augusta, Me.
Clarence D. Crabtree, Marengo, Ind.
Frank Deaton, Clarendon, Ark.
Monte H. Fuller, Wheelock, Vt.
Wallace Wm. Keller, North Wales, Pa.
Edward W. Larkosh, Providence, R. I.
Donald C. Mackinnon, Gloucester, Mass.
John A. W. Marble, Mohley's Junction, Va.
Fred Watson, Roxbury, Mass.

Died of Disease.

Sergeant:
Carl John Lautz, Buffalo, N. Y.
Cooks:
John H. Arnold, Doniphan, Mo.
Merritt Winzel, Deaxter, Ia.
Privates:
Wilbur J .Blakemore, Barnesville, O.
Clarence A. Clark, Eufala, Okla.
Armstead L. Davis, Bowling Green, Va.
James Epps, Eustis, Fla.
Rogers Franklin, Cameron, Tex.
Samuel Jaffy, Waynesboro, Pa.
Crosston Pierson, Millhaven, Ga.
Emmett L. Simmons, Tampa, Fla
Joseph M. Sweetzer, Haverhill, Mass.
Theodore L. Trouth, Dixon, Ill.
Owen F. Tuehy, Pittsburgh, Pa.
John Wilson, Hannibal, Mo.

Died From Accident And Other Causes.

Cook:
Arthur B. Olstrom, Chicago.
Privates:
Curney Page, Wilson, N. C.
Raymond A. Renkenberger, Berlin Center, O.

Severely Wounded.

Sergeants:
Clayton Barrows, Hartford, Conn.
John T. Griffin, South Boston, Mass.
George J. Mackenzie, Salem, Mass.
Howard Duryea Springsteen, Forest Hills, N. Y.
Walter B. Worlock, Utica, N. Y.
Corporals:
Ellsworth A. Burnham, Chelsea, Mass.
Ray Carroll, South Pittsburgh, Tenn.
Robert F. Costello, Hartford, Ct.
Raymond W. Cummins, Kearney, Mo.
John Deloche, McDonald, Pa.
Harry M. Dexter, Wolfeville, N. S.
George V. Ford, New Eagle, Pa.
Walter A. Guild, Mattapan, Mass.
Clifford L. Herring, Rockville, Conn.
Raymond B. Kincaid, Fairhaven, Vt.
Harry McKenzie, Hartford, Ct.
Edwin Martin, Chelsea, Mass.
Bernard D. Murphy, Hartford, Ct.
Victor Rasmussen, Hearsley, Denmark.
Harry L. Smith, Boston, Mass.
Winfred J. White, South Boston, Mass.
Machinist George F. Pattee, South Orange, Conn.
Privates:
Patrick Enright, Monongahela, Pa.

(Continued on Page 6.)

PRUSSIANS AND BAVARIANS MAKE DESPERATE EFFORTS

To Lighten Franco-American Pressure on New Line---Battle Sways Back and Forth as Germans Make Stand on Higher Ground.

Using their best Prussian and Bavarian armies, the Germans are making desperate efforts to stem the Franco-American advance on the new line to which the Teutons fell back on Saturday and Sunday. Vigorous fighting is raging over the 25 mile front from the sector of Buzancy, south of Soissons, to the sector of Ville En Tardennois, on the eastern wing of the salient, where the Germans have the advantage of high ground.

It is estimated that the Germans have 71 divisions, or 852,000 men, massed south of the Aisne river, for a defense of the Aisne-Vesle line.

While they have been compelled to give up the great forest area south of the Fere En Tardenois line, the Germans have the advantage of two stretches of high ground on which to rest the base of the salient. The German right wing now stands upon the plateau south of Soissons in the Crise river sector, from which the front curves southward to the hills north of the Ourcq. Thence it bends to the northeast to the hills flanking the Ardre.

Despite the natural advantages in favor of the Germans and the grim resistance of the German troops, the Allies continue to press forward at various points. The French have progressed towards Aubuielly which is scarcely a mile south of the Ardre river; and also on the center in the vicinity of Villers Ageron, as well as near Grand Rozoy on the left wing. The progress is in the general direction of the plateau between the Ourcq and Vesle river—a piece of high ground of great strategic importance.

Northeast of Outchy-Le-Chateau, and east of Fere En Tardennois, where the Germans hold strongly fortified positions, their counter assaults won them temporary successes. In those zones villages changed hands repeatedly as the tide of battle swayed backward and forward.

The French war office reveals that the Scottish troops have been thrown into the struggle on the western flank of the salient.

These forces signalized their entrance into the mighty action by capturing the park and chateau of Buzancy, south of Soissons, where they held on in the face of hard counter blows. Hitherto British reserves on the Aisne-Marne front had been identified only in the fighting southwest of Rheims—on the eastern wing of the German wedge.

It was only natural that German resistance should stiffen as they withdraw to previously fortified positions which are more heavily held than the skirmish lines that opposed the Americans and French in the rear guard battle further south. But as Allied artillery is moved up these new German lines can be levelled just as were the German positions north of the Marne.

The French and Americans moved north so rapidly in the wake of the retreating Germans that they outdistanced their medium and heavy batteries, having only batteries of field guns to support them when they reached the maximum of their advance.

Bursts of sharp local fighting may now be looked for with the Allies straightening out their lines over the 25-mile front. At some points here are bulges which may prove costly obstacles unless eliminated.

KERENSKY SAID TO HAVE ARRIVED

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Chicago, Ills., July 30.—Alexander J. Kerensky, former premier of Russia, is in the United States, having arrived incognito on a recent steamer, according to telegraphic word received here from John Hagarty, a navigator, who says he was a fellow passenger of the Russian statesman.

The telegram, addressed to William H. Burquest, associate editor of "Domestic Engineering," and published in the Chicago Herald and Examiner, reads in part:

"Passenger with Kerensky on . . . . . attacked off Irish coast afternoon eighteenth. Great liner Justicia torpedoed. Attacked again at midnight same day. No casualties; Kerensky calm. Traveling incognito."

Airman Recovering.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

San Antonio, Tex., July 30.—Cadet George C. Henderson, Arlington, Mass., is recovering here today from injuries received when his plane collided yesterday with that of Cadet C. Koller, of Peoria, killing the latter. The accident occurred 1,000 feet in the air, both machines crashing to the ground. Koller's body was sent to Peoria for interment.

PARADE ORDERS FOR THURSDAY

Grand Marshal Issues Instructions For Organizations Who Will Accompany Draftees to Train.

Headquarters of Grand Marshal, Kingston, N. Y., July 30, 1918.

The following orders for the parade in honor of the conscripts who will entrain at the West Shore station at 9:05 o'clock Thursday morning, August 1, 1918, are published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

1. Each organization will be at the place designated for the formation at 8 o'clock a. m. August 1st, 1918. The headquarters of the grand marshal will be at the Burgevin building, corner Main and Fair streets.

2. The line of march will be from the Burgevin building on Main street, to Clinton avenue, to Albany avenue, to Broadway, to Railroad avenue, to West Shore depot, where the command will be dismissed.

Order of March.

Chief of Police and Staff
Grand Marshal D. G. Atkins and staff: Judge James Jenkins, W. M. Davis, E. T. Shultis, C. W. Winne, Sheriff W. J. Smith, Dr. W. J. O'Leary, Judge James A. Betts, D. N. Mathews, F. J. R. Clarke, Aaron Cohen, E. F. MacFadden and Marks Jacobs.

First Division.

Committee of Arrangements—Mayor Palmer Canfield, Jr., Judge James Jenkins, Charles R. Finch, W. G. Merritt, Samuel Watts, William Dugan and D. G. Atkins.
Bailey Fife & Drum Corps.
N. Y. State Guard, Company M, 10th Infantry.
Ambulance Corps of the Home Defense Reserves of the State of N. Y.
Pratt Post, No. 127, G. A. R.
Colonial Camp, Spanish War Veterans, No. 75.
Old Guard of Ulster County.
Tappen Camp, No. 57, Sons of Veterans.
Ladies' Auxiliary, Tappen Camp, No. 53, S. of V.
Boy Scouts of America.
Girl Scouts of America.

Second Division.

Barmann Fife & Drum Corps.
Aide: Tunis Haulenbeck.
Clergy, Lawyers, Doctors and Dentists of the City of Kingston.
City and County Officials.
Employes and Citizens, Business Men of the City of Kingston.
Colored Knights of Pythias.

Third Division.

Aide: Harry Walker.
Fathers and Mothers of Drafted Men and those whose sons are in service.
Rotary Club.
National Red Cross Society of Ulster County.

Fourth Division.

Aide: Robert R. Rodie.
Colonial City Band.
District Board Nos. 1 and 2.
Drafted Men of City of Kingston.
Drafted Men of Ulster County, Outside City of Kingston.

General Orders.

1. The police, grand marshal and staff will form on Main street, the right resting on Fair street, at 8 o'clock a. m.

2.—The First Division will form on Main street in the rear of the grand marshal and staff, at 8 a. m.

3. The Second Division will form on Main street, the right resting on Wall street, at 8 a. m.

4. The Third Divison will form on Wall street, right resting on Main street, at 8 a. m.

5. The Fourth Division will form on Fair stret, the right resting on Main street, at 8 a. m.

6. The business men and employes and citizens of Kingston will be in charge of Cornelius Hume, Esq.

7. Bailey Fife and Drum Corps will meet at the armory at 7:30 a. m., and escort the N. Y. State Guard, Company M, 10th Infantry, to their place in line on Main street.

8. All stores are requested to close until 9:00 a. m., and all persons along the line of march are requested to decorate and display the American flag.

9. At 8:15 a. m., the fire alarm system will strike five times, when each organization will be ready to march.

10. At 8:20 a. m., the firm alarm system will strike five times, when the parade will start.

D. G. ATKINS, Grand Marshal.

Draftees Examined.

An examination of 20 draft men for reclassification as recommended by the county legal advisory board, was held at the court house this afternoon, they being from Division No. 1.

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One of them said that in the fighting on the Ourcq river:

"Though wounded three times I went across the river. A New York state captain was leading his men up the wooded slope on the north bank. They went on through German machine gun nests until they reached the ridge. The captain had given the order for the men to throw off their packs and fix bayonets. Out from the wood and up through the wheat went our skirmish line, the men frequently stumbling across German bodies and the ruins of machine gun emplacements. When the first German machine gunners were encountered, the captain leading the attacking group shouted: 'Go get 'em!'

"That became the battle cry throughout this combat. Whenever the men came upon enemy resistance a wild yell went up: 'Go get 'em.'

"And our men went up and got 'em, too. Bombing and using their rifles, the men would advance within a few feet of the emplacements when the Boches generally threw up their hands crying 'Kamerad.'

"At Villers-Sur-Fere, where hard fighting was expected, the Germans gave way with scarcely any struggle. We went through the village street and up a slight rise in the ground, past that to the Ourcq river, which we crossed and began climbing the northern slope."

Another doughboy tells me:

"It was the prettiest sight you ever saw."

This soldier was with a rear element that was going up to the front and could look straight down the one long street of Villers-Sur-Fere. On one side of the village was a big patch of growing wheat, golden in the sunshine; on the other side was a stretch of green grass. Then the rear element could see the American boys swinging through that long street in columns, disappear over the rise in the ground at the northern end of the town and come up into view again after they had crossed the Ourcq while they fought their way up the hill.

All along the road batteries were banging away, while by the roadside four armored cars were shooting up the side lines. In their haste to get across the Ourcq, the Germans left several small foot bridges hanging over which some of the Americans passed in single file while machine guns and artillery played on them from the northern bank. But this method of advance proved too slow, so most of the doughboys plunged into the stream, which, to use the expression of one battle stained youngster, "was only a dirty mud hole."

The stream was generally shallow but some of the men who were fording it got into holes and went down as far as their chests. The American captain was struck in the chest by a machine gun bullet as he was going down the slope to the river. He merely swore a bit in disgusted tones and kept on. He got upon the foot bridge when another bullet struck him. He calmly wiped away the blood and was the first American to set foot on the northern side of the stream. He headed straight for the underbush where machine gun bullets were coming from, and found a machine gun nest. There he was struck by another bullet.

In the same attack was a young lieutenant who had been accused of "cold feet" on the quieter sectors.

Said a wounded private of this lieutenant:

"You should have seen the way he charged those machine guns."

As the Germans retired down the southern slope they signalled their artillery which began laying down a barrage along the ridge. The Americans then began digging in.

Farther eastward where the Boches fought with the greatest stubbornness, our advance was not so rapid as early reports to the rear indicated. Consequently a major who went dashing into a village in a side car, believing that it had been captured by the Americans, narrowly escaped capture.

A sergeant was caught in a similar manner. He swung off the main highway into a village to avoid the shell holes and upon entering a side street suddenly discovered a number of figures topped by German helmets strolling through the next street. The sergeant quickly evacuated the village and got back to our lines without being fired on.

26 DRAFTEES TO LEAVE THURSDAY

Morning Train Will Carry 15 Colored Men From Boards 1 and 2 for Upton and 11 Whites to Fill Board 2's Last Quota to Dix.

Division No. 1 has ordered ten colored men and one alternate to report at headquarters, surrogate's office, Wednesday afternoon, July 31, at 4 o'clock, to be inducted into service. The draftees will leave on the 9:05 West Shore train Thursday morning for Camp Upton. Those called and their serial and order numbers are as follows:

1749—1110—LaForest Robinson, 45 South Pine street.

1754—1161—James Spencer Cantine, 46 Wilbur avenue.

845—1363—Arthur Lipscomb, North street.

1155—1371—William Henry Brodhead, 56 West Strand.

1562—1437—Scott Van Demark, 40 Martin's Lane.

943—1683—Freddie Sydnor, North street.

1949—1724—Richard Lansing Wynkoop, Jr., Hurley avenue.

952—1785—Arthur Schoonmaker, 47 Murray street.

1158—1914—Sylvester Tunis Van Derzee, 51 South Pine street.

1646—2026—Albert Canine, 40 Martin's Lane.

The last named is an alternate.

Division No. 2 has also ordered five colored draftees to report Wednesday afternoon to receive instructions, they to entrain with the Division No. 1 colored men on Thursday morning for Camp Upton. The five called and order number are:

1684—Norman LeFevre, New Paltz.

1135—George W. Bush, Kingston, R. R. 3.

976—Frank DuBois, Saugerties.

382—Robert Davis, Norfolk, Va.

1739—James D. Sampson, Kingston, R. R. 3.

A list of eleven names is being made up by Division No. 2, the men to entrain for Camp Dix on the same train with the colored men Thursday morning. These conscripts are white men and fill the quota that left Thursday, July 24, which was not filled.

Those ordered by Division No. 2 to entrain for Camp Dix Thursday morning at 9:05 to fill last quota are:

54—Lloyd Edward Brainard, Ulster Park.

74—Joseph W. Post, R. R. 4, Kingston.

41—Earl Proper, Port Ewen.

23—Claude Kieffer, R. R. 4, Kingston.

55—Arthur Cole, 45 North street, Seymour, Conn.

119—John B. Mazzei, Sub Station 2, Poughkeepsie.

70—Richard J. Bridge, Sleightsburgh.

62—Robert I. Fowler, Port Ewen.

121—Charles R. Tucker, 17 South street, New York city.

1061—James Musolino, 309 Seventh street, Jersey City, N. J.

1090—Harry Simmons, Saugerties.

187—James J. Farrell, Malden-on-Hudson.

The first nine are from the 1918 registrants and the last three of 1917 registrants who failed to report last week Thursday.

Doubt Turk Break.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, July 30.—London newspapers accept with reserve the report put out by the Exchange Telegraph that relations between Germany and Turkey have been severed.

TO EXAMINE 50 DIV. 1 MEN AUG. 1

The following 50 registrants of June 5, 1918, have been ordered by Division No. 1 to report at the armory on Thursday, August 1, for physical examination:

67—89—William Komassa, 12 Fourth avenue.
40—90—Walter B. Bernatowicz, 30 Pierpont street.
38—91—Jacob Schecter, 72 Broadway.
27—93—Ralph Snyder, 120 Tremper avenue.
163—94—William Henry Rugar, 66 Spruce street.
1—95—John Henry Van Wagenen, 101 North Front street.
52—96—George Dunn, Tillson.
6—97—Fred Joseph Dahlem, 342 Broadway.
24—98—Meredith Cashin, 16 Clinton avenue.
14—99—Fred Beach, Rosendale.
165—100—Sol. Avnet, 72 Broad-Broadway.
71—101—Peter Ruvolo, 53 Broadway.
19—102—Arthur Tompkins, 8 Wiltwyck avenue.
37—104—Floyd Van Gaasbeek, 62 Ann street. (colored.)
36—105—Robert M. McCloskey, 85 Abeel street.
68—106—Joseph Kenneth Cashin, 55 Staples street.
85—107—Leslie Franklin Stevens, 63 West Chester street.
172—108—John Vernon Hogan, 66 West Union street.
83—110—Harry H. Dohnken, 89 Abruyn street.
44—111—George Francis Moxham, 455 Broadway.
138—113—Chester G. Kilmer, Jr., 18 E. St. James street.
164—115—Albert Carr Van Buren, 70 Smith avenue.
140—116—William A. Bolechowicz, 164 Murray street.
128—117—Stephen F. Morgan, Rosendale, N. Y.
103—118—William F. Snyder, 100 O'Neil street.
79—119—Edward Theodore Otto, 28 St. Mary's street.
26—122—Sidney Edmund Hull, 25 Snyder avenue.
157—125—Richard B. Schick, 127 East Chester street.
96—127—William Lurie, 23 Chambers street.
53—129—Schuyler Schonger, 253 Wall street.
43—130—William B. Klothe, 72 Prince street.
142—131—Claude Elmendorf, 61 Downs street.
106—132—John James Smith, High Falls, N. Y.
80—134—Albert Henry Koch, 75 First avenue.
127—135—James B. Sweeney, Tillson, N. Y.
159—137—Henry Joseph Spardie, 311 S. Wilbur avenue.
144—139—Frank A. Kenny, 32 DeWitt street.
23—140—Leslie Vernon Sharp, 67 Manor avenue.
75—143—Luigi Montone, 236 Catherine street.
47—145—Eugene J. Woods, 9 Valley street.
126—146—Bernard A. Culloton, 44 Broadway.
60—148—Joseph Armater, 11 Main street.
111—153—Aloysius F. Clare, 23 West Pierpont street.
9—156—James Anthony Rourke, 155 Broadway.
100—158—Percy Homer Burger, 10 Green street.
5—161—William Frank Sheeley, 447 Washington avenue.
166—162—John Henry Brodhead, 56 West Strand. (colored.)
117—163—George Joseph Smith, 41 Chambers street.
133—165—Melvin M. Short, Cottekill, N. Y.
105—166—Joseph Addison Freer, 140 Henry street.
174—169—William Henry Leete, 67 Crane street.
121—170—Barney Lankisky, 47 Meadow street.

Sixty-two have been called for physical examination tomorrow.

"BOOSTING" KINGSTON.

A Bright Idea Originates in the "Leader" Office.

This morning's "Leader" says:

"Wouldn't it save a lot of coal next winter if the O. & W. station on Fair street would be closed and have the trains run through to the Union station on the U. & D. tracks."

The merchants on Wall and neighboring streets are understood to be tickled almost to death over this suggestion. So long as they are delighted, the other business men will doubtless acquiesce. The Chamber of Commerce should at once take the matter up and hold a public hearing, so that the Government Railway Administration can learn what public opinion is. But it is needless to wait for this formality before organizing a parade through the uptown district in honor of the shining intellect which conceived this interesting idea.

Helfferich at Moscow.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

The Hague, July 30.—Dr. Karl Helfferich, newly appointed German ambassador to Russia, has arrived at Moscow, it was stated in a Berlin dispatch today.

Helfferich's predecessor at Moscow, Count Von Mirbach, was assassinated.

More Country Improvements.

The Canfield Stove Company has a large force of men at West Saugerties installing modern plumbing and private system of water supply, and a New Way Engine in a summer residence at that place.

IN THE SERVICE OF OUR COUNTRY

PRIVATE EDWARD LANE.

Son of Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Lane of Highland, who enlisted in June, 1917. Now stationed at Fort Wood.

Mrs. Cornelia Cramer has received word of the safe arrival of her son, Stephen, overseas. He is with the 318th F. A. Battalion.

Burton M. Castle, who was employed by the E. G. Long Co., of this city, and who left for Camp Dix July 25, was presented with a wrist watch by his fellow workmen.

Word has been received in this city that Private Dewey Lawrence, of the 3rd Anti-Aircratt, M. G. Bn., Co. A, has been promoted to corporal. His many friends were glad to hear of his promotion.

Major Roy W. Gausmann, of Leonia, N. J., of the Engineer Corps, reported in Monday's casualty list as being severely wounded in France, is a former resident of this city. While here Major Gausmann was in the employ of the New York Board of Water Supply as an engineer and lived with his wife and two children on Johnson avenue. He sang in the choir of the St. James's M. E. Church and was also a teacher in the Sunday school. He went to France three months ago with the Engineer Corps.

Corporal Everett A. Vignes of the Ordinance Department, 11th Field Artillery, 6th Division, has arrived safely overseas, according to word received from him today by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Vignes. He enlisted and went to Poughkeepsie and from there was sent to Fort Slocum and still later to Douglass, Arizona, where he was stationed for eleven months near the Mexican border. Then he was transferred to Fort Sill, Oklahoma, and thence to Camp Mills L. I., from which point he was shipped across. His many friends will be glad to hear of his safe arrival overseas.

DRY SPELL CAUSES MILK SHORTAGE

The recent dry spell has caused a great scarcity of milk in this section and dairymen have for some time been unable to meet the demands. Albert H. Cook, who has a large dairy of registered Holsteins at Ruby has been cutting young green oats growing in his fields and carting it to his cattle for fodder.

VIERECK ADMITS GIANT PROPAGANDA

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, July 30.—Fifty million dolairs, sunk in 30 morning newspapers throughout the United States, was Germany's plan to keep this country out of war, George Sylvester Viereck, editor of Viereck's National Weekly, formerly the Fatherland, admitted today under examination by Deputy Attorney General Brecker.

A widely known newspaper man in Washington was to furnish the chain of papers with news, Viereck testified.

"My plan," testified Viereck, "was to buy an important morning newspaper in about thirty cities."

"And conduct them along legitimate lines?" asked Mr. Brecker.

"Yes."

"But to introduce German propaganda in a subtle manner?"

"No, but to tell the real story—the story we thought was being suppressed."

"How much did you think it would cost to control thirty papers in as many cities?" asked the deputy attorney general.

"Why, from $30,000,000 to $50,000,000," replied Viereck. "But it would have saved us from war. We could have arranged it so that American would not have entered the war."

The examination of Viereck, which has been in progress for ten days, is expected to end this week.

155 NAMES ON CASUALTY LISTS

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 30.—One hundred and forty-five casualties in the American Expeditionary Forces were announced today by the war department, divided as follows:

Seventeen killed in action, eleven died from wounds, fifteen from disease, three from accident and other causes, ninety-five wounded severely, one wounded slightly and three missing in action.

Ten casualties in the Marines attached to the American Expeditionary Forces were announced today at Marine Corps Headquarters, divided as follows:

Five killed in action, one died from wounds received in action, and four severely wounded in action.

The army casualty list contained the following officers:

Killed in action: Major James S. McCloud, London, Eng.; Lieuts. Geo. W. Berriman, Tampa, Fla.; Frank Booma, Portsmouth, N. H.; Norman D. DuBois, 14 Walden Place, Montclair, N. J.

Severely wounded: Majors Goodwin Compton, Memphis, Tenn.; Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., New York; Captains William J. Condon, New Brunswick, N. J.; Robert K. Whitson, Union City, Tenn.; Lieuts. Francis X. Calahan, Portland, Me.; John S. Cromelin, Hackensack, N. J.

The army casualties were:

Killed in Action.

Sergeants:
Grant Merritt Barber, Greybull, Wyo.
George W. Ross, Oakland, Calif.
Corporal Clyde W. Needham, Lodi, Calif.
Privates:
Carl D. Johnson, Newton, Kans.
Elso H. Johnson, Freeport, Ill.
Richard P. Ludtke, Chatham, Ill.
Clyde A. McKee, Westwood, Calif.
Arthur Marquand, Hamilton, Md.
Jacob B. Miller, Lacey, Washington.
Clement M. Summers, Ashland, Ore.
Kenneth L. Sutherland, Topeka, Kas.
Charles Wilson, Marion, Ind.
Stephen Wos, Buffalo, N. Y.

Died From Wounds.

Sergeant:
Harry Clubb, San Antonio, Tex.
Corporal:
Bertram Aaron, Paducah, Ky.
Privates.
Wilfred Albert, Augusta, Me.
Clarence D. Crabtree, Marengo, Ind.
Frank Deaton, Clarendon, Ark.
Monte H. Fuller, Wheelock, Vt.
Wallace Wm. Keller, North Wales, Pa.
Edward W. Larkosh, Providence, R. I.
Donald C. Mackinnon, Gloucester, Mass.
John A. W. Marble, Mobley's Junction, Va.
Fred Watson, Roxbury, Mass.

Died of Disease.

Sergeant:
Carl John Lautz, Buffalo, N. Y.
Cooks:
John H. Arnold, Doniphan, Mo.
Merritt Winzel, Deaxter, Ia.
Privates:
Wilbur J. Blakemore, Barnesville, O.
Clarence A. Clark, Eufala, Okla.
Armstead L. Davis, Bowling Green, Va.
James Epps, Eustis, Fla.
Rogers Franklin, Cameron, Tex.
Samuel Jaffy, Waynesboro, Pa.
Crosston Pierson, Millhaven, Ga.
Emmett L. Simmons, Tampa, Fla.
Joseph M. Sweetzer, Haverhill, Mass.
Theodore L. Trouth, Dixon, Ill.
Owen F. Tuchy, Pittsburgh, Pa.
John Wilson, Hannibal, Mo.

Died From Accident And Other Causes.

Cook:
Arthur B. Olstrom, Chicago.
Privates:
Curney Page, Wilson, N. C.
Raymond A. Renkenberger, Berlin Center, O.

Severely Wounded.

Sergeants:
Clayton Barrows, Hartford, Conn.
John T. Griffin, South Boston, Mass.
George J. Mackenzie, Salem, Mass.
Howard Duryea Springsteen, Forest Hills, N. Y.
Walter B. Worlock, Utica, N. Y.
Corporals:
Ellsworth A. Burnham, Chelsea, Mass.
Ray Carroll, South Pittsburgh, Tenn.
Robert F. Costello, Hartford, Ct.
Raymond W. Cummins, Kearney, Mo.
John Deloche, McDonald, Pa.
Harry M. Dexter, Wolfeville, N. S.
George V. Ford, New Eagle, Pa.
Walter A. Guild, Mattapan, Mass.
Clifford L. Herring, Rockville, Conn.
Raymond B. Kincaid, Fairhaven, Vt.
Harry McKenzie, Hartford, Ct.
Edwin Martin, Chelsea, Mass.
Bernard D. Murphy, Hartford, Ct.
Victor Rasmussen, Hearsley, Denmark.
Harry L. Smith, Boston, Mass.
Winfred J. White, South Boston, Mass.
Machinist George F. Pattee, South Orange, Conn.
Privates:
Patrick Enright, Monongahela, Pa.

(Continued on Page 6.)

PRUSSIANS AND BAVARIANS MAKE DESPERATE EFFORTS

To Lighten Franco-American Pressure on New Line---Battle Sways Back and Forth as Germans Make Stand on Higher Ground.

Using their best Prussian and Bavarian armies, the Germans are making desperate efforts to stem the Franco-American advance on the new line to which the Teutons fell back on Saturday and Sunday. Vigorous fighting is raging over the 25 mile front from the sector of Buzancy, south of Soissons, to the sector of Ville En Tardennois, on the eastern wing of the salient, where the Germans have the advantage of high ground.

It is estimated that the Germans have 71 divisions, or 852,000 men, massed south of the Aisne river, for a defense of the Aisne-Vesle line.

While they have been compelled to give up the great forest area south of the Fere En Tardennois line, the Germans have the advantage of two stretches of high ground on which to rest the base of the salient. The German right wing now stands upon the plateau south of Soissons in the Crise river sector, from which the front curves southward to the hills north of the Ourcq. Thence it bends to the northeast to the hills flanking the Ardre.

Despite the natural advantages in favor of the Germans and the grim resistance of the German troops, the Allies continue to press forward at various points. The French have progressed towards Aubuielly which is scarcely a mile south of the Ardre river; and also on the center in the vicinity of Villers-Ageron, as well as near Grand Rozoy on the left wing. The progress is in the general direction of the plateau between the Ourcq and Vesle river—a piece of high ground of great strategic importance.

Northeast of Oulchy-Le-Chateau, and east of Fere En Tardennois, where the Germans hold strongly fortified positions their counter assaults won them temporary successes. In those zones villages changed hands repeatedly as the tide of battle swayed backward and forward.

The French war office reveals that the Scottish troops have been thrown into the struggle on the western flank of the salient.

These forces signalized their entrance into the mighty action by capturing the park and chateau of Buzancy, south of Soissons, where they held on in the face of hard counter blows. Hitherto British reserves on the Aisne-Marne front had been identified only in the fighting southwest of Rheims—on the eastern wing of the German wedge.

It was only natural that German resistance should stiffen as they withdraw to previously fortified positions which are more heavily held than the skirmish lines that opposed the Americans and French in the rear guard battle further south. But as Allied artillery is moved up these new German lines can be levelled just as were the German positions north of the Marne.

The French and Americans moved north so rapidly in the wake of the retreating Germans that they outdistanced their medium and heavy batteries, having only batteries of field guns to support them when they reached the maximum of their advance.

Bursts of sharp local fighting may now be looked for with the Allies straightening out their lines over the 25-mile front. At some points here are bulges which may prove costly obstacles unless eliminated.

KERENSKY SAID TO HAVE ARRIVED

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Chicago, Ills., July 30.—Alexander J. Kerensky, former premier of Russia, is in the United States, having arrived incognito on a recent steamer, according to telegraphic word received here from John Hagarty, a navigator, who says he was a fellow passenger of the Russian statesman.

The telegram, addressed to William H. Burquest, associate editor of "Domestic Engineering," and published in the Chicago Herald and Examiner, reads in part:

"Passenger with Kerensky on ..... attacked off Irish coast afternoon eighteenth. Great liner Justicia torpedoed. Attacked again at midnight same day. No casualties. Kerensky calm. Traveling incognito."

Airman Recovering.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

San Antonio, Tex., July 30.—Cadet George C. Henderson, Arlington, Mass., is recovering here today from injuries received when his plane collided yesterday with that of Cadet C. Koller, of Peoria, killing the latter. The accident occurred 1,000 feet in the air, both machines crashing to the ground. Koller's body was sent to Peoria for interment.

PARADE ORDERS FOR THURSDAY

Grand Marshal Issues Instructions For Organizations Who Will Accompany Draftees to Train.

Headquarters of Grand Marshal, Kingston, N. Y., July 30, 1918.

The following orders for the parade in honor of the conscripts who will entrain at the West Shore station at 9:05 o'clock Thursday morning, August 1, 1918, are published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

1. Each organization will be at the place designated for the formation at 8 o'clock a. m. August 1st, 1918. The headquarters of the grand marshal will be at the Burgevin building, corner Main and Fair streets.

2. The line of march will be from the Burgevin building on Main street, to Clinton avenue, to Albany avenue, to Broadway, to Railroad avenue, to West Shore depot, where the command will be dismissed.

Order of March.

Chief of Police and Staff
Grand Marshal D. G. Atkins and staff. Judge James Jenkins, W. M. Davis, E. T. Shultis, C. W. Winne, Sheriff W. J. Smith, Dr. W. J. O'Leary, Judge James A. Betts, D. N. Mathews, F. J. R. Clarke, Aaron Cohen, E. F. MacFadden and Marks Jacobs.

First Division.

Committee of Arrangements—Mayor Palmer Canfield, Jr., Judge James Jenkins, Charles R. Finch, W. G. Merritt, Samuel Watts, William Dugan and D. G. Atkins.
Bailey Fife & Drum Corps.
N. Y. State Guard, Company M, 10th Infantry.
Ambulance Corps of the Home Defense Reserves of the State of N. Y.
Pratt Post, No. 127, G. A. R.
Colonial Camp, Spanish War Veterans, No. 75.
Old Guard of Ulster County.
Tappen Camp, No. 57, Sons of Veterans.
Ladies' Auxiliary, Tappen Camp, No. 53, S. of V.
Boy Scouts of America.
Girl Scouts of America.

Second Division.

Barmann Fife & Drum Corps.
Aide: Tunis Haulenbeck.
Clergy, Lawyers, Doctors and Dentists of the City of Kingston.
City and County Officials.
Employes and Citizens, Business Men of the City of Kingston.
Colored Knights of Pythias.

Third Division.

Aide: Harry Walker.
Fathers and Mothers of Drafted Men and those whose sons are in service.
Rotary Club.
National Red Cross Society of Ulster County.

Fourth Division.

Aide: Robert R. Rodie.
Colonial City Band.
District Board Nos. 1 and 2.
Drafted Men of City of Kingston.
Drafted Men of Ulster County, Outside City of Kingston.

General Orders.

1. The police, grand marshal and staff will form on Main street, the right resting on Fair street, at 8 o'clock a. m.

2.—The First Division will form on Main street in the rear of the grand marshal and staff, at 8 a. m.

3. The Second Division will form on Main street, the right resting on Wall street, at 8 a. m.

4. The Third Divison will form on Wall street, right resting on Main street, at 8 a. m.

5. The Fourth Division will form on Fair stret, the right resting on Main street, at 8 a. m.

6. The business men and employes and citizens of Kingston will be in charge of Cornelius Hume, Esq.

7. Bailey Fife and Drum Corps will meet at the armory at 7:30 a. m., and escort the N. Y. State Guard, Company M, 10th Infantry, to their place in line on Main street.

8. All stores are requested to close until 9:00 a. m., and all persons along the line of march are requested to decorate and display the American flag.

9. At 8:15 a. m., the fire alarm system will strike five times, when each organization will be ready to march.

10. At 8:20 a. m., the firm alarm system will strike five times, when the parade will start.

D. G. ATKINS, Grand Marshal.

Draftees Examined.

An examination of 20 draft men for reclassification as recommended by the county legal advisory board, was held at the court house this afternoon, they being from Division No. 1.

BEFORE YOU BUY "IT"

VISIT THE

AUGUST

ECONOMISTS SALE

EVERY DEPARTMENT REPRESENTED

INCLUDING

FURNITURE

LUCKEY, PLATT & CO.

ANNUAL SALE

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.

Keep the Sickroom Sanitary

IN ILLNESS *vitality is low*

The system can't put up a good fight against disease-bearing microbes. A patient suffering from one ailment often contracts others. That is why it is so important to keep the sickroom sanitary; to see that no dangerous germs reach the patient while in a weakened condition.

Acme Chlorinated Lime

will make the sickroom *safe;* no germ can live where it is used. Physicians and nurses all agree that chlorinated lime gives effective protection both to the patient and other members of the family. ACME Chlorinated Lime kills odors as well as germs; keeps the sickroom and home fresh and clean.

A wonderful sterilizer and bleacher of white goods. Simple, safe, sure.

15 cents a can at good druggists and grocers

Be sure it's ACME. Substitutes may be stale and worthless

The Mendleson Corporation

11 Broadway New York

Factories Albany, N. Y.

ST. REMY.

St. Remy, July 29.—The Ladies' Aid Society will meet in the Sunday School room on Thursday afternoon, August 1, at 2:30 o'clock.

The ice cream social on Thursday evening was a success both socially and financially. There was singing by Miss Martha Engels and Miss Frances Ackerman. Miss Mildred Paige was present and gave some fine samples of her work. Little Edith Rothenberg recited and the Girl Scouts were present, through the kindness of C. Schultz and Lewis Van Vliet, who brought them from Rifton with their cars. The girls gave some fine recitations. Miss Susie Van Wagenen recited and altogether the occasion will long be remembered. Miss Paige is planning for an entertainment in the near future. Look out for the date.

Miss Harriett Carman has gone to Mt. Meenahga for the summer.

Miss Katherine Post of Jersey City is the guest of Mrs. D. Carney.

We are having some extremely warm weather. The gardens are suffering for want of rain and some cisterns are dry.

Ben Dudenhausen is home for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hamberger and daughter, Mary, of Utica, attended the funeral of George Cole.

Frank Cole of Johnsonville, N. Y., visited his parents here on Friday.

The Rev. and Mrs. G. B. Scholten and mother and sister of New Hurley were guests of S. G. Haines and family last Friday.

Mrs. Charles York and children spent Friday with Mrs. Harry Ellsworth.

M. F. Deyo and family called on Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Schultz at Esopus on Sunday night and also attended the services at Ulster Park Church.

Mrs. Gillot is entertaining people from the city.

William Welner and family have returned to their summer home in this place.

In the death of George Cole, Sr., this community loses one of its most respected citizens. For some time he has been a most patient sufferer and passed away on Friday. He was a member of the St. Remy Church a number of years. The funeral was held at his late residence on Monday at 2 p. m. The Rev. J. Millett had charge of the services. Funeral Director A. Carr of Kingston. Interment in the St. Remy rural cemetery. S.

Interest in Sheep Increases.

There is an increased interest in growing sheep both for mutton and wool, according to a report just received by the United States Department of Agriculture from the sheep-extension husbandman in Indiana. This feeling, according to specialists of the Department of Agriculture, prevails in many other states. The increase in production is being obtained from the saving of ewe lambs and the introduction of good stock from the western range.

THANKS CITIZENS FOR SEND-OFF

July 27, 1918.
Company 30,
8th B., 153 D. B.,
Camp Dix, N. J.

Editor of Kingston Freeman:
Dear Sir:

Please, through your columns, express to the citizens of Kingston, our sincere appreciation of the wonderful send-off which was accorded us on Thursday last. To know that we are representing such people is something which makes us feel proud and makes our task easy.

Very truly yours,
JOHN M. CASHIN,
For the Drafted Boys.

OUR DAILY PATTERN.

2331—A Popular Model

Good for gingham, chambray, seersucker, linen, linene, khaki, percale and lawn. The fronts are reversible, a practical feature. The dress may have the sleeve in wrist or elbow length.

The pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. Size 38 requires 7 yards of 36-inch material. The dress measures about 2½ yards at the foot.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps by the Pattern Department, The Freeman, Rondout, N. Y. Be sure to state size wanted.

Catalogue Notice.

Send 10c in silver or stamps for our Up-to-Date Spring and Summer, 1918, Catalogue, containing 550 designs of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Patterns, a concise and comprehensive article on dressmaking; also some points for the needle (illustrating 30 of the various, simple stitches) all valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

Agrigraphs.

Swat the weeds and kill the seeds.

A rainy day job: Whitewash the poultry house.

When the sun shines hot in the harvest field, remember that it is also hot on the battlefield.

Did you give your harvesting machinery an oil bath at the beginning of the season and expect it to last until the end?

William G. McAdoo says: "The failure of a single issue of government bonds would be worse for America than a disaster on the field of battle."

There is one kind of aristocrat which no one need fear—the cattle aristocrat. Carnation King Sylvia, a six-months-old member of the Holstein family, sold the other day for $106,000, a record price.

A device for candling eggs is so easy to make that every farmer should have one. A small box with a hole about an inch in diameter in the side is all that's needed. Place a lighted lamp inside the box and your candler is ready for use.

The man who speaks slightingly of the hog is likely to have his patriotism questioned. More porkers, more patriotism. "Pork Production in New York" is a bulletin the state college of agriculture at Ithaca would like to send you. Ask for R. C. P. 126.

SEAGER.

Seager, July 29.—Mrs. George J. Gould is spending several days at Furlough Lodge.

O. E. Todd, Orson Avery and Scott Smith attended the Republican convention at Kingston on Thursday.

Miss Wreatha Dougherty is spending a month's vacation at her home here.

Quite a number attended the farewell party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Haynes on Monday evening in honor of Orson and Claude Haynes who left Tuesday morning for Napanoch.

Miss Agnes Smith entertained a number of young ladies on Thursday afternoon in honor of her friend, Louise Van Hoevenberg of Kingston.

Mrs. O. A. Todd, Mrs. Walter Kittle, Mrs. George Stewart, Mrs. Niles Fairbrairm, Mrs. George Armstrong and Mrs. Elizabeth Fairbairn attended the Prohibition convention at Kingston on Saturday.

A meeting of the L. T. L. was held in the school house Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Orson Avery and children and Mr. and Mrs. Richard Avery attended the movies at Margaretville Saturday evening.

WALTER OSTRANDER—Who is He? The short, stout fellow, was for years with Sam Bernstein & Co.

IRA WOOLSEY—Who is He? The tall smooth face fellow, was for years with Sam Bernstein & Co.

OSTRANDER & WOOLSEY

Head of Wall St. Next to Rose-Gorman-Rose Dept. Store. Kingston, N. Y.

Sale of All Men's and Young Men's Suits

Copyright 1918, Roberts-Wicks Company

Right now this sale is on. Yes we know suits will be at least $7.00 higher this Fall, but we must keep doing business during the dull season, and we want to give men an extra inducement to buy and save.

Blue Serge Suits, Black Suits, Fancy Worsted Suits, Young Men's Fancy Suits, Brown Suits and a bunch of others.

The makes are Michaels Stern Co., Roberts Wicks Co., Stein Bloch Co., Rochester Quality Make and M. S. of New York.

$15.00	MEN'S SUITS	- $12.90
18.00	MEN'S SUITS	- 15.85
19.75	MEN'S SUITS	- 17.75
22.50	MEN'S SUITS	- 19.90
25.00	MEN'S SUITS	- 22.85
28.00	MEN'S SUITS	- 25.75
29.50	MEN'S SUITS	- 27.50
32.50	MEN'S SUITS	- 29.95
35.00	MEN'S SUITS	- 31.90
38.00	MEN'S SUITS	- 34.85
39.50	MEN'S SUITS	- 35.85

$5 Deposit Will Hold a Suit for 2 Months

Men's $3.50, $3.00, $2.50 and $2.00 Straw Hats
$1.75
We will clean out our straw hats at $1.75; all shapes; no sale on Panamas.

Men's Blue Work Shirts at - - 75c
Still have some blue work shirts at 75c; others at 98c and $1.25.

Men's Gray Stripe Overalls - $1.25
Gray stripe overalls with or without a bib at $1.15; have others at $1.45, $1.75, $1.98, $2.25; will soon be higher.

Men's Balbriggan Underwear - - - 50c
Still have all sizes in this 50c balbriggan; other grades at 75c and 98c.

Men's Extra Strong Work Pants - - $1.98
Strong work pants in many different colors. The Elk brand; no ripping.

Men's Balbriggan Union Suits - - $1.00
Short sleeve union suits at $1.00; others at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.98.

Men's Dress Pants
$2.98, $3.98, $4.98, $5.98, $6.98
All kinds of patterns and colors at these prices.

STORE NOTES

During July and August we close at 5 o'clock, except Saturdays.
We give premiums—big line.
This is the small clothing store with a big stock.
Both trolley lines come to our door.
We sell the War Savings Stamps.
'Phone number is 104-W.
Two floors stocked with clothing.

Men's Overcoats of Last Winter Marked Down
All overcoats will be at least $7 higher this winter than now; take our advice and buy one of these, and they are good ones.
$18.00 Overcoats - - $15.85
$22.50 Overcoats - - $19.90
$25.00 Overcoats - - $22.85
$28.00 Overcoats - - $25.75
$32.50 Overcoats - - $29.95

Men's Wool Underwear at Last Winter's Prices
We have nearly all sizes in wool underwear now. Later it will be hard to get, and much higher.
$1.98, $2.45, $2.98, $3.45

Our Next Lot of Boys' Suits Will Be $2 Higher
Buy a boy's suit now. Will be $2 higher when we get the next lot, in 8 to 18 years.
$4.98, $5.98, $6.98, $7.98, $9.85

Sweaters at Last Season's Prices Will Be $2 Higher This Fall
$2.98, $3.98, $4.98, $6.98, $7.98, $8.85
Get a real wool sweater now, at last winter's prices. The next shipment will be $2 a garment higher.

We Make Suits to Order
$25.00, $28.00, $32.50, $35.00

TONIC - UPBUILDER
Stubborn Coughs, Weak Lungs and Colds
Try
Eckman's Alterative
For many years this Calcium preparation has maintained an ever-increasing reputation for accomplishing good, and often remarkable results.
$2 Size now $1.50 — $1 Size now 80c
Price Includes War Tax. *All Druggists.*
Eckman Laboratory Philadelphia

SUPREME COURT, ULSTER COUNTY.—William O. Jones and Lucy A. Jones, against Alexander Roberts & Ors.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above entitled action bearing date the 22nd day of June, 1918, and on that day entered in Ulster county clerk's office, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the court house in the city of Kingston, New York, on the 7th day of August, 1918, at twelve o'clock noon of that day, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

ALL THAT TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND, situate in the town of Marbletown, county of Ulster and state of New York, with the buildings thereon and being part of the same premises of which William M. DePuy, died seized, intestate, and which passed to his heirs at law, and all of whom, except Sarah Hornbeck, the wife of DuBois Hornbeck, conveyed their title, right and interest to DuBois L. Hornbeck, by deed dated February 28th, 1883, and recorded in book of deeds No. 243 at page 485 April 30, 1883, and which said premises are bounded and described as follows: On the east by the line of the aqueduct as acquired by New York city, for the conducting of water from the Ashokan Reservoir to New York city and as acquired by New York city under chapter 724 of the laws of 1905 and the acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto and which is known and described on a map thereof filed in Ulster county clerk's office as parcel No. 172 in section 4, on the north by lands of Cornelia Clarke, formerly Charles Brodhead, on the west by line of lands of Maria Brodhead and on the south by line of lands formerly James Burke now George Van Wagenen and said aqueduct line. Containing thirteen acres, be the same more or less.

Excepting the highways running through said premises one known as the road to Mohonk and the other as the road to Mountain Rest. Being the same premises conveyed by Gustave F. Kick and wife to William O. Jones and wife by deed dated September 3, 1914, and recorded in Ulster county clerk's office in book of deeds 448 page 510 September 3, 1914.

Dated June 22nd, 1918.

JAMES JENKINS,
Referee.

V. B. VAN WAGONEN,
Attorney for plaintiffs,
32 Main St., Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Mary M. Schreiber, late of the city of Kingston, county of Ulster, deceased, testate to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Elementina Kegler and Oscar Schreiber, the executors of the estate of said deceased, at No. 75 Pine Grove avenue, in the said city of Kingston, N. Y., on or before the 19th day of October, 1918.

Dated April 15th, 1918.

ELEMENTINA KEGLER,
OSCAR SCHREIBER,
Executrix and Executor.

Frederick Stephan, Jr., Attorney for Executors, 21 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Vernon D. Lake, late of the city of Kingston, county of Ulster, deceased, testate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Virgil B. Van Wagonen, the executor of the estate of said deceased, at his office, 32 Main street, in the said city of Kingston, New York, on or before the 5th day of October, 1918.

Dated April 1, 1918.

VIRGIL B. VAN WAGONEN,
As Executor of the Will of Vernon D. Lake, Deceased.

ADVERTISERS ESTIMATE THE VALUE BY THE CIRCULATION.

And The Freeman has a circulation double that of all other Kingston dailies combined.

CAME BACK HOME IN CAMP COLORS

Judges Hasbrouck And Van Etten Give An Interesting Description of Their Fishing Experiences in New Brunswick Salmon Waters.

The friends of Kingston's two well known jurists are congratulating them on the color scheme they've brought home with them from the wilds of the Restigouche river. Except the deep red zone across the lower part of the face below the hatband, gradually fading to a butternut brown with a few high spots where the river winds frolicked with their complexion and left wind burned trails, Judges G. D. B. Hasbrouck and J. G. Van Etten came out from their salmon fishing just as good looking as ever.

What two weeks in camp in the wilds of Northern New Brunswick have given them is unpurchasable in Kingston. Not to count sixty tender, fat salmon, broiled, boiled, baked and fried, drawn from the plunging, [illegible] waters and put on the fire [illegible] drops of liquid crystal [illegible] fun of it all, the stirring adventures in landing their game, the fresh, cool winds from the mountains, the long days with late darkness and early suns, the fires of the camp at night and the good fellowship they breed.

Each in his canoe was paddled into the pools of the river at the foot of the swift waters where the guide anchored the canoe. Sometimes the canoe is anchored at the head of the pool, more frequently at the foot or middle. The angler seated in the bow turned down stream casts his fly over the pool gradually lengthening with each cast to the limit of the line. The guide then drops the canoe to the length of the cast and the successive castings are repeated. In this way the pool is cast over to its limits, some pools requiring eight or ten drops of the line. When the salmon strikes the fly something is doing immediately. Frantic plunges that tests the line to its full strength are followed by the ruddy flash of the fish with a leap or two out of the water. Then it sinks to the bottom and the tug of war is just begun. One never knows until the salmon is landed whether or not he has had a successful encounter with the gamiest of fish known in inland waters.

The steaks cut from the game, when prepared for eating, especially when fried with bacon, are delicious. If the line breaks or the fish in any way gets away, it is all in a day's events, for there are plenty more. They are alert and aggressive and rarely does a cast drop the fly where any of these fish are lurking that they fail to make a grab at the intruder.

The salmon bagged in these two weeks, more than three score, by a party of three, Messrs. Hasbrouck and Van Etten, being accompanied by Robert E. Whalen, of Albany, ran in weight from eight to twenty-seven pounds each. There were a number of the grilse, the baby salmon, that weighed up to eight pounds. In the same waters they hooked sea trout weighing five pounds. And their camp fare varied to include the native brook trout, weighing from one to four pound[illegible]

[illegible]country through which they travelled they saw many kinds game, deer, moose and foxes, and occasionally a black bear. There are wild ducks in plenty, partridge and many other birds. But the American fishermen that go into the Canadian country after fish never hunt. Tre concession allowed by that country to Americans is never jeopardized by violation of any of the game laws.

This is the third season these three gentlemen have gone into camp on the Pestigouche. The location of their camp is in the vast lumbering regions party enclosed with mountains. It is primitive woods partly lumbered in places. Looking on a map of New Brunswick one sees a big track void of anything to indicate civilization. It lies between the northern border of the province in the west and the upper St. Johns river. There is a travel of about 1,600 miles between Kingston and the camp they occupied which one may locate on the map by finding St. Leonards on the south, on the St. Johns, and Campbeltown on the north. They were midway between those two points with not a dozen houses within sixty miles of them.

At Montreal they changed to the Inter-Colonial Railroad. After a ride along the St. Lawrence of about 700 miles they changed at Campbeltown to a one-track government railroad which is principally maintained for shipping lumber. A passenger car is attached to the train alternate days. The supplies taken into their camps are boated on the river, flatboats towed by horses. At Kedgwick they took a buckboard over a tote road built to tote out lumber to the nearest railroad station. They travelled nine miles over corduroy and all other kinds of a track, accompanied by three guides and a cook. They have gone in the other way. From St. Lawrence on the C. P. R., via Perth.

Or they could reach their camp in a longer and more roundabout way by the way of Boston and St. John, or Fredericton, then up the St. John river.

Speaking of conditions as they found them on their road going and coming through Canada they describe the remarkable scenic beauties of the St. Lawrence, the environs of Quebec, which they could see across the river where their train stopped, the great bridge that was lifted by a storm from its abutments and set up almost in an uninjured position on shore some distance away. Also the falls of Monterency was a magnificent sight. They tell of the warlike conditions they encountered. Cars half filled with trained nurses on their way to Halifax and across the sea, which greatly impressed these gentlemen with their serious expressions. Car after car loaded with cots set in position in the cars and made up ready for occupancy were seen along the road. Cars fitted up to receive the convalescent, the wounded and injured, when they arrive at Canadian ports that were being taken to the seaboard. This may be seen sooner or later in this country if the war continues much longer. At stations our fisher party saw men with crutches still wearing their uniform. At Montreal they saw companies of troops, the parks filled with them. They also witnessed at many stations recruits in civilian attire ready to be entrained, a scene common with Kingston. They were drafted contingents.

In leaving camp they took to the water route, canoeing sixty miles which they made in one day to Metapedia where they took train home on the Canadian government railroad. This canoe journey was one of the delights of the trip. Wilderness, wilderness, wilderness; the mountains descending in many places direct into the river. The waters running calm and clear in the sunshine shadowed the summits, as clearly seen as the mountains themselves, so at times in calm stretches of the water the canoes seemed to be riding between haven and earth. On their way out they were entertained at luncheon by Dudley Olcutt and H. Paige Smith of Albany whose camp lay along the stream. The country is largely wooded with spruce and fir with many large cedars. Stretches of flat lands often seen were assumed to be exceedingly fertile from the luxuriance of the grasses and small growths of foliage.

They speak in eulogistic terms of their reception by the Canadians in Montreal and the war spirit they observed throughout Canada, even as shown by the few natives they encountered in the woods and at the small stations where they left the trains. Canadians are feeling very proud of the fact that they are fighting side by side with Uncle Sam, who they regard in the light of a big brother.

SAVE COAL OR GO WITHOUT IT
1917
FULL
1918
2/3
SUPPLY
YOUR COAL BIN WAS FULL AT THE START OF LAST WINTER
YOUR COAL BIN WILL BE ONLY 2/3 FULL AT THE START OF NEXT

WILL YOU HAVE—

—A THIRD LESS HEAT,
—A COLD HOUSE DURING A THIRD OF THE WINTER,

OR WILL YOU HAVE—

—YOUR HEATING PLANT MODERNIZED TO HEAT YOUR HOME PROPERLY WITH A THIRD LESS COAL?

HEAT CONSERVATION IS THE BUSINESS OF THE MODERN STEAM-FITTER. WE WILL TELL YOU HOW TO GET COMFORT AT THE MINIMUM COST FOR FUEL. INQUIRE NOW—IT IS NOT TOO EARLY.

CANFIELD STOVE CO., Strand and Ferry St., Rondout, N. Y.

JOHN J. LARKIN'S

Big Summer Shoe Sale To Be Continued

DON'T NEGLECT this last opportunity to Shoe up the entire family with the very best of good Shoes and at practically your own prices, so buy up all you can afford as you will never again in these days of high prices have a chance to purchase Shoes of high character at prices such as we are offering them.

A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT

DON'T NEGLECT this last chance as there is still enough to go round and first come first served, so don't be a slacker, get here early.

SHOP NOW WHILE WE HAVE THEM

JOHN J. LARKIN

The Big Shoe Sale **Downtown**

PERRY ARRESTED UNDER LOAFER LAW

He is 35 Years Old and According to Chief Wood Has Not Worked Since May—Given 36 Hours to Get a —Job—Spider Is in Again.

Thomas Perry, 35 years old, is the first man to be arrested and convicted in Kingston under the provisions of the loafer law, and this morning Judge Schirick gave him 36 hours in which to secure a job or enlist in the army.

Perry was arrested by Chief Wood Monday afternoon on Abeel street, near Wurts street. According to Chief Wood he has not worked since May. The charge lodged against Perry was that he is not regularly employed or engaged in a useful occupation.

It developed that two weeks ago Sergeant Phinney met Perry and notified him he had better seek a job. At that time Perry assured the sergeant he was expecting to leave town as he had a job. He neglected to do so and according to the police has managed to keep out of sight of an officer until he was taken by surprise Monday afternoon when the police car drew up to the curb and Chief Wood, jumping out, placed him under arrest.

Perry was held at police headquarters this morning until the health officer could make a physical examination which is required under a new ruling of the federal department.

Spider in Again.

Monday morning John McMahon, better known as Spider, was released from the county jail after serving a sixty days' term for public intoxication. About 5 o'clock that afternoon he was found helplessly drunk at the Strand and Broadway, and was taken in tow by Officer Dempsey. This morning Spider was sent back to the county hotel for 90 days.

VICTORY MENUS.

These menus, planned to conserve time, labor and money, to save the foods that are scare and use those of which there is an abundance, are Victory Menus in more senses than one. They are prepared by the Department of Home Economics of the State College of Agriculture and endorsed by the New York State Food Commission.

Wednesday.

Breakfast — Sliced watermelon (left over); corn flakes with top milk; *fish and potato cakes; coffee.

Lunch or Supper—Potato salad; creamed corn; cocoa; * cookies.

Dinner—Braised liver with vegetables; mashed potatoes; *catsup; *Indian pudding with cream.

*May be omitted and still leave a balanced meal.

Milk for the children to drink at each meal.

During the hot days of August try serving your cocoa iced. Cocoa is a good food because of the milk in contains and its value is just as great when served iced as when hot.

Rolled Oats and Cornmeal Cookies.

One cup cornmeal, 1 cup rolled oats, 1 cup molasses, 1 teaspoon salt, 1 cup sour milk, ½ cup fat, 1 teaspoon soda, 1 cup buckwheat flour, ½ teaspoon nutmeg; ¼ teaspoon ginger.

Heat the cornmeal, the rolled oats, the molasses, the salt and the milk together, stirring the mixture constantly until it becomes a thick paste. Remove it from the fire, and add the fat and the sifted soda, flour, and spices. Allow the mixture to stand until it is cold. Roll it thin, cut it with a small cutter, and bake the cookies in a moderately hot oven.

Braised Liver.

Skewer, it in a shape and lard the upper side of calf's liver. Place in a deep pan, with trimming from larding fat; surround with one-fourth cup each carrot, onion and celery, cut in dice; one-fourth teaspoon peppercorns, two cloves, bit bay leaf, and two cups brown stock or water Cover closely and bake slowly two hours, uncovering the last 20 minutes. Remove from pan, strain liquor, and use liquor for the making of a brown sauce with one and one-half tablespoons butter and two spoons flour. Pour the sauce around the liver for serving.

Recipes for any of the dishes in these menus which cannot be found in cook books, may be had by writing to the Department of Home Economics, State College of Agriculture, Ithaca, N. Y.

Increase in Cottage-Cheese Sales.

Reports from four western cities where cottage-cheese campaigns have recently been completed show largely increased sales of this wholesome meat substitute. The following increased daily sales are recorded: Sale Lake City, Utah, from 375 to 850 pounds; Spokane, Wash., from 100 to 1,800 pounds; Seattle, Wash., from 1,115 to 1,675 pounds; San Francisco, Cal., from 393.5 to 1,624 pounds; or a total increase of 3,969 pounds of cottage cheese sold daily in the four cities. This is the result of 10-day campaigns in each city in which the food value of cottage cheese and its use in new dishes was demonstrated by a woman agent in dairying and in which the creameries and milk plants were assisted in making cheese by two representatives from the United States Department of Agriculture and the State Agricultural College.

Mailing Yourself Money.

Every time you stick a Thrift or War Saving Stamp on your card you are mailing money to yourself to be received later with interest. Cashing in these stamps is going to be better than "getting money from home," for with the money comes the reminder that you contributed to the great victory which then will have been completely won.

Safety Matches Cause of Disease.

"Four writers in turn," says the Ugeskrift for Laeger, Copenhagen, "describe cases of eczema which they were unable to explain in the otherwise healthy patients until they learned of Rasch's experience with local poisoning of the skin from the use of a certain brand of safety matches. In most of the patients the burn was on the thighs corresponding to the trousers pockets in which they carried the match boxes."

The Quality-First Store

ROSE-GORMAN-ROSE INC.

Formerly HERBERT CARL DRY GOODS CO.

A Popular Summer Time Novelty "SPIDERWEB HATS"

You Make Them Yourself

(AT THE ART GOODS SECTION)

To have just the right hat for every sport and dress occasion is now an easy problem.

We have "Spiderweb Hats" in a most tempting variety of fashionable shapes in every becoming style. Even a child can make one of these creations in a few hours—the strand of material is simply wound around the radiating wires of the specially constructed "Spiderwek" frames. They may be made of CHENILLE YARN or ribbon in any desired color combination.

In this way we have made it possible for you to have three or four very chic hats to exactly match your sport sweaters for the price of one hat of the same style ond charm.

We now have a complete assortment of yarns and chenille in all of the popular shades to complete these hats.

Hat Frames - - - - - - 75c

Book of Instructions - 10c

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

Show Your Service Flag Now

Let the World Know "Your Boy's in Line"

FELT SERVICE PENNANTS make a very neat display. 24 inches long 25c; 27 inches long.....29c

SATIN SERVICE HANGERS. A very pretty hanger, with a red, white and blue cord hanger; 8½x13½.....59c

HABUTAI SILK HANGER. Size 12x18, complete with cord; one, two or three stars.....$1.25

BUNTING SERVICE FLAGS, made of an extra heavy cotton bunting, colors guaranteed; canvas heading, brass grommets, size 1½x2, 98c 2½x4, $1.50; 3x5.....$2.50

To Organizations---Special Low Prices on Guaranteed Fast Color Service Flags. Extra Stars Free.

Buy Your Bathing Togs at R-G-R's

Bathing Hats, Bathing Suits, Bathing Shoes

Kapok Water Wings, Floating Pillows

The Largest Assortments---Lowest Prices

SEED CORN.

Hints to Aid in Selection From Stalks.

Seed corn should be selected from stalks standing where they grew because only then, with certainty, can seed be obtained from—

Stalks that have a tendency to yield well as shown by their superiority over surrounding stalks that grew under the same conditions. (Such seed inherits high producing power.)

Stalks without suckers. (Such seed produces fewer suckers than seeds from suckerbearing stalks.)

Storm-proof stalks with ears at a desirable height.

Seed corn should be selected as soon as it matures because—

Desirable stalks, especially early maturing stalks with hanging ears are then most easily found.

Freezing weather injures the seed before it becomes dry.

Warm, wet weather may cause kernels to sprout before drying.

If the selection is delayed in the south the ears may become infested with weevils, grain, moths, and their eggs.

It is as easy, more satisfactory and much more profitable than selecting from cribs in the spring.

FARBER'S FEET CRUSHED.

Sitting in Back of Auto As It Backed Into Building.

Isaac Farber, the kosher butcher residing at the corner of East Union and Chambers street, had both feet crushed quite badly Monday evening. He was sitting in the back of an auto and it backed into a building catching his feet between the auto and the building. It is thought that a small bone in one of his feet was broken. He was confined to his bed today under a physician's care.

UNION CENTER.

Union Center, July 29.—The Hudson Camp Fire Girls will hold a grand council fire on the Union Center school grounds. A program is being provided and after a social ice cream, penuts, soft drinks, watermelon and candy will be on sale, Friday evening, August 2, 1918. Program commencing at 8:30. Everybody welcome. If stormy next fair evening.

Webster Proper of Yonkers, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Proper.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Soper spent Sunday at Poughkeepsie visiting Mrs. Soper's sister.

Mrs. Joseph T. Wells and daughter, Mildred, are visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. E. Hendrickson, at Oyster Bay, L. I.

Using Plaster of Paris.

If you wish to use plaster of paris for filling cracks in walls, mix with vinegar instead of water, then it can be handled like putty.

GEO. W. PARISH

Metal Ceilings and Side Walls. Steam and Vacuum Carpet Cleaning. 870 Hasbrouck Avenue N. T. 'Phone, 691.

SPORTING GOODS

For Summer Vacations

TENNIS RACQUETS, TENNIS BALLS, TENNIS COURT MARKING TAPE FOR DOUBLE COURT

Kodaks---Films and Supplies

Developing and Printing----Twenty-Four Hour Service

OFFICIAL AUTOMOBILE BLUE BOOK AND ROAD MAPS

FORSYTH & DAVIS, Inc.

307 Wall St. Phone 708

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Lorenzo D. Relyea, late of the town of Esopus, county of Ulster, deceased, intestate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, the administratrix of the estate of said deceased, at the office of Henry E. McKenzie in Port Ewen, in the said town of Esopus, on or before the 12th day of August, 1918.

Dated, February 4, 1918.

ESTHER RELYEA, Administratrix

Henry E. McKenzie, Attorney, Port Ewen, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against William V. Gillespie, late of the town of Shandaken, county of Ulster, deceased, testate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Celia Gillespie, the executrix of the estate of said deceased, at her residence at Phoenicia, in the said town of Shandaken, on or before the first day of November, 1918.

Dated April 15, 1918.

CELIA GILLESPIE, Executrix of the last Will and Testament of William V. Gillespie, Deceased.

Philip Elting, Attorney, 280 Wall St., Kingston, N. Y.

BEFORE YOU BUY "IT"

—VISIT THE—

AUGUST ECONOMISTS SALE

EVERY DEPARTMENT REPRESENTED

INCLUDING

FURNITURE

LUCKEY, PLATT & CO.

ANNUAL SALE

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.

Keep the Sickroom Sanitary

IN ILLNESS

vitality is low

The system can't put up a good fight against disease-bearing microbes. A patient suffering from one ailment often contracts others. That is why it is so important to keep the sickroom sanitary; to see that no dangerous germs reach the patient while in a weakened condition.

Acme Chlorinated Lime

will make the sickroom *safe;* no germ can live where it is used. Physicians and nurses all agree that chlorinated lime gives effective protection both to the patient and other members of the family. ACME Chlorinated Lime kills odors as well as germs; keeps the sickroom and home fresh and clean.

A wonderful sterilizer and bleacher of white goods. Simple, safe, sure.

15 cents a can at good druggists and grocers

Be sure it's ACME. Substitutes may be stale and worthless

The Mendleson Corporation

11 Broadway, New York — Factories, Albany, N. Y.

ST. REMY.

St. Remy, July 29.—The Ladies Aid Society will meet in the Sunday School room on Thursday afternoon, August 1, at 2:30 o'clock.

The ice cream social on Thursday evening was a success both socially and financially. There was singing by Miss Martha Engels and Miss Frances Ackerman. Miss Mildred Paige was present and gave some fine samples of her work. Little Edith Rothenberg recited and the Girl Scouts were present, through the kindness of C. Schultz and Lewis Van Vliet, who brought them from Rifton with their cars. The girls gave some fine recitations. Miss Susie Van Wagenen recited and altogether the occasion will long be remembered. Miss Paige is planning for an entertainment in the near future. Look out for the date.

Miss Harriett Carman has gone to Mt. Meenahga for the summer.

Miss Katherine Post of Jersey City is the guest of Mrs. D. Carney.

We are having some extremely warm weather. The gardens are suffering for want of rain and some cisterns are dry.

Ben Dudenhausen is home for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hamberger and daughter, Mary, of Utica, attended the funeral of George Cole.

Frank Cole of Johnsonville N. Y., visited his parents here on Friday.

The Rev. and Mrs. G. B. Scholten and mother and sister of New Hurley were guests of S. G. Haines and family last Friday.

Mrs. Charles York and children spent Friday with Mrs Harry Ellsworth

M. F. Deyo and family called on Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Schultz at Esopus on Sunday night and also attended the services at Ulster Park Church.

Mrs. Gillot is entertaining people from the city.

William Welner and family have returned to their summer home in this place.

In the death of George Cole, Sr., this community loses one of its most respected citizens. For some time he has been a most patient sufferer and passed away on Friday. He was a member of the St. Remy Church a number of years. The funeral was held at his late residence on Monday at 2 p. m. The Rev. J. Millett had charge of the services. Funeral Director A. Carr of Kingston. Interment in the St. Remy rural cemetery.

S.

Interest in Sheep Increases.

There is an increased interest in growing sheep both for mutton and wool, according to a report just received by the United States Department of Agriculture from the sheep-extension husbandman in Indiana. This feeling, according to specialists of the Department of Agriculture, prevails in many other states. The increase in production is being obtained from the saving of ewe lambs and the introduction of good stock from the western range.

THANKS CITIZENS FOR SEND-OFF

July 27, 1918.
Company 20,
8th B., 153 D. B.,
Camp Dix, N. J.

Editor of Kingston Freeman:
Dear Sir:

Please, through your columns, express to the citizens of Kingston, our sincere appreciation of the wonderful send-off which was accorded us on Thursday last. To know that we are representing such people is something which makes us feel proud and makes our task easy.

Very truly yours,
JOHN M. CASHIN,
For the Drafted Boys.

OUR DAILY PATTERN.

2331—A Popular Model

Good for gingham, chambray, seersucker, linen, linene, khaki, percale and lawn. The fronts are reversible, a practical feature. The dress may have the sleeve in wrist or elbow length.

The pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. Size 38 requires 7 yards of 36-inch material. The dress measures about 2½ yards at the foot.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps by the Pattern Department, The Freeman, Rondout, N. Y. Be sure to state size wanted.

Catalogue Notice.

Send five in silver or stamps for our Up-to-Date Spring and Summer, 1918, Catalogue, containing 550 designs of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Patterns, a concise and comprehensive article on dressmaking; also some points for the needle (illustrating 30 of the various, simple stitches) all valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

Agrigraphs.

Swat the weeds and kill the seeds.

A rainy day job. Whitewash the poultry house.

When the sun shines hot in the harvest field, remember that it is also hot on the battlefield.

Did you give your harvesting machinery an oil bath at the beginning of the season and expect it to last until the end?

William G. McAdoo says: "The failure of a single issue of government bonds would be worse for America than a disaster on the field of battle."

There is one kind of aristocrat which no one need fear—the cattle aristocrat. Carnation King Sylvia, a six-months-old member of the Holstein family, sold the other day for $106,000, a record price.

A device for candling eggs is so easy to make that every farmer should have one. A small box with a hole about an inch in diameter in the side is all that's needed. Place a lighted lamp inside the box and your candler is ready for use.

The man who speaks slightingly of the hog is likely to have his patriotism questioned. More porkers, more patriotism. "Pork Production in New York" is a bulletin the state college of agriculture at Ithaca would like to send you. Ask for R. C. F. 125.

SEAGER.

Seager, July 29.—Mrs. George J. Gould is spending several days at Furlough Lodge.

O. E. Todd, Orson Avery and Scott Smith attended the Republican convention at Kingston on Thursday.

Miss Wreatha Dougherty is spending a month's vacation at her home here.

Quite a number attended the farewell party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Haynes on Monday evening in honor of Orson and Claude Haynes who left Tuesday morning for Napanoch.

Miss Agnes Smith entertained a number of young ladies on Thursday afternoon in honor of her friend, Louise Van Hoevenberg of Kingston.

Mrs. O. A. Todd, Mrs. Walter Kittle, Mrs. George Stewart, Mrs. Niles Fairbrairm, Mrs. George Armstrong and Mrs. Elizabeth Fairbairn attended the Prohibition convention at Kingston on Saturday.

A meeting of the L. T. L. was held in the school house Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Orson Avery and children and Mr. and Mrs. Richard Avery attended the movies at Margaretville Saturday evening.

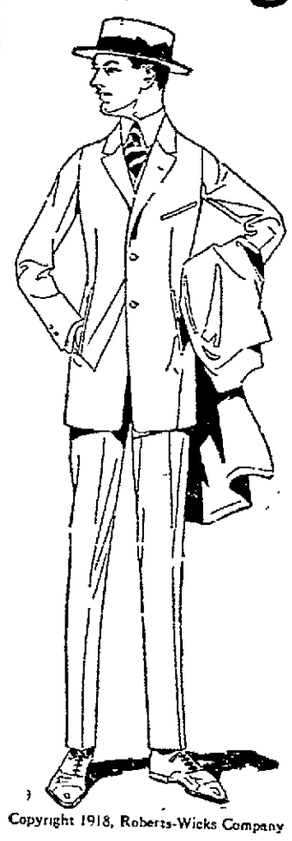
WALTER OSTRANDER—Who is He? The short, stout fellow, was for years with Sam Bernstein & Co.

IRA WOOLSEY—Who is He? The tall smooth face fellow, was for years with Sam Bernstein & Co.

OSTRANDER & WOOLSEY

Head of Wall St. Next to Rose-Gorman-Rose Dept. Store. Kingston, N. Y.

Sale of All Men's and Young Men's Suits



Copyright 1918, Roberts-Wicks Company

Right now this sale is on. Yes we know suits will be at least $7.00 higher this Fall, but we must keep doing business during the dull season, and we want to give men an extra inducement to buy and save.

Blue Serge Suits, Black Suits, Fancy Worsted Suits, Young Men's Fancy Suits, Brown Suits and a bunch of others.

The makes are Michaels Stern Co., Roberts Wicks Co., Stein Bloch Co., Rochester Quality Make and M. S. of New York.

$15.00	MEN'S SUITS	- $12.90
18.00	MEN'S SUITS	- 15.85
19.75	MEN'S SUITS	- 17.75
22.50	MEN'S SUITS	- 19.90
25.00	MEN'S SUITS	- 22.85
28.00	MEN'S SUITS	- 25.75
29.50	MEN'S SUITS	- 27.50
32.50	MEN'S SUITS	- 29.95
35.00	MEN'S SUITS	- 31.90
38.00	MEN'S SUITS	- 34.85
39.50	MEN'S SUITS	- 35.85

$5 Deposit Will Hold a Suit for 2 Months

Men's $3.50, $3.00, $2.50 and $2.00 Straw Hats $1.75

We will clean out our straw hats at $1.75; all shapes; no sale on Panamas.

Men's Blue Work Shirts at - - 75c

Still have some blue work shirts at 75c; others at 98c and $1.25.

Men's Gray Stripe Overalls - $1.25

Gray stripe overalls with or without a bib at $1.15; have others at $1.45, $1.75, $1.98, $2.25; will soon be higher.

Men's Balbriggan Underwear - - - 50c

Still have all sizes in this 50c balbriggan; other grades at 75c and 98c.

Men's Extra Strong Work Pants - - $1.98

Strong work pants in many different colors. The Elk brand; no ripping.

Men's Balbriggan Union Suits - - $1.00

Short sleeve union suits at $1.00; others at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.98.

Men's Dress Pants

$2.98, $3.98, $4.98, $5.98, $6.98

All kinds of patterns and colors at these prices.

STORE NOTES

During July and August we close at 5 o'clock, except Saturdays.

We give premiums—big line.

This is the small clothing store with a big stock.

Both trolley lines come to our door.

We sell the War Savings Stamps.

'Phone number is 104-W.

Two floors stocked with clothing.

Men's Overcoats of Last Winter Marked Down

All overcoats will be at least $7 higher this winter than now; take our advice and buy one of these, and they are good ones.

$18.00 Overcoats - - $15.85
$22.50 Overcoats - - $19.90
$25.00 Overcoats - - $22.85
$28.00 Overcoats - - $25.75
$32.50 Overcoats - - $29.95

Men's Wool Underwear at Last Winter's Prices

We have nearly all sizes in wool underwear now. Later it will be hard to get, and much higher.

$1.98, $2.45, $2.98, $3.45

Our Next Lot of Boys' Suits Will Be $2 Higher

Buy a boy's suit now. Will be $2 higher when we get the next lot, in 8 to 18 years.

$4.98, $5.98, $6.98, $7.98, $9.85

Sweaters at Last Season's Prices Will Be $2 Higher This Fall

$2.98, $3.98, $4.98, $6.98, $7.98, $8.85

Get a real wool sweater now, at last winter's prices. The next shipment will be $2 a garment higher.

We Make Suits to Order

$25.00, $28.00, $32.50, $35.00

TONIC - UPBUILDER

Stubborn Coughs, Weak Lungs and Colds

Try

Eckman's Alterative

For many years this calcium preparation has maintained an ever-increasing reputation for accomplishing good, and often remarkable results.

$2 Size now $1.50 — $1 Size now 80c

Price Includes War Tax. *All Druggists.*

Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia

SUPREME COURT, ULSTER COUNTY.—William O. Jones and Lucy A. Jones, against Alexander Roberts & Ors.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above entitled action bearing date the 22nd day of June, 1918, and on that day entered in Ulster county clerk's office, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the court house in the city of Kingston, New York, on the 7th day of August, 1918, at twelve o'clock noon of that day, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

ALL THAT TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND, situate in the town of Marbletown, county of Ulster and state of New York, with the buildings thereon and being part of the same premises of which William M. DeFuy, died seized, intestate, and which passed to his heirs at law, and all of whom, except Sarah Hornbeck, the wife of DuBois Hornbeck, conveyed their title, right and interest to DuBois L. Hornbeck, by deed dated February 28th, 1883, and recorded in book of deeds No. 243 at page 485 April 30, 1883, and which said premises are bounded and described as follows: On the east by the line of the aqueduct as acquired by New York city, for the conducting of water from the Ashokan Reservoir to New York city and as acquired by New York city under chapter 724 of the laws of 1905 and the acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto and which is known and described on a map thereof filed in Ulster county clerk's office as parcel No. 172 in section 4, on the north by lands of Cornelia Clarke, formerly Charles Brodhead, on the west by line of lands of Maria Brodhead and on the south by line of lands formerly James Burke now George Van Wagenen and said aqueduct line. Containing thirteen acres, be the same more or less.

Excepting the highways running through said premises one known as the road to Mohonk and the other as the road to Mountain Rest. Being the same premises conveyed by Gustave C. Kick and wife to William O. Jones and wife by deed dated September 2, 1914, and recorded in Ulster county clerk's office in book of deeds 448 page 510 September 3, 1914.

Dated June 22nd, 1918.

JAMES JENKINS,
Referee.

T. R. VAN WAGONEN,
Attorney for plaintiffs,
32 Main St., Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Mary M. Schreiber, late of the city of Kingston, county of Ulster, deceased, testate to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Elementina Kegler and Oscar Schreiber, the executors of the estate of said deceased, at No. 75 Pine Grove avenue, in the said city of Kingston, N. Y., on or before the 19th day of October, 1918.

Dated April 15th, 1918.

ELEMENTINA KEGLER,
OSCAR SCHREIBER,
Executrix and Executor.

Frederick Stephan, Jr., Attorney for Executors, 21 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Vernon D. Lake, late of the city of Kingston, county of Ulster, deceased, testate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Virgil R. Van Wagonen the executor of the estate of said deceased, at his office, 32 Main street, in the said city of Kingston, New York, on or before the 5th day of October, 1918.

Dated April 1, 1918.

VIRGIL R. VAN WAGONEN,
As Executor of the Will of Vernon D. Lake, Deceased.

ADVERTISERS ESTIMATE THE VALUE BY THE CIRCULATION.

And The Freeman has a circulation double that of all other Kingston dailies combined.

Kingston Daily Freeman.

TERMS:

Per Annum in advance $6.00
Per Month ..... .50

Twelve Cents Per Week.

Entered as Second-class matter at the post-office at Kingston, N. Y.

Published by Freeman Publishing Company, at 3-9 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y. Ray E. Klock, President; Alfred DuFlon, Secretary and Treasurer. Addresses 3-9 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y. Louise M. Klock, Vice-President, 243 Albany Avenue, Kingston, N. Y.

Member American Newspaper Publishers' Association.
Member New York Associated Dailies.
Official paper of Kingston City.
Official paper of Ulster County.

Please address all communications and make all money orders and checks payable to Freeman Publishing Company, 3-9 Broadway.

Telephone Calls:
New York Telephone—Main Office, Downtown, 1875. Uptown Office, 832.

KINGSTON, N. Y., JULY 30, 1918.

DON'T BE A CATSPAW.

German efficiency in attention to detail and German unscrupulous ingenuity in masking hellish intent were never more in evidence than in the discoveries made from time to time by agents of our government who are ferreting out the purposes for which the German government's "slush fund" has been used, and is still being used, in this country. The purchase of an English-language and once reputable New York city newspaper, following abortive attempts earlier in the war to establish openly a pro-German paper in the metropolis, the efforts of Jeremiah O'Leary and others of his ilk to play upon prejudices of the Irish in America, the tons of literature sent out by Viereck, are among the least insidious of these efforts to create discord among the American people. One of the latest plots revealed is one that well-informed persons have long known existed, although they could not find proof until the Secret Service found it for them. We refer to the bureau for the invention and circulation of false oral reports having for their aim the excitement of the people and the slowing down of industry, the stimulating of class prejudice and labor trouble, as well as the cultivating of a false spirit of hopefulness in some quarters and of hopelessness in others. The stories of disasters to American troops, the sinking of ships, the oppression of one class by another or by the government, sickness due to the use of substitute foods, suffering, immorality and disease in the army and navy, that have been so freely circulated were doubtless the product of this bureau. That there was a plot is shown by the fact that lies like the well known one about the Red Cross worker that stole a sweater were sprung simultaneously in widely separated parts of the country. The writer heard this particular story told on a train in New Jersey, as having happened in New Brunswick, on the very day that it was first put in circulation in Kingston as having happened here. Newspaper denials of these stories are met by the propagandists with the rejoinder of "Newspaper talk—you can't believe the newspapers—they dare not print the truth," and this explanation, too, is so uniform that there is reason to believe it a lesson taught.

So resourceful and ingenious have the German propagandists been that much of their work has appeared to the unthinking most praiseworthy and loyal but thoughtless persons have in many cases been the chief persons used in doing the work for the planning of which others have received large sums from the German funds. Anything that is not true is dangerous at all times and doubly so at this time, when nothing should be permitted to swerve us from the one great task on hand, the speedy winning of the war. The Freeman has been emphatic in the past in denouncing false reports about the war. It will be even more so in the future. It regards the winning of the war as of more importance than the welfare of any politician or the pleasure of any individual or set of individuals. It believes that credulity, deliberately cultivated to the point where confidence in the government and in official statements made by the government through the newspapers is so shaken that street rumors are believed in preference to facts, will only pave the way for the easier acceptance of German propaganda in future.

Whenever any untruth calculated to interfere with maximum production is in circulation The Freeman regards it as a probable manifestation of the work of German agents, concealed behind innocent, loyal but thoughtless catspaws. The fact that we have more than a million and a quarter of men in Europe is only an additional reason for harder and more continuous work and self-denial on the part of all of us at home. They cannot eat applause, fight with parades, clothe themselves with cheers or shelter themselves with oratory and "patriotism" that for one moment interferes with the production of needed supplies for our fighting men is not only as a sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal, but is throwing a monkey wrench into the gear of the war machine.

A prominent Berlin newspaper recently declared that American soldiers are but "cannon fodder," that they are "incapable of standing up before" seasoned German troops and that America has been "powerless to train the forcibly enlisted men" sent to France. And already, instead of gloating over the expected food for cannon, the Germans have had forced on them very unwelcome food for agitated thought.

Berlin should take note of Secretary Daniels's reference to our million soldiers in France as only "a vanguard."

LITTLE LAUGHS.

Vaulting—"Speaking of vaulting ambitions——" "Yes?" "Ferdy wants to be a champion at the high-jump."—Kansas City Journal.

"What do you suppose will be the end of the women question?" "There won't be any end. They'll always be asking them."—Baltimore American.

Barber—"Your hair is getting very thin, sir." Customer—"Yes, I treated it for a month with anti-fat, thinking it was hair restorer."—Boston Transcript.

"The neighbors object to your running the lawn mower at six o'clock in the morning," said Mrs. Crosslots. "Which neighbors?" asked her husband. "The ones who play the phonograph till two o'clock in the morning."—Washington Star.

Only Thirty Days.

Gus Peterson hain't care much of dis hair society business, but sum tam his wife her drag Gus out and he hav awful tam figuring out vot to du vith his hand and feet.

Last veek Misses Peterson took Gus tu dinner party at Vashington hotel and Gus ha have tu set between tu society vimmen. These vimmen tank it bane giude yoke and thy try to talk tu Gus, but ha aint' say vary much.

"A got a letter from my son. He's in Yale, yu no," said vone of the vimmen.

"Ay got bruther vot bane there tu," Gus say.

"Is that so. Vot year?" ask the vooman.

"Ha don't got no year," Gus told her. "Ha vust punch a Norwegian feller in the eye and the yudge give him 30 days in yail."—Washington State Weekly.

The Morbid Broker.

Senator Chamberlain was condemning a novel on the ground that it was morbid.

"Morbidness never pays," he said "It's always a mistake. Take morbid curiosity, for example. They who indulge in morbid curiosity are likely to find their worst fears realized.

"A Portland broker who had married a wife a deal younger than himself, said to her morbidly one night:

"'Darling, what would you do if I should die and leave you?'

"The young wife squeezed the old fellow's hand.

"'Leave me—er—how much'?" she murmured."—Exchange.

No Use For Them.

The Irishman came home beaming:

"Bridget," said he," "Oi've got a job."

"Glory be!"said Bridget, who was tired supporting the family.

"I shall want a new suit," said Murphy then. "An' yez can pawn yer night-shirts to get it."

"Your night-shirts!" gasped Bridget.

"Shure," said Pat. "An' what for should I be wanting them when I've got a job as night watchman and can only sleep in the daytime?"—London Answers.

The Golden Calf.

Lady Duff-Gordon talked at the Ritz in New York about the 1918 skirt.

"It's shorter and skimpier than ever," said she. "It's almost like a bathing skirt.

"The Children of Israel worshipped the Golden Calf." "Well,"—Lady Duff Gordon smiled and shrugged her shoulders. "Well, that religion seems to have conquered the whole world now."—Exchange.

One-Day Stand.

"How long did you work at the last place where you were employed?"

"Only a day, sir."

"You didn't stay there very long."

"No, sir. But it really wasn't my fault. I got there just day ahead of the sheriff."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

KLINGBERG FIGHTING.

Kingston Boy With Machine Guns in Thickest Of It.

Supervisor Chas. A. Schermerhorn has received the following letter from his friend, W. Klingberg, of New York city, relative to his son, Lewis:

"Lewis is at the front and I presume he is now right in the big fight. We all hope and pray that our American boys will end this horrible war to the credit of mankind in a very short time. As you know, Lewis was born in Kingston and is an Ulster county boy. He is a first-class gunner and belongs to the 106th Machine Gun Battalion, 27th Division. He was offered a non-commissioned officer's rank, but refused it, saying to the captain that he had taken the score for machine gun shooting and was placed as a first-class gunner and in that position he could get the first whack at the Huns."

TWENTY AND TEN YEARS AGO.

July 30, 1898.—Joseph Meagher badly injured by explosion of dynamite boat in Jersey City.

Steamer James W. Baaldwin damaged by colliding with pier at West 41st street, New York.

July 30, 1908—Police board considered purchasing a motorcycle for department.

The Dr. David Kennedy Company incorporated.

Like a Breath of Real Summer

Gone is the winter of our discontent, with its zero blasts, its empty coal scuttles, and its high cost of breathing. Enter the vanguard of Summer itself—picturesque, cool, refreshingly lovely Grass, Canton and Reed fibre furniture. Woven into its meshes is the green of the forest—the brown of pine needles—the grey of silvery birches and a whole gamut of other exquisite tones.

And the Shapes: Quaintest of tete-a-tetes and arm chairs, secretaries, tea wagons, day beds, alluringly cosy round tables—hosts of altogether fascinating things needed for every room in the summer home. And the gayest of the gay are the cretonne coverings that have pillaged whole flower gardens for their adornment. How they will make the rooms and porches glow with color and life

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY
STOCK-CORDTS INC.
KINGSTON, N.Y.

The KITCHEN CABINET

'Tis everybody's business
In this old world of ours,
To root up all the weeds he finds
And make room for the flowers,
So that every little garden
No matter where it lies,
May look like that which God once made,
And called it Paradise.

SUMMER DISHES.

When cooking peas wash the pods and boil them first, reserving the liquor to cook the peas. This is a French method of conservation and gives the peas a much finer flavor. Add a teaspoonful of sugar to the water when cooking the peas and sometime, for a change of flavor, drop in a bunch of mint.

Lettuce is so commonly served fresh and crisp or with a dressing of bacon fat that we must remind ourselves that it is both tasty and wholesome cooked as one does any vegetable. When lettuce gets a little old is the best time to turn it into greens. Dress it with butter, pork fat, or in any way to give it a good seasoning. It may be cooked until tender, then served with thin cream or milk, with seasonings as one does tender cabbage.

Cucumbers are another vegetable so commonly served uncooked that we forget how good they are cooked until tender and served with a butter sauce, seasoning with onion juice, salt and pepper.

Swiss chard is a vegetable which should find its way into every garden. When very young it may be used as a crisp salad, with French dressing, and when well grown as greens. Spinach is another most wholesome green which, when eaten freely in the spring and summer, will supply all the iron needed in most diets. In this season of the year when there is such a wealth of fruit and vegetables we should see that they are served every day upon our tables. For those who accuse the salad of giving them indigestion, let them look into the whole meal and especially the salad dressing. Mustard when used in even small quantities will cause stomach trouble. When using mustard the merest suggestion is sufficient. French dressing is easy to make and on the whole is the most wholesome of salad dressings. If your family do not like olive oil, teach them to like it, for it is quite worth while.

Nellie Maxwell

GLASCO.

Glasco, July 29.—George Heath, a former official of the Jersey Ice Company, called on Irving Joy on Monday last.

Miss Mazie Sickler of Poughkeepsie, was a visitor at Mrs. Frank Brown's on Thursday.

Mrs. May Lasher spent part of the past week visiting Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Hommel at Kaatsban.

James Rea has just finished harvesting a fine field of wheat.

Mrs. Messinger, who lived across the street from Fuller's store, occasionally washes and cleans clothing for boarders in the vicinity. Last week she had a gentleman's flannel suit in the tub and felt a lump in one of the pockets and upon examination found a roll of bills, amounting to $55. The suit belonged to a professional singer, who is staying at Schoentag's hotel. The money was carefully laundered without injury and promptly returned with the suit.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Addicks of Schenectady, and Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Ebel of Philadelphia, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hoyt Weeks.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

To the Enrolled Republicans of the County of Ulster:

The law provides that designations of candidates for party nominations shall be by petition only.

I have been designated as a candidate for the Republican nomination for County Judge of Ulster County by petition signed by more than 2,000 enrolled Republicans and appeal to you direct for your support on primary day, September 3rd, 1918.

HARRY H. FLEMMING.

Help Wanted

Girls Beginners in Electric Blasting Cap Department paid $8.10 per 54 hour week.

Piece rates and time rates after learning run up to **$15.00** or **$18.00** per week.

Light, clean work. Pleasant buildings.

Free railroad tickets for girls from Kingston, Ulster Park, Esopus, West Park and Lake Katrine.

West Shore trains No. 14, 12, 9 and 15 stop directly in front of our plant.

Men Positions open in Blasting Cap Department. Pay---$2.75 up, depending on ability.

Free railroad tickets for men from Kingston, Ulster Park or Esopus.

Steady work. Full time.

Also position as chauffeur for Light Truck open.

Call, Write or Telephone

AETNA EXPLOSIVES CO., Inc.

TELEPHONE, KINGSTON 95 PORT EWEN, N. Y.

OUR SHIELD

YOUR SIGHT

Is too important and valuable a sense to take chances on—so get quality work by using our services.

OPTOMETRY

That is standard for quality—that means the best of glasses—when needed—the correct ganging of the eye-trouble and perfect-fitting, comfortable glasses.

Get an examination now!

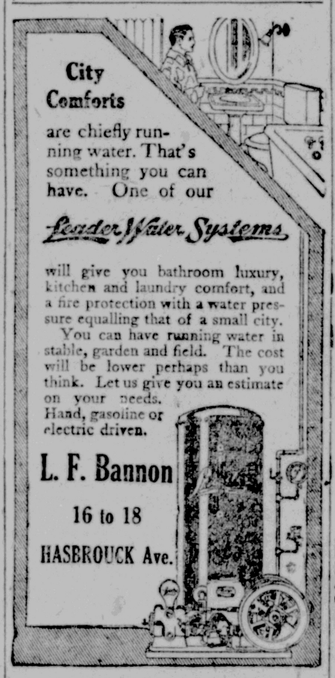
S. STERN
Established 1860
Optometrist and Manufacturing Optician
(Broadway, Kingston, Corner)

Sharp Sparks

Install Kopper King Spark Plugs in your motor and forget carbon-fouling and short-circuiting. The copper surface prevents carbon deposits; consequently spark plug short-circuiting is eliminated and the motor is at its best in power, pickup and in economical operation.

Made in seven sizes to fit any motor.

CANFIELD SUPPLY CO.
Strand and Ferry St., Kingston, N. Y
THE BIG DOWNTOWN STORE.



City Comforts are chiefly running water. That's something you can have. One of our

Leader Water Systems

will give you bathroom luxury, kitchen and laundry comfort, and a fire protection with a water pressure equalling that of a small city.

You can have running water in stable, garden and field. The cost will be lower perhaps than you think. Let us give you an estimate on your needs. Hand, gasoline or electric driven.

L. F. Bannon
16 to 18
HASBROUCK Ave.

Established 1894
C. D. HALSEY & CO.
Members of
New York Stock Exchange,
Mills Building, New York City
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
BRANCH OFFICE
262 FAIR ST., KINGSTON, N. Y.
GEO. G. BROOKS,
Resident Manager.

HUDSON **DAY LINE** RIVER

Steamers "Washington Irving," "Hendrick Hudson," Robert Fulton," and "Albany."
Daily Including Sunday.
Subject to change without notice.
Down steamer leaves Kingston Point 12:25 P. M. Arrives New York, W. 129th St., 5:20 P. M.; W. 42nd St., 5:45 P. M.; Desbrosses St., 6:20 P. M.
Also Sundays only (June 30 to Aug. 25, inc.), leaves Kingston Point at 4:15 P. M. Arrives New York, W. 129th St., 9:15 P. M.; W. 42nd St., 9:35 P. M.
Up steamer leaves New York, Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42nd St., 9:00; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Arrives Kingston Point at 2:10 P. M.
Also Saturdays only (June 29 to Aug. 31). Leaves New York, Desbrosses St., 2 P. M.; W. 42nd St., 2:20; W. 129th St., 2:40 P. M. Arrives Kingston Point at 7:50 P. M.
Music. Restaurant. Lunch Room.

Rhinecliff Ferryboat Time Table.

Leaves Kingston 6:30, 7:40 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11.05, 11:50; a. m. 12;30, 1:30, 2:05, 2:45, 3:20, 4:90, 4:40, 5:30, 6:25 p. m.

Leaves Rhinecliff 7:15, 8:10, 9:25, 10;00, 10:45, 11:25 a. m.; 12:10, 12:50, 1:45, 2:25, 3:00, 3;40, 4:25 5:10, 6:00, 6:55 p. m.

On May 30, July 4 and September 2, the ferry will make the following extra trips:

Leave Kingston 7:30, 8:20, 9:00 p. m.

Leave Rhinecliff, 7:50, 8;40, 9:33 p. m.

ULSTER COUNTY SAVINGS INSTITUTION
280 Wall Street. Kingston, N. Y.
INCORPORATED 1851.

WM. G. SHAFER, President.
HARRY R. BRIGHAM, CHARLES S. WOOD, Vice-President.
J. M. SCHAEFFER, Secretary.
JOHN B. ALLIGER, Treasurer.
JAMES J. O'CONNOR, Teller.
JOHN R. T. HALL, Bookkeeper.
PHILIP ELTING, Attorney.

TRUSTEES:
John B. Alliger, George Hutton,
H. R. Brigham, G. D. B. Hasbrouck
David Burgevin, W. R. Harrison
Howard Chipp, J. M. Schaeffer,
Abm. V. DeGraff, Wm. C. Shafer,
Philip Elting, C. S. Wood,
Ogden F. Winne.

For the six months ending June 30, 1918, interest will be credited July 1st, 1918, at 4 per cent per annum.

Interest not drawn will be added to the principal and draw interest.

Money deposited on or before August 3, 1918, and remaining in bank until January 1st, 1919, will be credited with five (5) months' interest.

Women and children under age have by law the control of their own savings bank accounts.

Persons living out of the city may send money by bank draft, check, post office order or express, and deposit book will be returned by mail. ALL BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

THE RONDOUT Savings Bank
RONDOUT, N. Y.

OFFICERS:
J. E. DERRENBACHER ..... President
T. C. COYKENDALL.... 1st Vice-President
F. H. GRIFFITHS..... 2nd Vice-President
DAYTON MURRAY ..... Secretary
HERBERT HALL ..... Bookkeeper

TRUSTEES:
John D. Schoonmaker F. Stephan, Jr.
F. H. Griffiths Wesley D. Hale
J. Graham Rose E. Coykendall
John S. Thompson A. A. Stern
T. C. Coykendall H. H. Flemming
Nicholas Stock.

Interest credited semi-annually, January and July.

Moneys withdrawn before January 1 and July will not be entitled to interest.

Deposits commence to draw interest from the first of each month.

All deposits made on or before the 10th day of January and July draw interest from the first days of those months.

Banking hours from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.; Saturdays 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Interest will be paid on all sums from $5 to $3,000.

Interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum was declared for six months ending June 30, 1918.

Kingston Savings Bank
573 Wall street, Kingston, N. Y.
CHARTERED 1874

OFFICERS:
MYRON TELLER, President.
GEORGE BURGEVIN, V. B. VANWAGENEN, Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES TAPPEN, Treasurer.
CHARLES H. DE LA VERGNE, Assistant Treasurer.
HARRY ENSIGN, Accountant.
JAMES A. BETTS, Counsel.

TRUSTEES:
James A. Betts, George Burgevin,
Eadee P. Roles, Levan S. Winne,
Everett Fowler, D. N. Mathews,
John E. Kraft, Sam Bernstein,
Charles Tappen, A. D. Rose,
Myron Teller, Virgil B. VanWagenen
Ervin E. Norwood.

Deposits made on or before July 10, 1918, and remaining in bank until Jan. 1, 1919, will be credited with six (6) months' interest.

Interest will be paid on all sums from one dollar to three thousand dollars.

Accounts may be opened by mail for which a bank book will be forwarded on receipt of New York draft, certified check, post office or express money order.

Rooms for the convenience of ladies are a feature of the banking house.

Interest at the rate of 4 per centum was declared for six months ending June 30, 1918.

Deposits commence to draw interest from the first of each month.

Money withdrawn before January 1 and July 1 will not be entitled to interest.

L. F. BANNON
Plumbing, Heating & Contracting Company
16 and 18 HASBROUCK AVENUE

Plumbing Fixtures, Heating and Roofing Supplies, Pipe Fittings, Valves, Leaders, Gutters, etc., at wholesale prices.

First class mechanics to install same if desired.

THE ULSTER & DELAWARE RAILROAD

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 30, 1918.
Trains are due to leave this city as follows:
Kingston Point, †2:20 p. m.
Rondout Sta., †6:25, s7:00 a. m.
Union Sta., †7:00, s7:30 a. m.; *1.53, †2:45, †4:00, x6:40 p. m.
Trains are due to arrive as follows:
Union Sta., †11:35 a. m.; †2:25, *5:13, †7:16, †7:25, s8:45 p. m.
Rondout Sta., †11:55 a. m.; †7:33, †7:45 p. m.
Kingston Point, †12:00 noon.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. s Sunday only. x Friday only.

25,000 WOMEN NURSES WANTED

Ulster's Quota Must be Filled From the Pick of Our Young Women—Qualifications and Other Details.

The Woman's Branch Home Defense held a meeting Monday afternoon at the court house to form a committee to enroll women in the United States Student Nurse Reserve Corps. Miss Mary Ryan, superintendent of the Kingston City Hospital, was appointed chairman of the committee and the other members are Mrs. Charles Tappen, Mrs. C. E. Hasbrouck and Miss Janet Farrell. Miss L. Kelder was appointed secretary of the committee.

The government is calling for 25,000 young women to join the United States Student Nurse Reserve and hold themselves in readiness to train for service as nurses.

The war is creating an unprecedented demand for trained nurses. Only those who have taken the full training course are eligible for service with our forces overseas. These nurses are being drawn largely from our hospitals at home. Their places must be filled by student nurses enrolled for the full training course of from two to three years.

Age.—The call is for women between the age of nineteen and thirty-five.

Qualifications. — Intelligent, responsible women of good education and sound health are wanted—the pick of the country. A college education is a valuable asset, and many hospitals will give credit for it. Credit will also be given for a special scientific equipment or for preliminary training in nursing, such as that given in special courses now being conducted by various colleges and schools. Some schools, on the other hand, do not even require a full high-school education.

Enrollment.—Women will be given an opportunity to enroll in the United States Students Nurse Reserve in any one of three ways:

(1) As engaging to hold themselves in readiness until April 1, 1919, to accept assignments to nurses' training schools. These women will be sent to the schools as fast as vacancies occur. Those of superior qualifications will be given preference, and it is, of course, possible that not everyone who enrolls will be accepted.

(2) As desiring to become candidates for the Army Nursing School recently established by authority of the war department, with branch schools in selected military hospitals.

(3) As engaging to hold themselves in readiness until April 1, 1919, to accept assignments to either a civilian training school or the Army Nursing School. Those who so enroll will be called where the first need arises. The government hopes that a majority of those who enroll will thus put down their names for both.

There are 1,579 nurses' training schools in this country. Their need is as great and imperative as that of the Army School of Nursing. Those who enroll for these schools will be assigned as vacancies occur.

The enrollment card will indicate two classes of registrants—preferred and deferred. The preferred class will be those who are ready to accept assignment to whatever hospital the government directs them, although they may state what training school they prefer to be sent to. Those who register in the preferred class will be assigned first, and all possible consideration will be given to their preference as stated. The deferred class is composed of those who limit their pledge of service—that is, who will not engage to go except to certain hospitals. This class is intended large for those who, for family reasons, can not accept training at a distance from their homes. Those who register in the deferred class will be assigned only after the preferred class is exhausted.

The government relies on the patriotism of those who enroll to fill out preferred cards if they possibly can, thus volunteering to go where they are most needed.

Nobody will be assigned to any schools whose conditions of training are not approved by the State Board of Nurse Examiners.

Terms of Training.—The term of training varies from two to three years, according to the requirements of the particular school to which the student nurse may be sent. No course takes less than two years nor more than three.

What the Training Course Prepares For.—At present every woman who completes satisfactorily her training in any accredited school is eligible for service as an army nurse at the front and stands a chance of being assigned to duty abroad. At the same time she will be qualified to earn her living in one of the noblest professions open to women.

Finances.—The student nurse gets her board, lodging and tuition free at practically every training school, and in most cases receives a small remuneration to cover the cost of books and uniforms. After graduation she has an earning capacity of from $100 to $300 a month.

An Honorable Service—Ever since the days of Florence Nightingale, the nursing profession has been one of especial honor. It was never so honorable as it is today. The army needs every nurse it can get to "keep up with the draft." The United States Student Nurse Reserve is the equivalent for women of the great National Army training camps for soldiers.

Those who desire to enroll may do so at the Kingston City Hospital, the Benedictine Sanitarium, the Child Welfare Station on Hasbrouck avenue, and the State Charities Aid Office on John street.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank our neighbors and friends for their acts of kindness and flowers during the sickness and after the death of Ella May, daughter of George C. and Nellie E. Steinmann, and Katherine, wife of the late Henry Steinmann.

GEORGE C. STEINMAN AND FAMILY.

—Advertisement.

AUTOS SMASHED AT STONY HOLLOW

Four Cars Will Be Laid Up For Repairs But All Occupants Escaped Injury.

Monday morning, about noon, a McFarland touring car, said to have had a young woman at the wheel ran almost head-on into a Reo car at a short curve on Kingston-West Hurley highway this side of the viaduct crossing on the U. & D. track at Stony Hollow. Peter Bonesteel of Bonesteel Bros., Cornell street, who carries the mail from this city to Stony Hollow was going up the hill and at the top of the curve met the McFarland coming down. The two cars came together, the McFarland, owned by New York parties coming over on the left side, and the radiator on the touring car had a hole torn in it and was badly smashed and the body twisted. Bonesteel's Reo was quite badly damaged. The two cars were towed to the city for repairs, but best of all no one was injured.

Another accident occurred about 11:30 a. m. on the other side of the railroad bridge when a Buick runabout smashed into L. L. Sagendorf's milk delivery truck. Both cars were, somewhat damaged and were towed to Kingston, but no one was hurt.

SCOUT NEWS.

Camp Wangum Closes Saturday—Letter From Soles.

Owing to the necessity for preparing for fall work, Camp Wangum, on the Esopus, will close on Saturday, August 17th. The camp has been hugely enjoyed by the Scouts who have been so fortunate as to spend any time there, and has been as beneficial as pleasant.

The evening camp fires of Camp Wangum are still one of the greatly enjoyed features of the camp life, and it is indeed a pity that more of our Kingston folk, interested in our boys could not find time to run out and take part in one of these pleasant evenings.

Scout Executive Bircher is busily engaged in building another boat.

"Jack" Benson of Hudson, is spending a few weeks at Camp Wangum. He is voted by all to be "some" Jack.

Fred Carr spent Monday at camp, and the boys all wished that he could be with them oftener and for a longer time.

Several of the Scouts attended the flag raising at McVey's field on Sunday evening last.

Remember, there will be but two more weeks of happy camping this year at Camp Wangum.

The following letter has just been received from H. E. Soles, former Scout Executive of Kingston Council, Boy Scouts:—

8th Company, 2nd Battalion,
Depot Brigade,
Camp Devens,
Ayer, Mass.

My Dear Mrs.——

Your letter was forwarded to me here, and I was glad to hear from you.

Uncle Sam sure is the best boss I ever had. We have a good house to live in, fine beds to sleep on, shower baths, clothes, and wonderful food. No rent to worry about, no bills to pay and no chasing around to get our week's pay.

Just think! We had a regular turkey dinner today, with ice cream and bananas.

We get meat three times a day and pure wheat bread every meal. Any one who kicks on army food should be kicked. Regular hours and plenty of drill in the open will produce a nation of men whose strength and influence will be felt for years to come. I don't believe any of us were anxious to leave our homes and dear ones, but after a few days the army life gets under our skin and becomes as fixed as freckles.

Army life is really Boy Scout life on a much larger scale. I wish Kingston could realize this because the boys need scouting. Scouting is helping me here and when I am through here my army experience will be a great asset for future Scout work. I take my work here as a school in scouting.

Shall be glad to answer any questions that anyone wishes to ask about life here.

Best regards to all.

(Signed) H. E. SOLES.

Wool Case Was Tried.

Monday the famous stolen wool case was tried in city court before Judge Schirick when Julius Werbalowsky's action against Barney Millens had a hearing. The action is brought to recover $42.70, the price paid for some wool. This wool was seized by the state police and turned over to Chairman Hardenburgh of Exemption Board No. 2, from whose farm at Stone Ridge it had been stolen. Werbalowsky claims he got the wool from Millens, which is denied. Werbalowsky was represented by Judge W. D. Brinnier, Jr., while Judge N. Frank O'Reilly represented Millens. The court reserved decision at the close of the hearing.

Port Jervis Chief Out.

After a trial which lasted for six days and one evening, Chief of Police Frank A. Brown of Port Jervis, being tried on 16 charges brought against him by former Policeman Otto Meyer, was dismissed from the department by a vote of 6 to 1 by the common council. Chief Brown was found guilty of 7 charges. Policeman Stephen W. Campbell has been appointed acting chief.

A Runaway on Broadway.

Monday afternoon a horse owned by Jacob Furmansky ran away down Broadway. In the wagon was a five-year-old boy and he enjoyed a thrilling ride until the runaway neared Williams, the florist, on Broadway, when Frank Myers, who is employed there, rushed out and caught the horse by the bit, bringing him to a stop.

UNDERNEATH THE CITY HALL DOME

From what could be learned this morning no new cases of glanders have developed in Kingston. The public drinking fountains are still closed as well as the public horse sheds. The Kingston Horse Owners Association has taken no action in the matter, but the officers of the association after talking the matter over, decided that it was in the hands of the health board and Sheriff Smith, who is the state veterinarian in Ulster county.

It is said that all drivers of horses do not carry pails with them to water their horses. Horse owners should not allow another horse to drink out of the same pail that their horse drinks from for the disease is easily communicable in this manner.

All those who handle horses for sale in Kingston are said to make a careful examination of any new horses they receive to ascertain if they have the glanders.

Before the water is turned on in the public drinking fountains it is likely the health board will have the fountains thoroughly cleansed. There has been some talk among horsemen of asking the city authorities to place faucets on the drinking fountains so that water may be drawn from them to fill the pails to water the horses. Whether the matter has been taken up with the city authorities is not known.

Superintendent Van Keuren of the board of public works, while driving up the Delaware avenue hill this morning found a suit case in the road. It had evidently fallen from an automobile or a wagon. He left it at police headquarters, where it was examined to ascertain if the owner's name was inside. There was nothing in the suit case, however, to determine who was the owner. It may be had at police headquarters by the owner calling there.

Officer Soper is doing duty this week on the motorcycle. Since the department installed a motorcycle to its equipment there has been gradually a dropping off in the number of speeders in the city. As some one said, the motorcycle cop has made the streets safe for pedestrians.

SOUTH RONDOUT.

South Rondout, July 30.—The Ladies' Aid and their friends will have a picnic at Kingston Point Park on Wednesday. All that can will go on the 10:20 yacht.

Miss Florence Wilsen of New York is spending a week at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Julia Maines.

Mrs. Andrew Andersen called on her aunt, Mrs. Wolfersheim at Kingston on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bigler and daughters, Lauretta and Lucielle, spent Sunday at Kingston.

Mrs. Cooper and daughter, Louise, of Beacon, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George Meade, at the parsonage.

Mr. and Mrs. Mathias Clair and son, Curtis, Miss Elizabeth Clair, Mrs. Schatzel and Mr. Rickert of Kingston motored around the Ashokan dam on Sunday.

Miss Mae Relyea of Sleightsburgh, Kathryn Darwak and Nellie Gardner called on Miss Anna Schriber on Sunday.

Mrs. Harry Peckerell and mother, Mrs. Mackintosh, left Saturday for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Terpening of Sleightsburgh attended the funeral of Mrs. Chis Genthner at Saugerties on Sunday.

Mrs. Knud Olsen and daughters, Harriet and Mildred, spent Saturday in Saugerties.

Joseph Snyder, pilot of the steamer, Abany, spent Friday at his home.

Frank Blithover of New York came home on Saturday to be examined by the local board.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Demmis and daughter, of New York, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clair.

Miss Kathryn Cavanaugh of Brooklyn has returned home, after spending a week with her sister, Mrs. Willard Blodgett.

Mrs. Nelsen Sleight of Sleightsburgh is spending some time with her mother and sister, Mrs. Henry Meyers.

Mrs. Charles Becker and daughter, Cressie, and Mary Kener of Kingston have returned home, after spending a week with her sister, Mrs. Frank Spinneweber at Hoboken.

Francis and Norman Spinneweber of Hoboken are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Charles Becker.

Miss Dorothy Mead is visiting relatives at Beacon.

Mrs. Benedick of Beacon has returned home after spending two weeks with her daughter, Mrs. George Mead, at the parsonage.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Cole of New York spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Cole, Sr.

John Meyers of New York is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Meyers.

Mrs. J. Shellenberger of Albany is visiting at the home of Mrs. Jerry Avery.

The boat, Amy R. Mack, was loading a cargo of ice at the McCormack ice house at Port Ewen for Mr. Leo, 67th street, New York. Captain J. C. Hotaling is commander.

Mrs. Legrand Becker and Mrs Winnifred hodes of Kingston spent Wednesday at the home of Mrs. George Dunn.

Mrs. John Biel of New York has returned home after spending some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Hyde.

Mrs. Margaret Miller, the teacher that taught our school last year, left for Rochester last week. We hear that she has the school in St. Remy for next year.

The road commissioners are working down here on the streets. They are putting the middle street in fine condition. They have put crushed stone on and then the steam roller and now we have a fine street.

BITTER FIGHTING NORTH OF OURCQ

Americans, at Apex of Allied Advance are Subjected to Terrific Shelling—Germans Strap Machine Gunners in Trees.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

With the American Army at the Marne, July 29.—Throwing the Fifth Guards into the fighting, the Germans are counter attacking violently today against the new Franco-American line north of the Ourcq river in an effort to hurl back the apex of the Allied advance. The Americans, who have been thrusting on the line north of Sergy, hold the spearhead of the Allied front. Krupp batteries opened up a terrific gun fire against the foot bridges emplaced over the Ourcq on Saturday night, at the same time pounding the Americans on the southern bank of the stream with gas shells.

A crack German guard battalion was thrown against the Americans at Sergy, driving the latter from the village. The Americans were not followed as far as the river.

While reorganizing the Americans threw up rockets calling for reinforcements.

In the counter charge that followed the Germans were ejected from the village.

After being reinforced by Prussian Guardsmen from the north of the village the Germans attacked again and once more they entered Sergy.

Then American reinforcements came up. In their haste those who could not get on the footbridges swam or forded the Ourcq. As soon as they could form their lines they fell upon the Boches, driving them back once more.

These shock tactics of attack and counter attack continued all night long.

During the morning and early afternoon the Americans got their batteries of field guns across the river, dragging the pieces across the stream with rope lines.

In the face of heavy machine gun fire the 3-inch batteries were wheeled into place and opened up a fire that swept the Germans from the slopes in front of them.

Dragging their guns with them, the Americans fought their way to the summit of the heights from 3 to 4 kilometers north of the Ourcq, where the artillery was planted astride the Fismes highway. Up there the gunners could use open sight targets against the enemy.

In the meantime reinforcements had worked their way northwest from Rocheres, employing machines to guard their right flank and enflanking the position from the enemy who fell back. The Germans are camouflaging the machine guns in the foliage of trees, frequently causing much trouble to the advancing Americans. Finally a lieutenant from Providence, R. I., thought out a scheme to combat this German cunning. When German "tree emplacements" were discovered the Americans would signal to their airmen by placing strips of white cloth on the ground pointing to the particular German machine gun emplacement. Then the aviators would fly low over the trees pouring hot machine gun fire into the leaves and trenches. Usually the German weapons were tied in place and it was not infrequent that the bodies of German machine gunners could be seen hanging head downwards from the straps which attached them to their guns.

ONE THIRD OF VOTERS WOMEN

Enrollment Figures Show That 679,618 are Entitled to Vote—2,284 In Ulster County.

Enrollment figures as compiled by State Superintendent of Elections Frederick L. Marshall show that there are 1,475,088 men of all parties enrolled in the state and that 679,618 women availed themselves of the opportunity to become affiliated with a party, so as to be able to vote in the primaries and have a say in party management. The total enrollment in Ulster county of the four leading parties, as compiled by the state superintendent of elections is as follows:

	Rep.	Dem.	Soc.	Pro.
Women ..	1166	397	6	715
Men	8282	4830	98	335
Total .	9448	5227	104	1050

The returns show a total of void ballots in the state of only 7,457 in the enrollment of women. The proportion among men is considerably larger.

Dietetic Habits.

Some people seem to think that a vegetarian is a curiosity. A rough calculation shows that the population of the world, now estimated approximately at 1,600,000,000, is said to be divided as to dietetic habits about as follows: Strict vegetarians, 250,000,000; practically vegetarians, but eating a little fish or flesh, 450,000,000; eating meat about once a week (on high days and holidays), 500,000,000; eating meat daily and sometimes more than once a day, 400,000,000.

New Educational Idea.

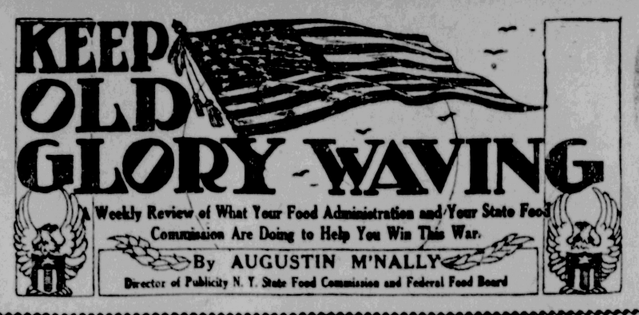
For teaching children to read more rapidly a Boston man has invented a machine which displays but a single line of printed matter at a time.

NOTICE.

Sealed proposals will be received at the city clerk's office for the rewiring the city hall, as per specification on file in the city clerk's office. Bids to be received not later than 4 p. m. August 5, 1918. Committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

GEORGE SCHICK, Chairman,
Buildings, Repairs and Supplies Committee.

Dated Kingston, N. Y., July 30, 1918.


KEEP OLD GLORY WAVING
A Weekly Review of What Your Food Administration and Your State Food Commission Are Doing to Help You Win This War.
By AUGUSTIN M'NALLY
Director of Publicity N. Y. State Food Commission and Federal Food Board

Let Us Give Thanks.

Reports reaching Calvin J. Huson, director of the Bureau of Production of the New York State Food Commission, indicate that the state will have a record yield of spring wheat, that the barley crop in the western part of the state will exceed expectations and that the rye crop is in fine condition. Corn is the only backward cereal in the state.

Now that the harvest season is at hand, with promise of generous crops in New York and other states, let us give thanks to Him who knows every blade of grass that grows for His bounty—thanks that we shall have enough to feed our soldiers across the sea, our people at home and supply the needs of our comrades in the war. And let each one of us, man, woman and child, promise to be saving in the use of all foods, particularly sugar, wheat and meats, that we may have plenty of these vital foods to spare for those who are fighting so valiantly against the common enemy to the end that Right and Justice and Liberty may triumph throughout the world.

HOW MUCH FOOD U. S. HAS SENT TO ALLIES

Eighty billion, five hundred million meals!

This is some quantity of food. Estimating the average number of meals per person a year at 1,000, this would be sufficient food to give 1,150,000 persons, each living to be seventy years old, all they would need to eat from the day of their birth to the time of their death. Approximately the 80,500,000,000 meals represent the grand total of all food exported by the United States to the Allies from the beginning of the world war in August, 1914, to March 1, 1918. It has been calculated that the food exported from this country during these forty-two months would furnish complete rations for 80,572,910 persons for one year, or sufficient to feed the combined populations of Great Britain and France for one entire year.

This gigantic movement of food—food which has played so vital a part in the world struggle for freedom and liberty—is something to give every red blooded American a thrill of pride at the thought that it is his country, the United States, which has done this.

SAVE YOUR OLD JARS AND GLASSES FOR CANNING

All canning and preserving records are expected to be broken this season as a result of the nation-wide growth of the war-garden movement, and the demand for glass containers, from present indications, will tax the output of the manufacturers. Housewives who did not lay in a supply in advance may find it difficult to secure containers. Old jars and glasses may be used for jellies and jams, and no good containers of any kind should be thrown away, as they represent not only a means to save food, but also a saving of glass and tin and valuable shipping space.

THE KIND OF BREAD ENGLAND IS EATING

No bread can be sold in England less than twelve hours old, except where delivery is made to a sea-going vessel. Bread can be made in only three shapes and must be sold in even pound weights; rolls may not exceed two ounces in weight. No fruits, eggs, fat (except for greasing tin), sugar or other sweetening, or milk product, other than buttermilk, may be used in any bread made for sale in England.

POTATOES NOW USED AS "FILLERS" FOR BONBONS

If some one offered you a box of chocolate bonbons which were so delicious that you apologized for the number you ate, and then some one told you that the chief ingredient of their interior was p-o-t-a-t-o-e-s, wouldn't it surprise you? Food Administrator Peden of Texas, who had this experience, was more than surprised. The filling of the bondons was suggestive of cocoanut and very delicate to the taste. Potato candy is a logical follow-up to tapioca-flour bread, whale steak, mesquite sirup and other interesting food revelations brought about as a result of the war.

PENALTIES MAKE HOARDING UNPOPULAR WITH ITALIANS

The hoarding of foodstuffs has been made unpopular in Italy by a decree, recently published in Rome, whereby any person who lays in supplies above his normal needs is punishable by a fine of from $4 to $190 or by imprisonment up to one month and the confiscation of the supplies. The food situation in Italy is critical. The meat shortage is the most acute and on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of each week meat can neither be served in restaurants nor hotels nor bought for home consumption. In Rome beef is selling at 72 to 89 cents a pound and veal from 66 to 79 cents a pound.

Malarial Scourge.

Malarial fevers are by far the greatest scourge of the rural districts of Venezuela. In the one state of Carabobo, with a population of 198,398, there were 1,484 deaths from malaria last year.

HOW SUGAR SHORTAGE IS BEING MET IN ENGLAND

England is on a very limited sugar ration. Manufacturers other than makers of jam, condensed milk and beer may not use during the year ending May 31, 1919, more than 25 per cent. of the quantity they used during the year 1915. This order, as announced by the British Ministry of Food, applies to manufacturers of sugar confectionery and chocolate, pastries, biscuits, candied peel, preserved and crystalized fruits, drugs and medicinal preparations, mineral water, other beverages (except beer and stout), or any other product requiring sugar in its manufacture.

PATRIOTIC BURGLAR OBSERVES FOOD RULES

The food regulations have impressed even the burglars' fraternity. In a recent issue the Columbia Missourian tells of a burglar who faithfully observed the fifty-fifty substitutes rule which applies to purchases of flour. Sunday night he stole five sacks of wheat flour from a grocer and the following evening revisited the store and took an equal number of sacks of corn meal.

U. S. LARGE USER OF COLD STORAGE SPACE

The United States government at the present time is one of the largest users of cold storage space. This fact may serve to remove doubts which exist in the minds of many persons as to the wholesomeness of foods held in this manner. Each month we now ship to the Allied nations more than 70,000,000 pounds of cold-storage and frozen beef. Without cold-storage facilities this would be impossible. Through the efforts of the Food Administration many abuses in the cold-storage business have been corrected. The consumer has been protected by the enforcement of a rule which prohibits the sale of cold-storage food as fresh, and patrons of cold-storage houses have been protected by a regulation which prohibits the increasing of rates for space without thirty days' notice.

FISH BREAD LATEST WAR DELICACY IN NORWAY

Fish bread is the latest product of the war, and it is said by those who have eaten it to be palatable and nourishing. The Royal Norwegian Provisions Department, which in Norway fulfills some of the functions of our own Food Administration here, has officially announced that recent experiments at Bergen to produce bread containing 20 per cent. fish roe have been successful. Machinery for the preparation of a flour made from cod roe, which will be mixed with bread grain, will be installed to increase the bread rations in Norway.

Dress Reform a Question of Buttons.

Modern clothing differs from that of the Greeks and Romans less because of changes in notions of art than because of the invention of buttons. Two centuries ago no one wore buttons. They were unknown. Then a few stylish folk began to wear them as ornaments. Someone finally discovered that buttons could be useful as well as ornamental, and began to use them as fasteners. Up to that time clothes did not fit. Tailors tried to make clothing so that it would drape the body gracefully, but any attempt to obtain snugness resulted merely in openness. Modern dress reformers who seek to restore the old styles, based on the drapery theory, could get their ideas speedily adopted if they found a way to close up the button factories.

Adds Life to Railroad Ties.

Railroad ties last about eight years under normal conditions, when they have to be renewed, which costs a good deal of money and calls for a large force of labor, says Popular Science Monthly. It is estimated that treated ties which are first kiln-dried and then immersed in hot creosote until saturated, last twice as long. They are absolutely waterproof and impervious to rot.

BURNS WAS NO GOOD

"I released Burns to Philadelphia because he was a failure at the bat, because he clogged the bases, and was generally of no use to a winning ball club," explained Hughey Jennings.

And then Burns went out and batted his way to the top of the American league inside of two months, and, to inflict poetic punishment upon said Hughey Jennings, came up five times and poled five hits, including a double and a triple, right on the lot where he had been a "failure."

TWILIGHT BALL IS PROVING ITS WORTH

New System May Be Means of Saving Two Western Circuits.

American Association and Western League Gain in Attendance by Starting Games Late to Accommodate War Workers.

The American association has developed a very close race, yet in some of the cities of the league the attendance is not well up to the standard—which undoubtedly is due to the fact that so many young men patrons are now in the army, and that many men are busily engaged in work which prevents attendance at the week-day games.

The situation has become serious enough to force the adoption of the twilight baseball scheme recently successfully tried in Minneapolis and St. Paul. Under this scheme the games are started as late as six o'clock, thus giving war workers a chance to attend the week-day games.

The first twilight game in Minneapolis drew the largest crowd of the season. In the Western league the club owners find that the games started after six o'clock attract double the attendance that would attend the game at three bells. Late starts seem to be the only way to save the minors, unless the magnates are willing to stand a heavy financial loss this season.

There is no denying the fact the minor league ball is not as prosperous as it should be. And the only solution of the problem seems to be twilight ball. The army has taken so many men that the stay-at-homes are needed during regular working hours. There are not enough people idle in the afternoon to make baseball a paying venture in the minor league cities.

President Hickey of the American association has little fear of General Crowder's "Work or Fight" order, so far as it applies to baseball. He believes that the order is intended to apply to the chronic idlers and useless employees at amusement resorts, of every description, and does not include baseball, which is a clean and wholesome amusement within its scope. Furthermore the general has always been in favor of baseball and therefore he does not believe that he now contemplates the virtual conscription of ball players, and this belief is shared by the majority of American association magnates, whose only problem is how to finish a hard season with whole skins.

PRO GOLF PLAYER IS NOW IN THE NAVAL RESERVES

Ed Loos, well-known professional golf player, has enlisted in the naval reserve and is stationed at Wissahecken Barracks, Cape May, N. J.

CONNIE ROCHE IS PROMOTED

Made Sergeant at Camp Dodge, Ia., and Playing on One of Best Army Teams.

Connie (Red) Roche, called from Topeka, Kan., to the army and leaving a fat batting average of .367 behind him, has been promoted to the rank of sergeant at Camp Dodge, Ia. He writes that he is playing on one of the best ball teams in the army. It includes Troy Agnew, Nabors, Love, Block and other players who have made professional records and has made such a showing that it has been selected to make a tour of Western cities, playing exhibition games to boost the army athletic funds.

Lay of the Last Hen.

"The Lay of the Last Minstrel" may have caused some apprehension in its day, but were the lay of the last hen to be announced in ours there would certainly be a panic.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

CAME BACK HOME IN CAMP COLORS

Judges Hasbrouck And Van Etten Give An Interesting Description of Their Fishing Experiences in New Brunswick Salmon Waters.

The friends of Kingston's two well known jurists are congratulating them on the color scheme they've brought home with them from the wilds of the Restigouche river. Except the deep red zone across the lower part of the face below the hatband, gradually fading to a butternut brown with a few high spots where the river winds frolicked with their complexion and left wind burned trails, Judges G. D. B. Hasbrouck and J. G. Van Etten came out from their salmon fishing just as good looking as ever.

What two weeks in camp in the wilds of Northern New Brunswick have given them is unpurchasable in Kingston. Not to count sixty tender, fat salmon, broiled, boiled, baked and fried, drawn from the plunging, [illegible] waters and put on the fire [illegible] drops of liquid crystal [illegible] fun of it all, the stirring adventures in taming their game, the fresh, cool winds from the mountains, the long days with late darkness and early suns, the fires of the camp at night and the good fellowship they breed.

Each in his canoe was paddled into the pools of the river at the foot of the swift waters where the guide anchored the canoe. Sometimes the canoe is anchored at the head of the pool, more frequently at the foot or middle. The angler seated in the bow turned down stream casts his fly over the pool gradually lengthening with each cast to the limit of the line. The guide then drops the canoe to the length of the cast and the successive castings are repeated. In this way the pool is cast over to its limits, some pools requiring eight or ten drops of the line. When the salmon strikes the fly something is doing immediately. Frantic plunges that tests the line to its full strength are followed by the ruddy flash of the fish with a leap or two out of the water. Then it sinks to the bottom and the tug of war is just begun. One never knows until the salmon is landed whether or not he has had a successful encounter with the gamiest of fish known in inland waters.

The steaks cut from the game, when prepared for eating, especially when fried with bacon, are delicious. If the line breaks or the fish in any way gets away, it is all in a day's events, for there are plenty more. They are alert and aggressive and rarely does a cast drop the fly where any of these fish are lurking that they fail to make a grab at the intruder.

The salmon bagged in these two weeks, more than three score, by a party of three, Messrs. Hasbrouck and Van Etten, being accompanied by Robert E. Whalen, of Albany, ran in weight from eight to twenty-seven pounds each. There were a number of the grilse, the baby salmon, that weighed up to eight pounds. In the same waters they hooked sea trout weighing five pounds. And their camp fare varied to include the native brook trout, weighing from one to four pounds.

The country through which they travelled they saw many kinds of game, deer, moose and foxes, and occasionally a black bear. There are wild ducks in plenty, partridge and many other birds. But the American fishermen that go into the Canadian country after fish never hunt. The concession allowed by that country to Americans is never jeopardized by violation of any of the game laws.

This is the third season these three gentlemen have gone into camp on the Pestigouche. The location of their camp is in the vast lumbering regions party enclosed with mountains. It is primitive woods partly lumbered in places. Looking on a map of New Brunswick one sees a big track void of anything to indicate civilization. It lies between the northern border of the province in the west and the upper St. Johns river. There is a travel of about 1,600 miles between Kingston and the camp they occupied which one may locate on the map by finding St. Leonards on the south, on the St. Johns, and Campbeltown on the north. They were midway between those two points with not a dozen houses within sixty miles of them.

At Montreal they changed to the Inter-Colonial Railroad. After a ride along the St. Lawrence of about 700 miles they changed at Campbeltown to a one-track government railroad which is principally maintained for shipping lumber. A passenger car is attached to the train alternate days. The supplies taken into their camps are boated on the river, flatboats towed by horses. At Kedgwick they took a buckboard over a tote road built to tote out lumber to the nearest railroad station. They travelled nine miles over corduroy and all other kinds of a track, accompanied by three guides and a cook. They have gone in the other way. From St. Lawrence on the C. P. R., via Perth.

Or they could reach their camp in a longer and more roundabout way by the way of Boston and St. John, or Fredericton, then up the St. John river.

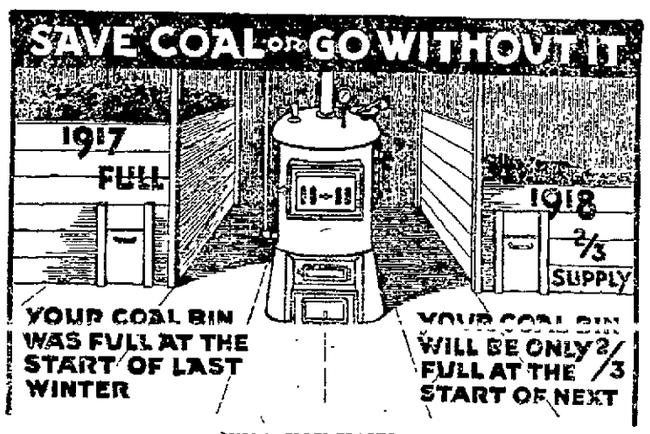
Speaking of conditions as they found them on their road going and coming through Canada they describe the remarkable scenic beauties of the St. Lawrence, the environs of Quebec, which they could see across the river where their train stopped, the great bridge that was lifted by a storm from its abutments and set up almost in an uninjured position on shore some distance away. Also the falls of Montereney was a magnificent sight. They tell of the warlike conditions they encountered. Cars half filled with trained nurses on their way to Halifax and across the sea, which greatly impressed these gentlemen with their serious expressions. Car after car loaded with cots set in position in the cars and made up ready for occupancy were seen along the road. Cars fitted up to receive the convalescent, the wounded and injured, when they arrive at Canadian ports that were being taken to the seaboard. This may be seen sooner or later in this country if the war continues much longer. At stations our fisher party saw men with crutches still wearing their uniform. At Montreal they saw companies of troops, the parks filled with them. They also witnessed at many stations recruits in civilian attire ready to be entrained, a scene common with Kingston. They were drafted contingents.

In leaving camp they took to the water route, canoeing sixty miles which they made in one day to Metapedia where they took train home on the Canadian government railroad. This canoe journey was one of the delights of the trip. Wilderness, wilderness, wilderness; the mountains descending in many places direct into the river. The waters running calm and clear in the sunshine shadowed the summits, as clearly seen as the mountains themselves, so at times in calm stretches of the water the canoes seemed to be riding between haven and earth. On their way out they were entertained at luncheon by Dudley Olcutt and H. Paige Smith of Albany whose camp lay along the stream. The country is largely wooded with spruce and fir with many large cedars. Stretches of flat lands often seen were assumed to be exceedingly fertile from the luxuriance of the grasses and small growths of foliage.

They speak in eulogistic terms of their reception by the Canadians in Montreal and the war spirit they observed throughout Canada, even as shown by the few natives they encountered in the woods and at the small stations where they left the trains. Canadians are feeling very proud of the fact that they are fighting side by side with Uncle Sam, who they regard in the light of a big brother.

Safety Matches Cause of Disease.

"Four writers in turn," says the Ugeskrift for Laeger, Copenhagen, "describe cases of eczema which they were unable to explain, in the otherwise healthy patients until they learned of Rasch's experience with local poisoning of the skin from the use of a certain brand of safety matches. In most of the patients the burn was on the thighs corresponding to the trousers pockets in which they carried the match boxes."


SAVE COAL OR GO WITHOUT IT
1917
FULL
11-11
1918
2/3
SUPPLY
YOUR COAL BIN WAS FULL AT THE START OF LAST WINTER
YOUR COAL BIN WILL BE ONLY 2/3 FULL AT THE START OF NEXT

WILL YOU HAVE—
—A THIRD LESS HEAT,
—A COLD HOUSE DURING A THIRD OF THE WINTER,

OR WILL YOU HAVE—
—YOUR HEATING PLANT MODERNIZED TO HEAT YOUR HOME PROPERLY WITH A THIRD LESS COAL?

HEAT CONSERVATION IS THE BUSINESS OF THE MODERN STEAM-FITTER. WE WILL TELL YOU HOW TO GET COMFORT AT THE MINIMUM COST FOR FUEL. INQUIRE NOW—IT IS NOT TOO EARLY.

CANFIELD STOVE CO., Strand and Ferry St., Rondout, N. Y.

JOHN J. LARKIN'S

Big Summer Shoe Sale To Be Continued

DON'T NEGLECT this last opportunity to Shoe up the entire family with the very best of good Shoes and at practically your own prices, so buy up all you can afford as you will never again in these days of high prices have a chance to purchase Shoes of high character at prices such as we are offering them.

A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT

DON'T NEGLECT this last chance as there is still enough to go round and first come first served, so don't be a slacker, get here early.

SHOP NOW WHILE WE HAVE THEM

JOHN J. LARKIN

The Big Shoe Sale **Downtown**

PERRY ARRESTED UNDER LOAFER LAW

He is 35 Years Old and According to Chief Wood Has Not Worked Since May—Given 36 Hours to Get a —Job—Spider Is in Again.

Thomas Perry, 35 years old, is the first man to be arrested and convicted in Kingston under the provisions of the loafer law, and this morning Judge Schirick gave him 36 hours in which to secure a job or enlist in the army.

Perry was arrested by Chief Wood Monday afternoon on Abeel street, near Wurts street. According to Chief Wood he has not worked since May. The charge lodged against Perry was that he is not regularly employed or engaged in a useful occupation.

It developed that two weeks ago Sergeant Phinney met Perry and notified him he had better seek a job. At that time Perry assured the sergeant he was expecting to leave town as he had a job. He neglected to do so and according to the police has managed to keep out of sight of an officer until he was taken by surprise Monday afternoon when the police car drew up to the curb and Chief Wood, jumping out, placed him under arrest.

Perry was held at police headquarters this morning until the health officer could make a physical examination which is required under a new ruling of the federal department.

Spider in Again.

Monday morning John McMahon, better known as Spider, was released from the county jail after serving a sixty days' term for public intoxication. About 5 o'clock that afternoon he was found helplessly drunk at the Strand and Broadway, and was taken in tow by Officer Dempsey. This morning Spider was sent back to the county hotel for 90 days.

VICTORY MENUS.

These menus, planned to conserve time, labor and money, to save the foods that are scarce and use those of which there is an abundance, are Victory Menus in more senses than one. They are prepared by the Department of Home Economics of the State College of Agriculture and endorsed by the New York State Food Commission.

Wednesday.

Breakfast — Sliced watermelon (left over); corn flakes with top milk; *fish and potato cakes; coffee.

Lunch or Supper—Potato salad; creamed corn; cocoa; * cookies.

Dinner—Braised liver with vegetables, mashed potatoes, *catsup, *Indian pudding with cream.

*May be omitted and still leave a balanced meal.

Milk for the children to drink at each meal.

During the hot days of August try serving your cocoa iced. Cocoa is a good food because of the milk in contains and its value is just as great when served iced as when hot.

Rolled Oats and Cornmeal Cookies.

One cup cornmeal, 1 cup rolled oats, 1 cup molasses, 1 teaspoon salt, 1 cup sour milk, ½ cup fat, 1 teaspoon soda, 1 cup buckwheat flour, ½ teaspoon nutmeg; ¼ teaspoon ginger.

Heat the cornmeal, the rolled oats, the molasses, the salt and the milk together, stirring the mixture constantly until it becomes a thick paste. Remove it from the fire, and add the fat and the sifted soda, flour, and spices. Allow the mixture to stand until it is cold. Roll it thin, cut it with a small cutter, and bake the cookies in a moderately hot oven.

Braised Liver.

Skewer, it in a shape and lard the upper side of calf's liver. Place in a deep pan, with trimming from larding fat; surround with one-fourth cup each carrot, onion and celery, cut in dice; one-fourth teaspoon peppercorns, two cloves, bit bay leaf, and two cups brown stock or water Cover closely and bake slowly two hours, uncovering the last 20 minutes. Remove from pan, strain liquor, and use liquor for the making of a brown sauce with one and one-half tablespoons butter and two spoons flour. Pour the sauce around the liver for serving.

Recipes for any of the dishes in these menus which cannot be found in cook books, may be had by writing to the Department of Home Economics, State College of Agriculture, Ithaca, N. Y.

Increase in Cottage-Cheese Sales.

Reports from four western cities where cottage-cheese campaigns have recently been completed show largely increased sales of this wholesome meat substitute. The following increased daily sales are recorded: Sale Lake City, Utah, from 375 to 850 pounds; Spokane, Wash., from 100 to 1,800 pounds; Seattle, Wash., from 1,115 to 1,675 pounds; San Francisco, Cal., from 393.5 to 1,624 pounds; or a total increase of 3,969 pounds of cottage cheese sold daily in the four cities. This is the result of 10-day campaigns in each city in which the food value of cottage cheese and its use in new dishes was demonstrated by a woman agent in dairying and in which the creameries and milk plants were assisted in making cheese by two representatives from the United States Department of Agriculture, and the State Agricultural College.

Mailing Yourself Money.

Every time you stick a Thrift or War Saving Stamp on your card you are mailing money to yourself to be received later with interest. Cashing in these stamps is going to be better than "getting money from home," for with the money comes the reminder that you contributed to the great victory which then will have been completely won.

The Quality First Store

ROSE-GORMAN-ROSE INC.

Formerly HERBERT CARL DRY GOODS CO.

A Popular Summer Time Novelty "SPIDERWEB HATS"

You Make Them Yourself

(AT THE ART GOODS SECTION)

To have just the right hat for every sport and dress occasion is now an easy problem.

We have "Spiderweb Hats" in a most tempting variety of fashionable shapes in every becoming style. Even a child can make one of these creations in a few hours—the strand of material is simply wound around the radiating wires of the specially constructed "Spiderwek" frames. They may be made of CHENILLE YARN or ribbon in any desired color combination.

In this way we have made it possible for you to have three or four very chic hats to exactly match your sport sweaters for the price of one hat of the same style and charm.

We now have a complete assortment of yarns and chenille in all of the popular shades to complete these hats.

Hat Frames - - - - - - 75c

Book of Instructions - 10c

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

Show Your Service Flag Now

Let the World Know "Your Boy's in Line"

FELT SERVICE PENNANTS make a very neat display. 24 inches long 25c; 27 inches loug.....29c

SATIN SERVICE HANGERS. A very pretty hanger, with a red, white and blue cord hanger; 8½x13½.....59c

HABUTAI SILK HANGER. Size 12x18, complete with cord; one, two or three stars.....$1.25

BUNTING SERVICE FLAGS, made of an extra heavy cotton bunting, colors guaranteed; canvas heading, brass grommets, size 1½x2, 98c 2½x4, $1.50; 3x5.....$2.50

To Organizations---Special Low Prices on Guaranteed Fast Color Service Flags. Extra Stars Free.

Buy Your Bathing Togs at R-G-R's

Bathing Hats, Bathing Suits, Bathing Shoes
Kapok Water Wings, Floating Pillows
The Largest Assortments---Lowest Prices

SEED CORN.

Hints to Aid in Selection From Stalks.

Seed corn should be selected from stalks standing where they grew because only then, with certainty, can seed be obtained from—

Stalks that have a tendency to yield well as shown by their superiority over surrounding stalks that grew under the same conditions. (Such seed inherits high producing power.)

Stalks without suckers. (Such seed produces fewer suckers than seeds from suckerbearing stalks.)

Storm-proof stalks with ears at a desirable height.

Seed corn should be selected as soon as it matures because—

Desirable stalks, especially early maturing stalks with hanging ears are then most easily found.

Freezing weather injures the seed before it becomes dry.

Warm, wet weather may cause kernels to sprout before drying.

If the selection is delayed in the south the ears may become infested with weevils, grain, moths, and their eggs.

It is as easy, more satisfactory and much more profitable than selecting from cribs in the spring.

FARBER'S FEET CRUSHED.

Sitting in Back of Auto As It Backed Into Building.

Isaac Farber, the kosher butcher residing at the corner of East Union and Chambers street, had both feet crushed quite badly Monday evening. He was sitting in the back of an auto and it backed into a building catching his feet between the auto and the building. It is thought that a small bone in one of his feet was broken. He was confined to his bed today under a physician's care.

UNION CENTER.

Union Center, July 29.—The Hudson Camp Fire Girls will hold a grand council fire on the Union Center school grounds. A program is being provided and after a social ice cream, peanuts, soft drinks, watermelon and candy will be on sale. Friday evening, August 2, 1918. Program commencing at 8:30. Everybody welcome. If stormy next fair evening.

Webster Proper of Yonkers, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Proper.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Soper spent Sunday at Poughkeepsie visiting Mrs. Soper's sister.

Mrs. Joseph T. Wells and daughter, Mildred, are visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. E. Hendrickson, at Oyster Bay, L. I.

Using Plaster of Paris.

If you wish to use plaster of paris for filling cracks in walls, mix with vinegar instead of water, then it can be handled like putty.

GEO. W. PARISH

Metal Ceilings and Side Walls. Steam and Vacuum Carpet Cleaning. 276 Hasbrouck Avenue N. 1. Phone, 691.

SPORTING GOODS For Summer Vacations

TENNIS RACQUETS, TENNIS BALLS, TENNIS COURT MARKING TAPE FOR DOUBLE COURT

Kodaks---Films and Supplies

Developing and Printing---Twenty-Four Hour Service

OFFICIAL AUTOMOBILE BLUE BOOK AND ROAD MAPS

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307 Wall St. Phone 708

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Lorenzo D. Reiven, late of the town of Esopus, county of Ulster, deceased, intestate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, the administratrix of the estate of said deceased, at the office of Henry E. McKenzie in Port Ewen, in the said town of Esopus, on or before the 12th day of August, 1918.

Dated, February 4, 1918.

ESTHER RELYEA,
Administratrix.

Henry E. McKenzie, Attorney, Port Ewen, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against William V. Gillespie, late of the town of Shandaken, county of Ulster, deceased, testate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Celia Gillespie, the executrix of the estate of said deceased, at her residence at Phoenicia, in the said town of Shandaken, on or before the first day of November 1918.

Dated April 15, 1918.

CELIA GILLESPIE,
Executrix of the last Will and Testament of William V. Gillespie, Dec'd, Deceased.

Philip Elting, Attorney, 280 Wall St., Kingston, N. Y.

155 NAMES ON CASUALTY LISTS

(Continued from page 1)

Petere Amber, Wilmette, Ill.
Anthony Balkus, Waterbury, Ct.
Robert J. Bangert, 3712 West 12th street, Chicago.
William Bickerdy, Hyde Chashire, England.
Warren Black, Ottawa, Kansas.
Edward W. Martin, Caimens, Point Marion, Pa.
Joseph W. Cames, Newington, Connecticut.
Merley A. Cook, Anderson, Ind.
John H. Cooper, Monongahela, Pa.
Howard C. Crosby, Roxbury, Mass.
John A. Cross, Chicago.
Robert O. Davis, Fairhaven, Vt.
John E. Deso, Champlain, N. Y.
Harry M. Duhlantis, Montegut, La.
Archie Ewens, Pittsburgh, Pa.
George R. Feeley, Natick, Mass.
Joseph M. Feeley, Natick, Mass.
Santos F. Arnold, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Russell Ora Gilmore, Brant, Ky.
George H. Gould, Dorchester, Massachusetts.
Charles Gueterman, Brooklyn, New York.
Louis C. Gueriskie, New York.
Joseph C. A. Guiliani, Philadelphia, Pa.
Gray Hanranhan, Bridgeport, Connecticut.
William M. Meyer Harvey, Philadelphia, Pa.
Donald A. Haskel, Lincoln, Me.
Bror Orlaf Hjelin, Cambridge, Minnesota.
Leo J. Holland, Providence, R. I.
Robert E. Irwin, Newtonville, Massachusetts.
Harry M. Jorney, Concord, N. C.
Albert C. Kantack, Meriden, Conn.
William S. Kelley, Haverhill, Mass
Thomas E. Kennedy, Boston, Mass.
Beneditto Leali, Odola, Brescia, Italy.
Albert Leally, St. Charles, Ill.
Arthur Lindsley, Herman, Texas.
Chauncey E. Lopp, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orborn R. Lundren, Somerville, Massachusetts.
Wm. V. Caffery, Washington, Pennsylvania.
William T. McGlory, Wakefield, Massachusetts.
George E. Maher, Malden, Mass.
Leonard J. Morrison, Versailles, Pennsylvania.
Augustine F. Mulqueeney, S. Boston, Mass.
Shirley C. Nifong, Fredericks-town, Mo.
Marino Panza, New York.
Albert Hascello, Quadri, Cheiti, Italy.
Frank Pavel, Tyndall, S. D.
Rudolph Pavel, Tyndall, S. D.
Jesse A. Pharas, Walla Walla, Washington.
James A. Phillips, Monessen, Pa.
Arthur D. Preston, Malden, Mass.
John L. Rothie, Yalr, Idaho.
Flavien A. Rousseau, Rutland, Vt.
Ernest C. Rowland, Allentown, Pa.
Henry C. Schmidt, New Britain, Connecticut.
James P. Shea, Hartford, Conn.
Charles Steinbern, Milwaukee, Wis
Max A. Straub, Hernandon, Pa.
Harold N. Strom, Akron, O.
Fred Stuart, Brookfield, Mo.
David B. Sullivan, Erik, Neb.
Mark N. Trostle, Franklin Grove, Illinois.
Frank Van Giulder, Sacramento.
Edward White, Baltimore, Md.
Gus Young, French Mills, Mo.

Wounded Slightly.

Private Raymond Wolfrom, Indianapolis, Ind.

Missing in Action.

Sergeant Joseph Russoff, Catani, Italy.
Privates:
Ira J. Melvin, Baldwinsville, N. Y.
Yvan Nicoloff, Costensea, Rumania.

The Marine Corps list was:

Killed in Action.

Sergeant:
John D. Rodgers, Equality, Ills.
Corporal William Otto, Chicago.
Privates:
Charles H. Kellum, Oak Park, Ill.
Geo. L. Young, 215 No. Fifth West, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Jay E. Zender, Fredonia, N. Y.

Died of Wounds Received in Action.

Private Lewis M. McCurry, Wheatland, Calif.

Wounded in Action (Severely.)

Privates:
George Boyum, Minneapolis, Minn.
Edward C. Collohy, Covington, Ky.
Arthur W. Hanson, New York Mills, Minn.
James J. Shananhan, Baltimore, Md.

WEST PARK.

West Park, July 29.—Among the guests at Ascension rectory recently have been the Rev. and Mrs. T. G. Losee of Walden and Mr. and Mrs. Norman Hunt and son of Portchester on Monday last, and Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Minard of Clintondale on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Foote of Grand Rapids, Mich., with Miss Florence Capron of Montclair, N. J., stopped to see Ascension Church on Monday. Miss Capron is a granddaughter of the Rev. Alexander Capron, rector of Ascension Church from 1884-1886. Miss Capron's father was the Rev. Cyrus Jackson Kemper Capron of Middletown.

The Rev. and Mrs. T. G. Losee and the Rev. and Mrs. Richard C. Searing started for Saratoga Springs on Monday morning for a few days' trip.

Grape-Nuts
Ever Try it?
Grape Nuts
A food that appeals to most appetites and supplies sturdy muscle-building nourishment

AN ULSTER COUNTY SAILOR

WILLIAM E. DUBOIS.

Enlisted in navy July, 1917. Now o nthe U. S. S. Leviathan. He is a brother of Herman DuBois of Co. A, 309th Machine Gun Battalion. His home is in this city.

OUR FINANCES.

Comparing Them With Enemy's an Optimistic Task.

Pessimistic Americans who view with alarm our increasing national obligations may derive a great deal of comfort from a comparison of the financial condition of the United States contrasted with that of Germany.

The total resources of the United States are estimated at about $250,000,000,000; our annual earnings are estimated at about $50,000,000,000. Our national debt, including the third liberty loan, may be put around $12,000,000,000.

Before the war our government was spending about $1,000,000,000 a year. When the war is ended, interest charges, less the interest collected from our loans to our allies, government insurance expenses, and other necessary expenditures growing out of the war may conservatively be estimated at something like $1,000,000,000. We are confronted, therefore, when peace comes, with raising only a couple of billions a year revenue, a slight task for a nation of such tremendous wealth, capacity and resources.

The resources of Germany before the war were estimated to be $80,000,000,000. The annual expenditures then of the Imperial Government were about $800,000,000. Her debt now is $30,000,000,000, and her resouces and man power have been severely impaired. After the war she is confronted with additional expenditures growing out of the war totaling some $4,000,000,000.

The interest of her war debt, even if the debt grows no larger, will be about $1,500,000,000. Although she is niggardly in her pensions to private soldiers and their families, $1,000,000,000 a year would hardly suffice to pay even small pensions to her injured and the families of her soldiers who have been killed. Her war debt must be paid some time and a sinking fund of 5 per cent would add $1,500,000,000 to her annual taxation. Here is a total increase of $4,000,000,000 all due to the war.

Of course both the United States and Germany may greatly increase their debts, but the increases will not change the relative situations.

The German government has drained the German people of their gold, even their jewels and heirlooms and yet the Imperial Bank of Germany now has but little over $500,000,000 of gold in its vaults. The United States has made no special effort to obtain gold, has made no call upon the people for the precious metal, and yet today has in its treasury vaults practically $2,500,000,000 of gold coin and bullion.

ORANGE COUNTY FAIR.

Exhibit This Year Will Take on Patriotic Character.

The Orange County Agricultural Society was established in 1841—seventy-eight years ago. The fairs have been continuously even through the civil war. Now that nearly the whole world is at war, the coming exhibition, August 13-14-15-16, will be carried on as usual, but in a way to show the patriotism of the managers. Changes will be made to conform with the conditions of the times.

The plan adopted by the managers to help the Red Cross secure funds by the advanced sale of admission tickets to the fair and races, shows their willingness to give a portion of their receipts for the alleviation of the suffering of those engaged directly in the war.

Since the government is emphasizing the necessity of producing a great amount of food for consumption at home and abroad, much time and energy is being spent in agriculture. For this reason all classes in the grain, fruit and vegetable departments of the fair should be filled to compete for the large amount of money offered for premiums. Entries close Thursday, August 8th.

A new feature has been added to the culinary department. Mr. Hoover has limited the use of wheat flour and sugar. Special premiums are offered for war and liberty breads if accompanied by the recipes. Here will be an opportunity for housewives to learn new ways of using the substitutes.

There will be souvenirs from France sent by our boys at the front. These will be silent reminders of what is being done for us to protect our rights.

The state commissioner of agriculture has asked that the managers accept war savings stamps in payment of their share of the state appropriation.

Well might this exhibition be called a "Fair for Democracy and Liberty."

RUBY.

Ruby, July 29.—Miss Rosa Burns of Kingston, spent the week end with her brother, B. Burns.

Miss Jennie Coleman has returned to her home in Yonkers, N. Y.

Miss Olga C. Berger of Brooklyn, who has been spending some time with her friend, Mrs. George E. Burger, has returned to her home.

Henry Hardt, who has been visiting in Ruby the past week, has returned home.

The Lutheran Church will be closed for the month of August as our pastor, Rev. George Heintz, expects to go on his vacation.

Miss Lillian Auns and sister of Brooklyn, N. Y., are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Greenburg.

Mrs. Cannon and family of Brooklyn, N. Y, called on Mrs. George E. Burger.

Mrs. George E. Burger and son, with Miss Olga C. Berger, motored to Albany Monday.

Short Life in Prospect.

A girl in Riverside City, a Muncie suburb, was singing loudly one evening, "I Would Not Live Always." A woman next door, trying to put the baby to sleep, sent the following note by her six-year-old son to the young singer: "If you don't stop that noise on receipt of this, you won't even live a few minutes."—Indianapolis News.

MURAD
THE TURKISH CIGARETTE
MURAD
THE TURKISH CIGARETTE
S. ANARGYROS
CAPITAL STOCK OWNED BY P. LORILLARD CO.
After the smoke of battle—the most refreshing smoke is MURAD!
20 Cents
Anargyros
Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

Reason for It.

A millionaire merchant says: "My success is probably due to the fact that at night I store my mind and during the day I mind my store."

Plenty of Room to Grow.

Australia, which is 23 times larger than the whole of the British isles, has a population not exceeding that of London.

Oldest Bank in Ulster County

Original Charter Dated 1831

National Ulster County Bank

COR. WALL AND JOHN STS., KINGSTON, N. Y.

Depository of the UNITED STATES for Postal Savings Funds.
Depository of the STATE OF NEW YORK.

4% Capital $150,000.00
Surplus and Profits $100,000.00
Resources Over ... $1,400,000.00 4%
4 PER CENT PER ANNUM
Paid on Time Interest Accounts

Not Subject to Check and Remaining Three Months.

This Bank has never failed to pay an annual dividend to its stockholders in the eighty-seven years of its existence.

FREDERICK J. R. CLARKE, President.
JAMES A. BETTS, Vice-President.
CHARLES SNYDER, Cashier.

The House of Taylor

HOTEL MARTINIQUE

Broadway, 32d & 33d Sts., New York.
Direct Entrance to Broadway Subway and Hudson Tubes.
One Block from Pennsylvania Station
Equally Convenient for Amusements Shopping or Business.
RATES $2.00 PER DAY AND UP.
A SPECIALTY
155 Pleasant Rooms, with Private Bath, $3.00 PER DAY.
The Martinique Restaurants Are Well Known for Good Food and Reasonable Prices.

IN THE HEART OF THINGS
400 Baths
600 Rooms

ATTENTION TO SHIRT OPERATORS!

To all sewing machine operators and those desiring to learn this work, we offer the following inducements:

GOOD WAGES (Based on Ability) EXPERT INSTRUCTION
$7.00 Per Week For Beginners
FULLER'S SHIRT FACTORY
45-47 Pine Grove Ave. Kingston, N. Y.

WANT "ADS" INSERTED AT THE SMALL COST OF CENT-A-WORD

GRAVELED ROADS ARE CHEAP

Can Be Built and Satisfactorily Maintained at a Less Cost Than Other Types.

(By E. B. HOUSE, State Agricultural College, Fort Collins, Colo.)

I have heard considerable discussion lately concerning the policy of our state highway commission in constructing the kind of roads it has decided upon, and it is often argued that the only type of road is the so-called permanent road, the one that needs no maintenance.

If one will take a pencil and do a little figuring, he can easily convince

Good Road in West.

himself that the policy of the state highway commission is the correct one. Let us consider first of all the expensive type of road construction, such as concrete, or the best grade of macadam. This type of road will cost approximately $10,000 per mile, and let us suppose that the cost of construction is met by issuing 20-year 4½ per cent bonds. The annual expense on account of this first cost would be about $780 per mile. And these roads will need some maintenance, possibly not much over $50 per mile per year. This brings the total cost up to about $830 annually per mile for the expensive or so-called permanent type of road.

Now take a well-constructed gravel road and the cost for this road will run about $4,000 per mile for construction, figuring again on a basis of 20-year 4½ per cent bonds and the annual account for first cost will be about $310 per mile. The cost for maintaining these roads, if properly done, runs up pretty high, and it can be well done with an expenditure of about $240 per mile per year.

This makes a total annual cost then for the surfaced road of approximately $550 annually per mile. A comparison of these two annual costs shows $280 per mile per year in favor of the cheaper roads.

MONEY SPENT ON HIGHWAYS

Over $300,000,000 Expended for Construction and Maintenance in United States in 1916.

More than $300,000,000 was spent on highway construction and maintenance in the United States in 1916. Of this amount 16 Southern states spent approximately $52,000,000. The state of California has voted $15,000,000 to be spent in perfecting the state highway system and not a single county failed to give the empowering measure a majority. Ohio is talking of a $50,000,000 highway bond issue and the state of Illinois will put to its voters at the 1918 election the question of issuing $60,000,000 in highway bonds, the interest and retiring fund for which is to be provided for by an increase in the motor vehicle registration fees.

EXPENSE OF IMPROVED ROAD

Manifest Advantage, as Well as Necessity for Good Roads Seems to Be Educating People.

Within very recent memory the expense of good roads has been bitterly opposed by farmers. The increasing tax rate, due to many causes, has been viewed with the greatest alarm. Within the last year, the manifest advantage, as well as the actual necessity, of better rural highways seems to be gradually educating the public to the viewpoint that good roads are an accompaniment to the changing times in the agricultural world. The only question now is whether or not, with all the vast sums expended for road improvement, we can get good roads soon enough.

Work Drag After Rains.

There are many times when a day's work can be spared on the road. After heavy rains the road may need certain repairs or improvements when the overseer is not ready to call out the hands. Why not individual farmers donate a day's work on the road at such time?

Joy Ride to Town.

A trip to town now to lay in the winter supply of necessities, is a joy ride compared to what that same trip will be when the roads get muddy.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 272.

AN ACT to authorize the armory commission of the third brigade district to reconvey certain lands heretofore appropriated for military purposes, pursuant to chapter two hundred and seventy-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. If, pursuant to chapter two hundred and seventy-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen, the armory commission of the third brigade district shall have heretofore appropriated any land and shall have commenced condemnation proceedings to determine the amount of compensation to be paid therefor, such commission may, if satisfied that the acquisition of such land will entail an unjustifiable expense on the part of the state, offer to reconvey such lands to the former owner therefor, or his heirs or assigns, and, upon the acceptance of such offer may reconvey such lands accordingly, and if such reconveyance be accepted such commission shall pay to such former owner, his heirs or assigns, a just and reasonable compensation for the use of such land during the times it shall have been occupied by the state, and also counsel fees and expenses incurred by him in the condemnation proceedings for determining the amount of compensation to be paid for such lands by the state, such payments and expenses to be determined by the commissioners of appraisal heretofore appointed in such proceedings. The balance remaining unexpended of any money heretofore appropriated, pursuant to chapter two hundred and seventy-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen, for the purposes of such act, or reappropriated for such purpose, shall be available for the payments authorized by this act and the incidental expenses of the armory commission in carrying out its provisions.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 273.

AN ACT to amend chapter three hundred and eighty-four of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, entitled "An act providing for the use for military purposes of the state lands at Beekman acquired for the Industrial Farm Colony," in relation to the duration of such use.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one of chapter three hundred and eighty-four of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, entitled "An act providing for the use for military purposes of the state lands at Beekman acquired for the Industrial Farm Colony," is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 1. The land and premises situated in the town of Beekman in Dutchess county, owned by the state and acquired by the board of managers of the Industrial Farm Colony pursuant to chapter eight hundred and twelve of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, shall be under the jurisdiction and control of the state armory commission for the period of one year after the termination of the war between United States and the German empire and its allies for use for a mobilization camp and for other military purposes.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 274.

AN ACT to amend the penal law, in relation to the amount of allowance by the state for maintenance of tramps in penitentiaries.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section twenty-three hundred and seventy of the penal law is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 2370. Punishment of tramps. Every tramp, upon conviction as such shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor in the nearest penitentiary for not more than six months, and the expense during such imprisonment shall be paid by the state at the rate of sixty cents per day per capita. Any act of vagrancy by any person not a resident of the state shall be evidence that the person committing the same is a tramp within the meaning of this article.

§ 2. This act shall take effect September first, nineteen hundred and eighteen.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 275.

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to qualifications of local health officers.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section twenty of chapter forty-nine of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to the public health, constituting chapter forty-five of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter one hundred and sixty-five of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, chapter five hundred and fifty-nine of the laws of nineteen hundred and thirteen, chapter one hundred and twenty-four and chapter five hundred and fifty-five of the laws of nineteen hundred and fifteen and chapter three hundred and sixty-nine of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 20. Local boards of health. There shall continue to be local boards of health and health officers in the several cities, villages, and towns of the state except as hereinafter provided. In the cities, except cities of the first and second class, the board shall consist of the mayor of the city who shall be its president, and at least six other persons, one of whom shall be a competent physician, who shall be appointed by the common council, upon the nomination of the mayor, and shall hold office for three years. Appointments of members of such boards shall be made for such shorter terms as at any time may be necessary, in order that the terms of two appointed members shall expire annually. In the cities, except cities of the first and second class, and such other cities whose charters otherwise provide, the board shall appoint, for a term of four years, a competent physician, not one of its members, to be the health officer of the city, and shall fill any vacancy that now exists or may hereafter exist from expiration of term or otherwise in the office of health officer of the city. In villages the board of health shall consist of the board of trustees of such village. In towns the board of health shall consist of the town board. The local board of health shall appoint a competent physician, not a member of the local board of health, to be the health officer of the municipality. Notwithstanding the provisions of any general or local law or charter, a physician who has received the degree of doctor of public health in course from any institution of learning recognized by the regents of the university of the state of New York, or who has completed a course in public health approved by the public health council at the time of his appointment, shall be eligible for appointment as health officer. The term of office of the health officer shall be four years and he shall hold office until the appointment of his successor. He may be removed for just cause by the local board of health or the state commissioner of health after a hearing; such removal by the local board of health must be approved by the state commissioner of health. The health officer need not reside within the village or town for which he shall be chosen. Notice of the membership and organization of every local board of health shall be forthwith given by such board to the state department of health. The term "municipality," when used in this article, means the city, village, town or consolidated health district for which any such local board may be or is appointed. The provisions herein contained as to boards of health, and for the appointment of health officers, shall apply to all towns and villages, whether such villages are organized under general or special laws. The members of town boards and of village boards of trustees and of boards of health of consolidated health districts shall not receive additional compensation by reason of serving as members of boards of health. Any matter within the jurisdiction of a town or village board of health may be considered and acted upon at any meeting of such town board or village board of trustees.

The state commissioner of health, on the request of the town board of any town and the board of trustees of any village and the common council or other like authority of any city, may combine into one health district, hereinafter referred to as a consolidated health district, any two or more of such towns, villages or cities and may on the request of the town board of any town, board of trustees of any village or common council or other like authority of any city at any time thereafter set apart such town, village or city as a separate health district. In any consolidated health district there shall be a board of health which shall consist of the supervisor of each town, the president of the board of trustees of each village, and the mayor of each city included in each district, provided that if the number of members so provided for is an even number, such members shall within thirty days after such district shall have been established by the state commissioner of health choose an additional member of such board of health to be known as the elective member. An elective member shall serve for a term of two years from the first day of January preceding his election and until his successor shall have been appointed, provided that if at any time the number of members of the board of health, excluding the elective member, shall become an odd number, the term of office of the elective member shall thereupon cease.

The board of health of a consolidated health district shall from time to time elect a president from among its members. The health officer of a consolidated health district shall serve as the secretary of the board of health thereof without additional remuneration therefor.

In each such consolidated health district the board of health shall appoint a health officer. Each board of health and each health officer of a consolidated health district shall have all the rights, powers, duties and obligations conferred and imposed by law upon boards of health and health officers respectively.

When any consolidated health district is established, as herein provided, the boards of health of the towns, villages or cities included within such district, shall thereupon cease to exist as boards of health, and all their rights, powers, duties and obligations shall thereupon be transferred to the board of health of such district. When the board of health of any such consolidated health district shall have appointed a health officer therefor, the terms of office of the health officers of the towns, villages or cities included in such district shall cease, and all their rights, powers, duties and obligations shall thereupon be transferred to and imposed upon the health officer appointed for such consolidated health district.

The board of health of any such consolidated health district shall from time to time audit all accounts, and allow or reject all charges, claims and demands against such health district for the remuneration and expenses of the health officer, registrar or registrars, and for all other expenses lawfully incurred by said board of health or on its authority. Unless such board of health of such consolidated health district adopts the estimate system of payment as provided by this section they shall, prior to the annual meeting of the board of supervisors each year, make an abstract, to be known as the consolidated health district abstract, of the names of all persons who have presented to them accounts to be audited, the amounts claimed by each such person and the amounts finally audited and approved by them respectively, and, if such district be wholly in one county, shall deliver such abstract to the clerk of the board of supervisors. If such consolidated health district be located in more than one county the board of health of such district shall divide the total amount of the consolidated health district abstract as audited and approved in proportion to the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of the towns, villages or cities of such consolidated health district located in each county, as determined by the last preceding assessment-rolls of the towns or cities wholly or partly included in such district, and shall deliver a certified copy of such abstract to the board of supervisors of each such county, with a statement of the amount due from the real and personal property of each town, village or city of the consolidated health district in each such county on account of the expenses of such board. The board of supervisors of each such county shall levy a tax upon the real and personal property within such health district sufficient to provide for the sums audited and approved by the board of health thereof and chargeable to the real and personal property of each town, village or city of the consolidated health district in each such county. Such sums, when collected and paid to the county treasurer of each such county respectively, shall be paid by him to the president of such board of health and shall be disbursed by him in accordance with the abstract of claims audited and approved by such board of health, as hereinabove provided.

The board of health of any consolidated health district may annually make an estimate of the expenses of such board for the ensuing calendar year and, if such district be wholly in one county, shall deliver a certified copy of such estimate to the clerk of the board of supervisors of such county prior to the annual meeting of the board preceding such year. If such consolidated health district be located in more than one county, the board of health of such district shall proportion the total amount of such estimate in the same manner as provided by this section for proportioning the expenses of such a district when audited and approved by the board, and shall deliver to the clerk of the board of supervisors of each such county a certified statement of the total estimate and the amount due from the real and personal property of each town, village or city of the consolidated health district in each such county on account thereof. The board of supervisors of each such county shall levy a tax upon the real and personal property within such health district sufficient to provide for the portion of the amount of such estimate chargeable to the real and personal property of each town, village or city of the consolidated health district in each such county. Such sums, when collected and paid to the county treasurer of each county respectively shall be paid by him to the president of such board of health and shall be disbursed by the board of health in accordance with the estimates. After such estimate system has been adopted by a consolidated health district, the board of health thereof shall deduct from the estimate for the succeeding calendar year the amount, if any, remaining in the hands of such board after all of the liabilities incurred on account of the preceding estimate have been paid, before the certified statement of the total estimate and the amount due from the real and personal property of each town, village or city of the consolidated health district in each such county is certified to the respective clerks of the boards of supervisors for collection.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 277.

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to furnishing necessary data to the state tax commission.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section sixty-one of chapter sixty-two of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to taxation, constituting chapter sixty of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter one hundred and eighteen of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven and chapter three hundred and twenty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 61. Statement of valuation and other facts to be forwarded to tax commission. The clerk of each board of supervisors, and in the city of New York the department of taxes and assessments, shall, on or before the second Monday in December, transmit to the tax commission in the form to be prescribed by it a certificate or return showing:

1. The aggregate assessed and equalized valuation of the real estate in each tax district as corrected by such board.

2. The aggregate assessed valuation of the personal estate in each tax district as corrected by such board.

3. The amount of tax assessed on such corrected values for special district, highway, town, city, county and state purposes.

4. The aggregate assessed value of bank stock.

5. The tax rate in each tax district for all purposes except for special district taxes and school taxes in districts where the same is not included in the general tax.

6. The name and post-office address of each incorporated company both domestic and foreign in each tax district in the county, and, except in the city of New York, the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of such corporations.

7. The rates of equalization of all the cities and towns in the county, adopted by the board of supervisors in equalizing real estate assessments under section fifty of the tax law.

The tax commission shall certify to the comptroller, on his request, before the thirty-first of December in each year, such extracts or items, from the returns above mentioned, as he may desire.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 282.

AN ACT to amend the conservation law, in relation to license to collect or possess for propagation, scientific or exhibition purposes.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivision two of section one hundred and fifty-nine of chapter six hundred and forty-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, entitled "An act relating to the conservation of land, forests, waters, parks, hydraulic power, fish and game, constituting chapter sixty-five of the consolidated laws," added by chapter three hundred and eighteen of the laws of nineteen hundred and twelve, as amended by chapter five hundred and eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and thirteen and chapter ninety-two of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

2. The commission may also issue a license revocable at pleasure to any person, permitting such person to take and possess any species of fish, game birds, quadrupeds or aquatic animals, protected by this chapter, for propagation purposes, upon payment of a license fee of one dollar. The commission may, in its discretion, require a bond from such person, in such sum as the commission may determine, conditioned that he will not avail himself of the privileges of said license for purposes not herein set forth.

The commission may issue permits to enable persons to ship fish, game birds, quadrupeds or aquatic animals lawfully taken and possessed for propagation, scientific or educational purposes, under such regulations as the commission may prescribe.

Fish, game birds, quadrupeds or aquatic animals lawfully possessed under this section may be sold at any time, by any person receiving a license under this section, for propagation, scientific, educational or exhibition purposes only.

Persons receiving a license under this section must report the result of operation thereunder annually to the commission, at the expiration of the license. Such license shall be in force for one year only from the date of issue and shall not be transferable.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 278.

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to the time for the commencement of certiorari proceedings, to review special franchise assessments in towns.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section forty-six of chapter sixty-two of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to taxation, constituting chapter sixty of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter eight hundred and four of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, and chapter three hundred and thirty-four of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 46. Certiorari to review assessment. An assessment of a special franchise by the tax commission may be reviewed in the manner prescribed by article thirteen of this chapter, and that article applies so far as practicable to such an assessment, in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if the assessment had been made by local assessors; a petition for a writ of certiorari to review the assessment must be presented within thirty days after the final completion and filing of the assessment-roll, and the first posting or publication of the notice thereof as required by law. Such writ must run to and be answered by said tax commission and no writ of certiorari to review any assessment of a special franchise shall run to any other board or officer unless otherwise directed by the court or judge granting the writ. In cities a copy of said writ and the petition for same shall be furnished to the corporation counsel or other law officer. An adjudication made in the proceeding instituted by such writ of certiorari shall be binding upon the local assessors and any ministerial officer who performs any duty in the collection of the taxes levied upon said assessment in the same manner as though said local assessors or officers had been parties to the proceeding.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 276.

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to a franchise tax on manufacturing and mercantile corporations.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section two hundred and nine of chapter sixty-two of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to taxation, constituting chapter sixty of the consolidated laws," as added by chapter seven hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 209. Franchise tax on corporations based on net income. For the privilege of exercising its franchise in this state in a corporate or organized capacity every domestic manufacturing and every domestic mercantile corporation, and for the privilege of doing business in this state, every foreign manufacturing and every foreign mercantile corporation, except corporations specified in the next section, shall annually pay in advance for the year beginning November first next preceding an annual franchise tax, to be computed by the tax commission upon the basis of its net income for its fiscal or the calendar year next preceding, as hereinafter provided, which income is presumably the same as the income upon which such corporation is required to pay a tax to the United States.

§ 2. Subdivison two of section two hundred and eleven of such chapter, as added by chapter seven hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

2. The amount of its net income for its preceding fiscal or the preceding calendar year as shown in the last return of annual net income made by it to the United States treasury department, and if the corporation shall claim that such return is inaccurate, the amount claimed by it to be the net income for such period.

§ 3. Section two hundred and fourteen of such chapter, as added by chapter seven hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 214. Computation of tax. If the entire business of the corporation be transacted within the state, the tax imposed by this article shall be based upon the entire net income of such corporation for such fiscal or calendar year as returned to the United States treasury department, subject to any correction thereof for fraud, evasion or errors, ascertained by the state tax commission.

If the entire business of such corporation be not transacted within the state, the tax imposed by this article shall be based upon a proportion of such ascertained net income, to be determined in accordance with the following rules:

The proportion of the net income of the corporation upon which the tax under this article shall be based, shall be such portion of the entire net income as the aggregate of

1. The average monthly value of the real property and tangible personal property within the state,

2. The average monthly value of bills and accounts receivable for (a) tangible personal property from its stores or stocks within the state, (b) tangible personal property manufactured or shipped from within the state and (c) service performed within the state,

3. The proportion of the average value of the stocks of other corporations owned by the corporation, allocated to the state as provided by this section,

Bears to the aggregate of

4. The average monthly value of all the real property and tangible personal property of the corporation, wherever located,

5. The average total value of bills and accounts receivable for (a) tangible personal property sold from its stores or stocks within and without the state, (b) tangible personal property manufactured or shipped from within this state and other states and countries, and (c) services performed both within and without this state,

6. The average total value of the stocks of other corporations owned by the corporation.

Real property and tangible personal property shall be taken at its actual value where located. The value of share stock of another corporation owned by a corporation liable hereunder shall for purposes of allocation of assets be apportioned in and out of the state in accordance with the value of the physical property in and out of the state representing such share stock.

§ 4. Section two hundred and nineteen-d of such chapter, as added by chapter seven hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 219-d. Corrections and changes. If the amount of the net income for any year of any corporation taxable under this article as returned to the United States treasury department is changed or corrected by the commissioner of internal revenue or other officer of the United States or other competent authority, such corporation, within ten days after receipt of notice of such change or correction, shall make return under oath or affirmation to the tax commission of such changed or corrected net income, and shall concede the accuracy of such determination or state wherein it is erroneous.

The tax commission shall ascertain, from such return and any other information in the possession of the commission, the net income of such corporation for the fiscal or calendar year for which such change or correction has been made by such commissioner of internal revenue or other officer or authority. All the authority conferred on the tax commission by the provisions of section one hundred and ninety-five of this chapter is hereby granted to it in respect to the ascertainment of such net income. The tax commission shall thereupon reaudit and restate the account of such corporation for taxes based upon the net income for such fiscal or calendar year, such reaudit to be according to the net income so ascertained by the tax commission. The proceedings and determination of the tax commission in the making of such reassessment may be revised and readjusted and reviewed in the manner provided by sections two hundred and eighteen and two hundred and nineteen of this chapter, as in the case of an original assessment of the tax. If from such reassessment it appears that such corporation shall have paid under this article an excess of tax for the year for which such reassessment is made, the tax commission shall return a statement of the amount of such excess to the comptroller, who shall credit such corporation with such amount. Such credit may be assigned by the corporation in whose favor it is allowed to a corporation liable to pay taxes under this article, and the assignee of the whole or any part of such credit on filing with the commission such assignment shall thereupon be entitled to credit upon the books of the comptroller for the amount thereof on the current account for taxes of such assignee in the same way and with the same effect as though the credit had originally been allowed in favor of such assignee. If from such reassessment it appears that an additional tax is due from such corporation for such year, such corporation shall, within thirty days after notice has been given as provided in section two hundred and nineteen-b of this chapter by the tax commission, pay such additional tax.

§ 5. The sections of such chapter amended by this act shall be construed as having been in effect, as so amended, as of the date of the original enactment of article nine-a of the tax law, as added by chapter seven hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen.

§ 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 279.

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to the assessment-rolls of towns.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section thirty-nine of chapter sixty-two of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to taxation, constituting chapter sixty of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter three hundred and twenty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen and chapter four hundred and ninety-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 39. Filing of roll and notice thereof. In cities the assessment-roll when thus finally completed and verified shall be filed on or before September first, in the office of the city clerk, there to remain for fifteen days for public inspection. The assessors shall forthwith cause a notice to be posted conspicuously in at least three public places in the tax district and to be published in one or more newspapers, if any, published in the city, that such assessment-roll has been finally completed and stating that it has been so filed and will be open to public inspection. At the expiration of such fifteen days, the city clerk shall deliver such roll to a supervisor of the tax district embraced therein. In towns assessors shall prepare and verify the assessment-roll, and make and certify one copy thereof. When the assessment-roll shall have been thus finally completed and verified, and the copy thereof certified the assessors shall, on or before the fifteenth day of September, file the said certified copy in the office of the town clerk, to remain for public inspection until delivered by the town clerk to the supervisor of the town as hereinafter provided. The assessors shall forthwith cause a notice to be posted conspicuously in at least three public places in the tax district and to be published in one or more newspapers, if any, published in the town, that such assessment-roll has been finally completed and stating that such certified copy has been so filed. The original assessment-roll shall on or before the first day of October be delivered by the assessors to a supervisor of the tax district embraced therein. The certified copy of the assessment-roll on file in the town clerk's office, as heretofore provided, shall on the first day of November be delivered by the town clerk to a supervisor of the tax district embraced therein who shall make such corrections as may be made in the original roll by the board of supervisors and shall extend the tax thereon so that such roll shall be in all respects a copy of the original roll delivered to the collector and said certified copy shall thereafter be returned by the supervisor to the office of the town clerk there to remain as a public record. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the board of supervisors of any county may require additional copies of the assessment-rolls of the towns of such county to be made, and specify by whom such additional copies shall be made, the date when the certified copy of the town assessment-roll shall be filed in the office of the town clerk, and the date when the original assessment-roll shall be delivered to the supervisor of the town.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 280.

AN ACT to amend the domestic relations law, in relation to the adoption of children from charitable institutions.

Became a law April 18, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one hundred and fifteen of chapter nineteen of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to the domestic relations, constituting chapter fourteen of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter four hundred and fifty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 115. Adoption from charitable institutions. An orphan asylum or charitable institution, incorporated for the care of orphan, friendless or destitute children may place children for adoption and the adoption of every such child, shall, when practicable, be given to persons of the same religious faith as the parents of such child. The adoption shall be effected by the execution of an instrument containing substantially the same provisions as the instrument provided in this article for voluntary adoption, signed and sealed in the corporate name of such corporation by the officer or officers authorized by the directors thereof to sign the corporate name to such instruments, and signed by the foster parent or parents and each person whose consent is necessary to the adoption; and may be signed by the child if over twelve years of age; all of whom shall appear before the county judge or surrogate of the county where such foster parents reside or, if such foster parents do not reside in this state, in the county where such institution is located, and be examined except that such officers need not appear; and such judge or surrogate may thereupon make the order of adoption provided by this article. Such instrument and order shall be filed and recorded in the office of the county clerk of the county where such adoption takes place and the adoption shall take effect from the time of such filing and recording.

§ 2. This act shall take effect September first, nineteen hundred and eighteen.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 281.

AN ACT to amend the conservation law, in relation to open season for quail.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivision one of section two hundred and fourteen of chapter six hundred and forty-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, entitled "An act relating to conservation of land, forests, waters, parks, hydraulic power, fish and game, constituting chapter sixty-five of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter five hundred and twenty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. Quail. There shall be no open season for quail before October first, nineteen hundred and twenty.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 283.

AN ACT to amend the county law, in relation to the location and construction of bridges.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section sixty-two of chapter sixteen of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to counties, constituting chapter eleven of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 62. Location and construction of bridges. The board may authorize the location, change of location and construction of any bridge, applied for by any town or towns, jointly, or by other than a municipal corporation, created under a general law, or by any corporation or individual for private purposes; and if a public bridge, erected other than by a municipal corporation, establish the rates of toll for crossing such bridge; but if such bridge is to cross a navigable stream, provision shall be made in the resolution or permission authorizing the same, for the erection and maintenance of a suitable draw, to prevent any obstruction of the navigation of such stream; and if a private bridge, provision shall be made that the draw shall be kept open as may be required to permit all vessels to pass without loss of headway. When such bridge shall be intersected by the line of counties, the action of the board of supervisors of each county shall be necessary to give the jurisdiction herein permitted. If such bridge is to cross a stream which is navigable in fact, it, including its abutments, and piers, if any, shall be located and constructed in accordance with maps, plans and specifications to be approved by the state engineer and surveyor and by the superintendent of public works, and not otherwise, and copies of such maps, plans and specifications showing the location, character, design and dimensions of such bridge, and the fact of such approval, shall be filed in the offices of the state engineer and surveyor and of the superintendent of public works.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 286.

AN ACT to accept a demise from H. Salem Curtiss, deceased, to the people of the state of New York, of land in Oswego county, town of Volney, to be used as a game preserve.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The people of the state of New York hereby accept title to the lands mentioned in the last will and testament of H. Salem Curtiss, which will was admitted to probate on July twenty-third, nineteen hundred and seventeen. The said lands are more fully identified and described as consisting of about twenty-seven acres, situate in the town of Volney, county of Oswego, bounded on the west by the lands of Elmer E. Taylor, formerly of one Kellar; east by the river road, so called; south by the lands of George Baker's estate and the lands of Thomas Gale.

Title to such lands is accepted upon the terms and conditions stated in said will, namely, that the land conveyed therein, consisting of about twenty-seven (27) acres, shall forever be dedicated to the purpose of a game preserve and breeding place for game.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

THE FREEMAN'S CENT-A-WORD ADLETS SAVE MONEY, TIME AND WORRIMENT---PUT YOUR "WANTS" UP TO THE LITTLE HUSTLERS

Kingston Daily Freeman.

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KINGSTON, N. Y., JULY 30, 1918.

DON'T BE A CATSPAW.

German efficiency in attention to detail and German unscrupulous ingenuity in masking hellish intent were never more in evidence than in the discoveries made from time to time by agents of our government who are ferreting out the purposes for which the German government's "slush fund" has been used, and is still being used, in this country. The purchase of an English-language and once reputable New York city newspaper, following abortive attempts earlier in the war to establish openly a pro-German paper in the metropolis, the efforts of Jeremiah O'Leary and others of his ilk to play upon prejudices of the Irish in America, the tons of literature sent out by Viereck, are among the least insidious of these efforts to create discord among the American people. One of the latest plots revealed is one that well-informed persons have long known existed, although they could not find proof until the Secret Service found it for them. We refer to the bureau for the invention and circulation of false oral reports having for their aim the excitement of the people and the slowing down of industry, the stimulating of class prejudice and labor trouble, as well as the cultivating of a false spirit of hopefulness in some quarters and of hopelessness in others. The stories of disasters to American troops, the sinking of ships, the oppression of one class by another or by the government, sickness due to the use of substitute foods, suffering, immorality and disease in the army and navy, that have been so freely circulated were doubtless the product of this bureau. That there was a plot is shown by the fact that lies like the well known one about the Red Cross worker that stole a sweater were spread simultaneously in widely separated parts of the country. The writer heard this particular story told on a train in New Jersey, as having happened in New Brunswick, on the very day that it was first put in circulation in Kingston as having happened here. Newspaper denials of these stories are met by the propagandists with the rejoinder of "Newspaper talk—you can't believe the newspapers—they dare not print the truth," and this explanation, too, is so uniform that there is reason to believe it a lesson taught.

So resourceful and ingenious have the German propagandists been that much of their work has appeared to the unthinking most praiseworthy and loyal but thoughtless persons have in many cases been the chief persons used in doing the work for the planning of which theirs have received large sums from the German funds. Anything that is not true is dangerous at all times and doubly so at this time, when nothing should be permitted to swerve us from the one great task on hand, the speedy winning of the war. The Freeman has been emphatic in the past in denouncing false reports about the war. It will be even more so in the future. It regards the winning of the war as of more importance than the welfare of any politician or the pleasure of any individual or set of individuals. It believes that credulity, deliberately cultivated to the point where confidence in the government and in official statements made by the government through the newspapers is so shaken that street rumors are believed in preference to facts, will only pave the way for the easier acceptance of German propaganda in future.

Whenever any untruth calculated to interfere with maximum production is in circulation The Freeman regards it as a probable manifestation of the work of German agents, concealed behind innocent, loyal but thoughtless catspaws. The fact that we have more than a million and a quarter of men in Europe is only an additional reason for harder and more continuous work and self-denial on the part of all of us at home. They cannot eat applause, fight with parades, clothe themselves with cheers or shelter themselves with oratory and "patriotism" that for one moment interferes with the production of needed supplies for our fighting men is not only as a sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal, but is throwing a monkey wrench into the gear of the war machine.

A prominent Berlin newspaper recently declared that American soldiers are but "cannon fodder," that they are "incapable of standing up before" seasoned German troops and that America has been "powerless to train the forcibly enlisted men" sent to France. And already, instead of gloating over the expected food for cannon, the Germans have had forced on them very unwelcome food for agitated thought.

Berlin should take note of Secretary Daniels's reference to our million soldiers in France as only "a vanguard."

LITTLE LAUGHS.

Vaulting.—"Speaking of vaulting ambitions— —" "Yes?" "Ferdy wants to be a champion at the high-jump."—Kansas City Journal.

"What do you suppose will be the end of the women question?" "There won't be any end. They'll always be asking them."—Baltimore American.

Barber—"Your hair is getting very thin, sir." Customer—"Yes. I treated it for a month with anti-fat, thinking it was hair restorer."—Boston Transcript.

"The neighbors object to your running the lawn mower at six o'clock in the morning," said Mrs. Crosslots. "Which neighbors?" asked her husband. "The ones who play the phonograph till two o'clock in the morning."—Washington Star.

Only Thirty Days.

Gus Peterson hain't care much of dis hair society business, but sum tam his wife her drag Gus out and he hav awful tam figuring out vot to do vith his hand and feet.

Last veek Misses Peterson took Gus tu dinner party at Vashington hotel and Gus ha have tu set between tu society vimmen. These vimmen tank it bane giude yoke and thy try to talk tu Gus, but ha aint' say vary much.

"A got a letter from my son. He s in Yale, yu no," said vone of the vimmen.

"Ay got bruther vot bane there tu," Gus say.

"Is that so. Vot year?" ask the vooman.

"Ha don't got no year,' Gus told her. "Ha vust punch a Norwegian feller in the eye and the yudge give him 30 days in yail."—Washington State Weekly.

The Morbid Broker.

Senator Chamberlain was condemning a novel on the ground that it was morbid.

"Morbidness never pays," he said. "It's always a mistake. Take morbid curiosity, for example. They who indulge in morbid curiosity are likely to find their worst fears realized.

"A Portland broker who had married a wife a deal younger than himself, said to her morbidly one night:

"'Darling, what would you do if I should die and leave you?'

"The young wife squeezed the old fellow's hand.

"'Leave me—er—how much?'"—Chicago Herald.

No Use For Them.

The Irishman came home beaming.

'Bridget,' said he," "Oi've got a job."

"Glory be!" said Bridget, who was tired supporting the family.

"I shall want a new suit," said Murphy then. 'An' yez can pawn a night-shirts to get it."

"Your night-shirts!'" gasped Bridget.

"Shure," said Pat. "An' what for should I be wanting them when I've got a job as night watchman and can only sleep in the daytime?"—London Answers.

The Golden Calf.

Lady Duff-Gordon talked at the Ritz in New York about the 1918 skirt.

"It's shorter and skimpier than ever," said she. "It's almost like a bathing skirt.

"The Children of Israel worshipped the Golden Calf." Well,'—Lady Duff Gordon smiled and shrugged her shoulders. "Well that religion seems to have conquered the whole world now."—Exchange.

One-Day Stand.

"How long did you work at the last place where you were employed?"

"Only a day, sir."

"You didn't stay there very long."

'No, sir. But it really wasn't my fault. I got there just day ahead of the sheriff.'—Birmingham Age-Herald.

KLINGBERG FIGHTING.

Kingston Boy With Machine Guns in Thickest Of It.

Supervisor Chas. A. Schermerhorn has received the following letter from his friend, W. Klingberg, of New York city, relative to his son Lewis:

"Lewis is at the front and I presume he is now right in the big fight. We all hope and pray that our American boys will end this horrible war to the credit of mankind in a very short time. As you know, Lewis was born in Kingston and is an Ulster county boy. He is a first-class gunner and belongs to the 106th Machine Gun Battalion, 27th Division. He was offered a non-commissioned officer's rank, but refused it, saying to the captain that he had taken the score for machine gun shooting and was placed as a first-class gunner and in that position he could get the first whack at the Huns."

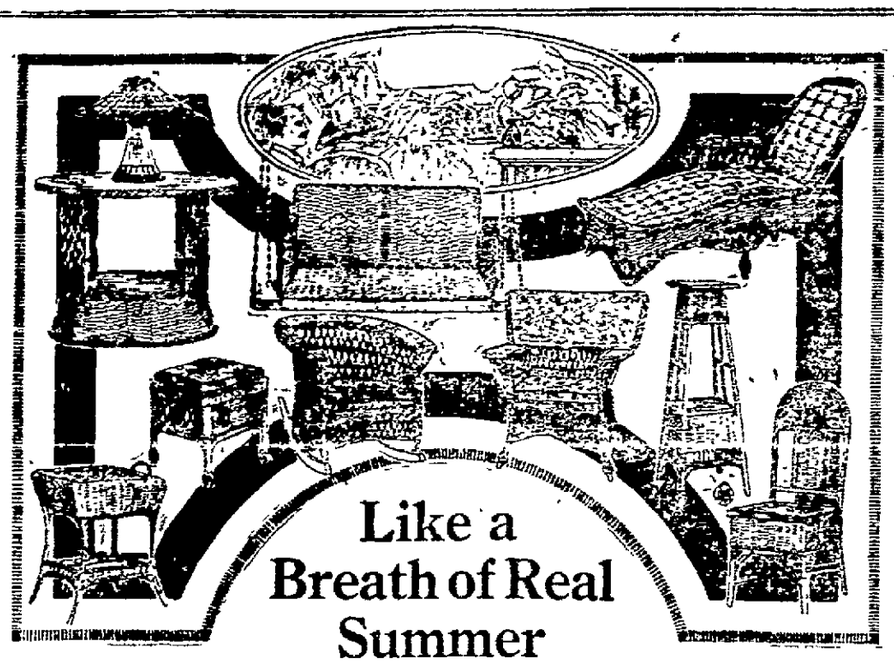
TWENTY AND TEN YEARS AGO.

July 30, 1898.—Joseph Meagher badly injured by explosion of dynamite boat in Jersey City.

Steamer James W. Baldwin damaged by colliding with pier at West 41st street, New York.

July 30, 1908—Police board considered purchasing a motorcycle for department.

The Dr. David Kennedy Company incorporated.



Like a Breath of Real Summer

Gone is the winter of our discontent, with its zero blasts, its empty coal scuttles, and its high cost of breathing. Enter the vanguard of Summer itself—picturesque, cool, refreshingly lovely Grass, Canton and Reed fibre furniture. Woven into its meshes is the green of the forest—the brown of pine needles—the grey of silvery birches and a whole gamut of other exquisite tones.

And the Shapes: Quaintest of tete-a-tetes and arm chairs, secretaries, tea wagons, day beds, alluringly cosy round tables—hosts of altogether fascinating things needed for every room in the summer home. And the gayest of the gay are the cretonne coverings that have pillaged whole flower gardens for their adornment. How they will make the rooms and porches glow with color and life

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY
STOCK-CORDTS INC.
KINGSTON, N.Y.

The KITCHEN CABINET

'Tis everybody's business
In this old world of ours,
To root up all the weeds he finds
And make room for the flowers,
So that every little garden
No matter where it lies,
May look like that which God once made,
And called it Paradise.

SUMMER DISHES.

When cooking peas wash the pods and boil them first, reserving the liquor to cook the peas. This is a French method of conservation and gives the peas a much finer flavor. Add a teaspoonful of sugar to the water when cooking the peas and sometime, for a bunch of mint.

Lettuce is so commonly served fresh and crisp or with a dressing of bacon fat that we must remind ourselves that it is both tasty and wholesome cooked as one does any vegetable. When lettuce gets a little old is the best time to turn it into greens. Dress it with butter, pork fat, or in any way to give it a good seasoning. It may be cooked until tender, then served with thin cream or milk, with seasonings as one does tender cabbage.

Cucumbers are another vegetable so commonly served uncooked that we forget how good they are cooked until tender and served with a butter sauce, seasoning with onion juice, salt and pepper.

Swiss chard is a vegetable which should find its way into every garden. When very young it may be used as a crisp salad, with French dressing, and when well grown as greens. Spinach is another most wholesome green which, when eaten freely in the spring and summer, will supply all the iron needed in most diets. In this season of the year when there is such a wealth of fruit and vegetables we should see that they are served every day upon our tables. For those who accuse the salad of giving them indigestion, let them look into the whole meal and especially the salad dressing. Mustard when used in even small quantities will cause stomach trouble. When using mustard the merest suggestion is sufficient. French dressing is easy to make and on the whole is the most wholesome of salad dressings. If your family do not like olive oil, teach them to like it, for it is quite worth while.

Nellie Maxwell

GLASCO.

Glasco, July 29.—George Heath, a former official of the Jersey Ice Company, called on Irving Joy on Monday last.

Miss Mazie Sickler of Poughkeepsie, was a visitor at Mrs. Frank Brown's on Thursday.

Mrs. May Lasher spent part of the past week visiting Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Hommel at Kaatsban.

James Rea has just finished harvesting a fine field of wheat.

Mrs. Messinger, who lived across the street from Fuller's store, occasionally washes and cleans clothing for boarders in the vicinity. Last week she had a gentleman's flannel suit in the tub and felt a lump in one of the pockets and upon examination found a roll of bills, amounting to $55. The suit belonged to a professional singer, who is staying at Schoentag's hotel. The money was carefully laundered without injury and promptly returned with the suit.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Addicks of Schenectady, and Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Fbel of Philadelphia, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hoyt Weeks.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

To the Enrolled Republicans of the County of Ulster:

The law provides that designations of candidates for party nominations shall be by petition only.

I have been designated as a candidate for the Republican nomination for County Judge of Ulster County by petition signed by more than 2,000 enrolled Republicans and appeal to you direct for your support on primary day, September 3rd, 1918.

HARRY H. FLEMMING.

Help Wanted

Girls Beginners in Electric Blasting Cap Department paid $8.10 per 54 hour week.

Piece rates and time rates after learning run up to **$15.00** or **$18.00** per week.

Light, clean work. Pleasant buildings.

Free railroad tickets for girls from Kingston, Ulster Park, Esopus, West Park and Lake Katrine.

West Shore trains No. 14, 12, 9 and 15 stop directly in front of our plant.

Men Positions open in Blasting Cap Department. Pay—$2.75 up, depending on ability.

Free railroad tickets for men from Kingston, Ulster Park or Esopus.

Steady work. Full time.

Also position as chauffeur for Light Truck open.

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Is too important and valuable a sense to take chances on—so get quality work by using our services.

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That is standard for quality—that means the best of glasses—when needed—the correct ganging of the eye-trouble and perfect-fitting, comfortable glasses.

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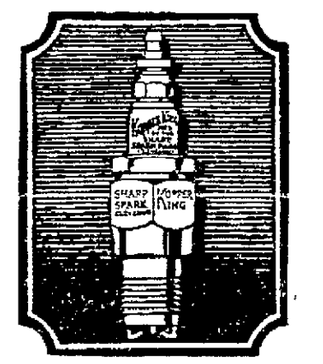


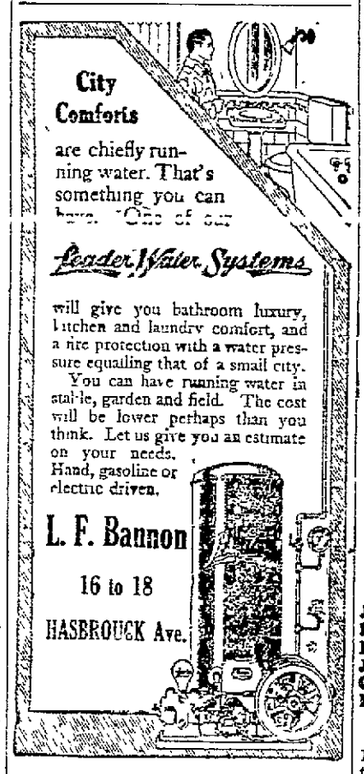
Sharp Sparks

Install Kopper King Spark Plugs in your motor and forget carbon-fouling and short-circuiting. The copper surface prevents carbon deposits; consequently spark plug short-circuiting is eliminated and the motor is at its best in power, pickup and in economical operation.

Made in seven sizes to fit any motor.

CANFIELD SUPPLY CO.

Strand and Ferry St., Kingston, N. Y.
THE BIG DOWNTOWN STORE.


City Comforts
are chiefly running water. That's something you can
Leader Water Systems
will give you bathroom luxury, kitchen and laundry comfort, and a fire protection with a water pressure equaling that of a small city.
You can have running water in stable, garden and field. The cost will be lower perhaps than you think. Let us give you an estimate on your needs.
Hand, gasoline or electric driven.
L. F. Bannon
16 to 18
HASBROUCK Ave.

Established 1894

C. D. HALSEY & CO.

Members of
New York Stock Exchange,
Mills Building, New York City

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

BRANCH OFFICE
262 FAIR ST., KINGSTON, N. Y.
GEO. G. BROOKS,
Resident Manager.

HUDSON RIVER
DAY LINE

Steamers "Washington Irving," "Hendrick Hudson," Robert Fulton," and "Albany."
Daily Including Sunday.
Subject to change without notice.
Down steamer leaves Kingston Point 12 25 P. M. Arrives New York, W. 129th St., 5:20 P. M.; W. 42nd St., 5:45 P. M.; Desbrosses St., 6:20 P. M.
Also Sundays only (June 30 to Aug. 25, inc.), leaves Kingston Point at 4.15 P. M. Arrives New York, W. 129th St., 9:15 P. M.; W. 42nd St., 9:35 P. M.
Up steamer leaves New York, Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42nd St., 9:00; W. 129th St., 9 20 A. M. Arrives Kingston Point at 2 10 P. M.
Also Saturdays only (June 29 to Aug. 31). Leaves New York, Desbrosses St., 2 P. M.; W. 42nd St., 2 20; W. 129th St., 2:40 P. M. Arrives Kingston Point at 7.50 P. M.
Music. Restaurant. Lunch Room.

Rhinecliff Ferryboat Time Table.

Leaves Kingston 6:30, 7:40 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11.05, 11:50; a. m. 12;30, 1:30, 2:05, 2:45, 3:20, 4:90, 4:40, 5:30, 6:25 p. m.
Leaves Rhinecliff 7:15, 8:10, 9:25, 10;00, 10:45, 11:25 a. m.; 12:10, 12:50, 1:45, 2:25, 3:00, 3;40, 4:25 5:10, 6:00, 6:55 p. m.
On May 30, July 4 and September 2, the ferry will make the following extra trips:
Leave Kingston 7:30, 8:20, 9:00 p. m.
Leave Rhinecliff, 7:50, 8;40, 9:33 p. m.

ULSTER COUNTY SAVINGS INSTITUTION

289 Wall Street. Kingston, N. Y.
INCORPORATED 1851.

WM. O. SHAFER, President.
HARRY R. BRIGHAM, CHARLES S. WOOD, Vice-Presidents.
J. M. SCHAEFFER, Secretary.
JOHN B. ALLIGER, Treasurer.
JAMES J. O'CONNOR, Teller.
JOHN R. T. HALL, Bookkeeper.
PHILIP ELTING, Attorney.

TRUSTEES:

John B. Alliger.	George Hutton.
H. R. Brigham.	C. D. B. Hasbrouck
David Burgevin.	W. R. Harrison.
Howard Chipp.	J. M. Schaeffer.
Abm. V. DeGraff.	Wm. C. Shafer.
Philip Elting.	C. S. Wood.

Ogden F. Winne.

For the six months ending June 30, 1918, interest will be credited July 1st, 1918, at 4 per cent per annum.

Interest not drawn will be added to the principal and draw interest.

Money deposited on or before August 3, 1918, and remaining in bank until January 1st, 1919, will be credited with five (5) months' interest.

Women and children under age have by law the control of their own savings bank accounts.

Persons living out of the city may send money by bank draft, check, post office order or express, and deposit book will be returned by mail. ALL BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

THE RONDOUT Savings Bank

RONDOUT, N. Y.

OFFICERS:

J. E. DERRENBACHER ..... President
T. C. COYKENDALL ..... 1st Vice-President
F. H. GRIFFITHS ..... 2nd Vice-President
DAYTON MURRAY ..... Secretary
HERBERT HALL ..... Bookkeeper

TRUSTEES:

John D. Schoonmaker	F. Stephan, Jr.
F. H. Griffiths	Wesley D. Hale
J. Graham Rose	E. Coykendall
John S. Thompson	A. A. Stern
T. C. Coykendall	H. H. Flemming

Nicholas Stock.

Interest credited semi-annually, January and July.

Moneys withdrawn before January 1 and July will not be entitled to interest.

Deposits commence to draw interest from the first of each month.

All deposits made on or before the 10th day of January and July draw interest from the first days of those months.

Banking hours from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.; Saturdays 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Interest will be paid on all sums from $5 to $3,000.

Interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum was declared for six months ending June 30, 1918.

Kingston Savings Bank

273 Wall street, Kingston, N. Y.
CHARTERED 1874

OFFICERS:
MYRON TELLER, President.
GEORGE BURGEVIS, V. B. VAN WAGONER, Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES TAPPEN, Treasurer.
CHARLES H. DE LA VERGNE, Assistant Treasurer.
HARRY ENSIGN, Accountant.
JAMES A. BETTS, Counsel.

TRUSTEES:

James A. Betts.	George Burgevin.
Eadoe P. Roles.	Levan S. Wilbur.
Everett Fowler.	D. N. Mathews.
John E. Kraft.	Sam Bernstein.
Charles Tappen.	A. D. Rose.
Myron Teller.	Virgil B. VanWagoner.

Ervin E. Norwood.

Deposits made on or before July 10, 1918, and remaining in bank until Jan 1, 1919, will be credited with six (6) months' interest.

Interest will be paid on all sums from one dollar to three thousand dollars.

Accounts may be opened by mail for which a bank book will be forwarded on receipt of New York draft, certified check, post office or express money order.

Rooms for the convenience of ladies are a feature of the banking house.

Interest at the rate of 4 per centum was declared for six months ending June 30, 1918.

Deposits commence to draw interest from the first of each month.

Money withdrawn before January 1 and July 1 will not be entitled to interest.

L. F. BANNON

Plumbing, Heating & Contracting Company

16 and 18 HASBROUCK AVENUE

Plumbing Fixtures, Heating and Roofing Supplies, Pipe Fittings, Valves, Leaders, Gutters, etc., at wholesale prices.

First class mechanics to install same if desired.

THE
ULSTER & DELAWARE
RAILROAD

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 30, 1918.
Trains are due to leave this city as follows:
Kingston Point, †2:20 p. m.
Rondout Sta., †6:25, s7:00 a. m.
Union Sta., †7:00, s7:30 a. m.; *1.53, †2:45, †4:00, x6:40 p. m.
Trains are due to arrive as follows:
Union Sta., †11:35 a. m.; †2:25, †5:13, †7:16, †7:25, s8:45 p. m.
Rondout Sta., †11:55 a. m.; †7:33, †7:45 p. m.
Kingston Point, †12:00 noon
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. s Sunday only. x Friday only.

MAYOR WRITES REGARDING PARADE

The following is a letter from Mayor Canfield expressive of his views on the recent "Victory" demonstration here:

Kingston, N. Y., July 30, 1918.
Citizens of Kingston:

I have been consulted by so many employers and employes and other citizens in regard to the patriotic outburst in our city on Friday last, that I deem it necessary to state publicly what I have said to them individually.

It is difficult to analyze the moving thoughts which prompted so many to unite in such a demonstration. However, one can probably correctly say that it came from the hearts and even the souls of the people more than from their minds. Nearly all of us are too inextricably involved in this war to weigh every victory calmly and regard it contemplatively. The same fire kindles in the spirit of the people here that burns in the souls of the boys over there. A great part of the lives of nearly all of our people have come to consist of hopes, fears and prayers. Our boys and the French won a great success. It surpassed our greatest expectations and most fervent hopes. To have firmly withstood the great offensive of the German army would have been a military success, but to have stopped its momentum and met it with a successful counter offensive constituted a most wonderful victory. With the armies of France and Great Britain unbroken, and their spirit unsubdued, and their courage unconquered, and with America just beginning to participate in a big way, the conclusion was forced upon every one that we had probably reached and passed the decisive stage of the war.

Thus, it apparently came to the minds of the people that this was the turning point in the war when the Franco-Americans could grab the initiative from the Germans. To them it meant the consummation of their hopes, the elimination of their fears and the answering of their prayers.

In hundreds of places in our country the pride of the people expanded; their suppressed enthusiasm found an outlet and patriotic jubilations were held. Even in suffering France with its heart bared for four long years, the people in many places slept not but gave way to their joyful feelings.

In Kingston the same feeling of jubilation found expression. It may happen again. You couldn't stop the Hudson river, but you could change its course. The employer who will constitute himself as the leader of his employes and lead them out when such an occasion comes to give vent to their feelings, will be able to also lead them back. Otherwise, he may lose control of them for that day. It may be possible to arrange for a demonstration in each factory in case of a repetition of such a situation, if proper plans are made in advance.

However, no one should misconstrue the attitude of Acting Mayor Watts in my absence. He rejoices as much as anyone at the news of victory. He had no desire to prevent the patriotic jubilation. He apparently feared, however, that a patriotic hysteria might prevail which posibly would result in the stopping of industry for many days instead of one day. It would not do to have celebrated the victory for a week no more than it would to celebrate our Fourth of July for a week. Mr. Watts had solicited in the campaigns amongst the factory and industrial workers and had come to learn, as I had, that they constituted the most patriotic part of our citizenship. I know that he was imbued with the same spirit that they were, because he talked with me about the matter. It would be a serious error for anyone to attempt to read in his words something entirely different from that which he intended to convey. I hope that if anyone has an erroneous impression about this attitude they will mentally correct it.

In the meantime, as I have stated, let us all serve, somehow, somewhere, someway, in something, to win the war.

Respectfully,
PALMER CANFIELD, JR.

Miss Shultis Secures Position.

Miss Nina Shultis, a graduate of Spencer's Business School, has secured an excellent position as stenographer and clerical assistant with the J. G. White Engineering Corporation, 276 Fair St., this city.

Iron Cop Takes Count.

A large red touring car, No. 24-259, skidded on the brick pavement at the John and Wall street crossing at 11 o'clock this morning and knocked over the silent policeman, breaking the glass globe on the lantern.

DIED.

NOLAN—In this city, Sunday, July 28, 1918, Elizabeth Nolan, at her residence, 21 Liberty street.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral which will be held at her late residence on Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock and at St. Joseph's Church at 9 o'clock where a mass will be celebrated for the repose of her soul. Interment in the family plot in St. Mary's cemetery.

Lady Assistant Phone 1042-W
WILLIAM C. KUKUK
Funeral Director and Embalmer
118 Downs St., Kingston, N. Y.

Telephone Connections — New York Office 14 East 39th St.
R. H. McCUTCHEON,
Funeral Director. Embalmer.
44 Prince St., Kingston, N. Y.

MACKENSEN MAY BE CHIEF OF STAFF

Has Been Called to German Headquarters—Many Rumors Coming Out of Germany Indicates Shake-up in Command.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Paris, July 30.—Field Marshal Von Mackensen has been called to German great headquarters, and it is rumored that he will replace General Ludendorff, said a dispatch from Berne today.

(Recently General Ludendorff has been signing the official statements of the German war office which supported the reports that he had succeeded Field Marshal Von Hindenburg as chief of the German general staff. When Hindenburg was made chief of staff, Ludendorff, who was quartermaster general of the German army, was made Hindenburg's personal chief of staff. Within the past few weeks, however, it was reported that Hindenburg and Ludendorff had disagreed on military policies, and that the former had fallen ill. At various times his death has been reported. Mackensen won his laurels on the eastern, Roumanian and the Balkan fronts.)

German news indicates that the greatest possible effort will be made by the Germans to hold on along the Crise and Ardre hills.

LOCAL DEATH RECORD.

Recent Deaths and Funerals of Persons in This Vicinity.

Thaddeus Travers, a well-known resident of Rhinebeck, died Sunday. The funeral will be held, Wednesday at 3 p. m.

Charles Warren, widely known in southern Ulster and the northern part of Orange county, died Monday at his home on Western avenue, Marlborough. He was 85 years old, and had long been in business in Marlborough. One son, Emmett Warren survives. The funeral services will be held on Wednesday.

The funeral of Miss Elizabeth Nolan will be held at her late residence, No. 21 Liberty street, Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock and at St. Joseph's Church at 9 o'clock, where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated for the repose of her soul. The interment will be in the Nolan family plot in St. Mary's cemetery.

Mrs. Anna Bell died at the home of her brother, Ira Fiero, in Malden, Saturday, from the effects of a stroke of apoplexy. Deceased was 75 years of age. She was the mother of Fred Bell of Philadelphia, Pa., and is survived by two sisters, Mrs. George Weinand, of Brooklyn, and Mrs. Mary Watson, of Rockville Center, L. I., and another brother, Charles Fiero, of Malden.

There was a double funeral this afternoon from the Steinmann residence, 236 Foxhall avenue. The funeral of Ella May, infant daughter of George C. and Nellie E. Steinmann, was held at 1 o'clock and that of Katherine, wife of the late Henry Steinmann, grandmother of Ella May later. At 2 p. m. a service was held at St. Peter's Church over the remains of Mrs. Steinmann. Both interments were in Wiltwyck Cemetery.

George Miller, of Morrison, Ill., who was recently brought to Kingston by his brother-in-law, S. H. Merritt and taken to the Benedictine Sanitarium died on Tuesday July 16, aged 52 years. Mr. Miller was a former resident of Grahamsville, Sullivan Co. N. Y. and went West about twenty years ago. He was engaged in the real estate and insurance business at Morrison, Ill. when he was taken ill June 24th and removed to the Sterling, Ill., hospital, and later brought to this city. The funeral was held at Grahamsville, Thursday July 18th. Interment in Grahamsville cemetery. He is survived by three brothers, Asa, of Grahamsville; Fred, of Woodburn, and Milton Miller of Hurleyville, and five sisters, Mrs. Allen Terbush, Greenfield; Mrs. S. H. Merritt, Kingston; Mrs. S. D. Smith, Wallkill, N. Y.; Mrs. V. G. Decker, New York city and Mrs. Norman Young, Ellenville.

Church Musicale.

Circle No. 2 of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Reformed Church of the Comforter will give a musicale in the church on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. The following program will be given: Piano solo, Miss Hazel Miller. Solo, Miss Janet Eighmey. Piano solo, Miss Ethel Tongue. Recitation, Mrs. Charles Cole. Piano selection, Miss Hester Livingston. Solo, Miss Maude Weaver. Piano selection, Miss Hazel Miller. Solo, Miss Marion Hampton. Recitation, Mrs. Charles Cole. Piano selection, Miss Marie Farrell. Ice cream and candy will be sold on the church lawn before and after the entertainment.

Morris Block Helping Red Cross.

While the work being done at the Rondout Presbyterian Church is not that of hospital garments, but a special form of surgical dressings, known as scultetus bandages, made of muslin, a large amount of cutting is as necessary as for the hospital garments, and Morris Block of the Kingston Dress Manufacturing Company is helping out the Ulster County Chapter of the Red Cross by doing the cutting of these bandages. This assistance is greatly appreciated by the Red Cross, which wishes to make this public acknowledgement of the same.

Lake Katrine Lawn Social.

The annual lawn social of the Lake Katrine Sunday school will be held on the lawn of the Grange Hall Wednesday evening. Frankfurters, home made cake, ice cream, etc., will be for sale. There will also be a grab bag for the young people.

We wish to extend our thanks and appreciation to all for their sympathy and kindness shown to us during our recent bereavement.
(Signed) MR. AND MRS. ARTHUH SCHUMAKER.—Advertisement.

AMUSEMENT TAX TO BE DOUBLED

Congress Still Probing For New Sources of Revenue—Clubmen and Tobacco Users Will Be Hard Hit.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 30.—The war tax on amusements admissions and on club dues will be doubled in the new revenue bill. This was finally decided this afternoon by the house ways and means committee which is framing the measure. The present tax on amusements is ten per cent and the rate on club dues is ten per cent when the dues are more than $12 a year.

The committee also decided to levy a heavier tax on tobacco, although the exact figures were not adopted. The suggestions of the trade that the tax be doubled was rejected.

At present tobacco taxes raise $170,000,000 a year, and members of the committee believe that they should be made to net $500,000,000. This does not mean that the tax must necessarily be tripled, for a retail tax will be added, where now only manufacturers are levied upon.

It was pointed out that by this system it would be posible to straighten out the inequalities that exist by reason of the same tax being paid on cigarettes that retail for five cents, as upon those which retail for twenty-five.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, July 30.—There was a strong tone to a number of stocks at the opening of the stock market today, but before the first fifteen minutes a wavering tendency developed in some of the leading issues, with the Steel Common in moderate supply. That issue made a gain of ⅜ to 108⅝ but soon lost all of this while the other steel issues were practically unchanged. Tobacco Products showed a gain of ⅝ to 72, a new high record for that stock. American Sumatra was ¼ lower at 125. Virginia Carolina Chemical was ¾ higher at 52, while Reading showed a gain of ⅝ at 88⅞. American Telephone continued weak, dropping ⅜ to 91½.

The market showed an irregular tone during the forenoon. Steel Common broke to 107⅞. The market generally was very dull. General Motors dropped 3½ to 140, while Mexican Petroleum moved up one point to 101⅛.

The market became nervous and unsettled in mid afternoon. One firm bought 10,000 shares of steel common but the floor did not seem to like the sources from which it was supplied and it broke over one point to 107⅛, while Baldwin yielded 1½ to 89¼. Reading dropped to 87⅝, Mexican Petroleum to 100 and General Motors to 139. Tobacco Products from a high of 72⅛ fell to 70½ and Canadian Pacific sold down to 152½.

The market closed unsettled; government bonds unchanged; railway and other bonds steady.

Quotations given by C. D. Halsey & Co., 15 Broad street, New York city, branch office, Warren building, 260-2 Fair street, Kingston, N. Y.

THE CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Allis-Chalmers	33¾
American Beet Sugar	
American Car & Foundry	84⅜
American Can	47
American Cotton Oil	41¾
American Locomotive	66
American Smelting & Ref. Co	77⅛
American Sugar	109½
Anaconda Copper Mining	65¾
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	85¼
Baldwin Loco	89¼
Baltimore & Ohio	54⅞
Bethlehem Steel B	82½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	40⅝
Canadian Pacific	153
Central Leather	66½
Chesapeake & Ohio	
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	44½
Colorado Fuel & Iron	46
Corn Products	43⅞
Crucible Steel	66¼
Distillers' Securities	56½
Erie	15⅜
Erie, 1st pfd	31½
Goodrich Rubber	47
Great Northern, pfd	90⅝
Great Northern Ore	31½
Interborough Con	
Inter. Con. pfd	38
Kansas City Southern	
Lehigh Valley	58
Maxwell Motor	28½
Maxwell Motor, 1st pfd	55½
Maxwell Motor, 2d pfd	
Mexican Petroleum	100¼
National Lead	
New York Central	71¼
N. Y., N. H. & H	40⅜
New York, Ontario & Western	20
Norfolk & Western	
Northern Pacific	87⅝
Pennsylvania Railroad	44½
People's Gas, Chicago	48
Pittsburgh Coal	
Pressed Steel Car	70
Railway Steel Sp'g	61¼
Reading	87⅞
Rep. Iron & Steel	9[illegible]
Southern Pacific	84
Southern Railway	23½
Southern Railway, pfd	63
Studebaker	44¾
Union Pacific	121¼
U. S. Steel	107⅜
U. S. Steel, pfd	111¾
U. S. Rubber	
Utah Copper	81¼
Virginia Car. Chem	50⅜
Westinghouse Electric	41½

Cog In Military Machine.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Amsterdam, July 30.—General Baron Von Marschal has been appointed chief of the German Emperor's privy military cabinet, says a Berlin dispatch.

Baron Von Marschal succeeds General Baron Von Lucer. All recommendations of officers for promotion come through this cabinet.

AMERICAN NOVICE GOT GERMAN ACE

And As Result Enemy Airman With 44 Notches On His Gun Talks of Suicide In Prison Camp.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Paris, July 30.—Chagrined because he was brought down by an American pilot, who had no previous victories to his credit, Sub-Lieut. Meinkoff, the German aviator who was credited with 44 air victories, is talking of disgrace and suicide, according to information today, from the camp where the German airman is detained.

Meinkoff was shot down last Thursday by Walter A. Avery, of Columbus, Ohio, on the Aisne-Marne front. It was Avery's first fighting flight, and he beat the Hun through superior maneuvering.

ABOUT THE FOLKS.

Miss Delia H. Van Keuren of Broadway is the guest of relatives in Winsted, Conn.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles G. Ellis and son, Charles, are visiting Mr. Ellis's parents at Allentown, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Kingman and daughter, Elizabeth, are visiting Mr. Kingman's sister in Chicago.

Miss Marguerite Muller of Lucas avenue is spending several weeks as the guest of her aunt at Prattsville, N. Y.

Miss Florence Barth of Tubby street has gone to Brooklyn to spend a month with her brother, Fred Barth.

Miss Mary E. Kelly, of Greenkill avenue, stenographer for D. G. Atkins, is spending her vacation at Poultney, Vt.

Lester Barth, who left for Camp Dix Thursday, was presented by his friends with a beautiful wrist watch, pen and many other useful gifts.

Mrs. Edward Fletcher and son, Talmadge, of Binghamton, who formerly resided in this city, are visiting Mrs. Every, of Lafayette avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. L. G. McIntyre and Mrs. Joseph DeGraff of 58 Pearl St., have gone to Eagle Camp, South Hero, Vermont, for a two weeks vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Barth, Jr., of 53rd street, Brooklyn, who have been spending a week's vacation with Mr Barth's parents on Tubby street, have returned home.

Mrs. Milton G. Holmes and daughter, Miss Edith Holmes, of West Chester street, left today for Uncas, Lake George, where they expect to spend the next three weeks.

Gilead A. Smith, the veteran liveryman and deputy sheriff, will leave town Thursday for a month's stay at Bridgeport, Conn., where he will visit his daughter, Mrs. Fred E. Lynes.

Mrs. Durham Reynolds and little daughter, Dolores, of 146 Smith avenue, who were camping the past three weeks at Owasco Lake, Auburn, N. Y., have returned to their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Shader and family motored to Rye Beach Sunday where their daughter, Gertrude, was spending the week end with Mrs. W. D. Squire at their bungalow, Rye Beach, N. Y.

Mrs. E. D. Palmer, who has been spending several weeks as the guest of her cousins, James G. Van Keuren and Miss Delia Van Keuren of Broadway has gone to visit relatives in Ellenville for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Eighmey, Henry, Jr., Miss Janet Eighmey, Miss Anita Dressel, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dressel, Mr. and Mrs. Munroe Barger motored to Willow recently and spent some time visiting at the camp of S. E. Eighmey.

George B. Trumpbour of Saugerties, appointed last Wednesday evening by the board of supervisors an election commissioner for Ulster county, to succeed Frank W. Brooks, resigned, was in this city today and in company with M. O. Auchmoody, clerk of the board, inspected the office in the county building, John and Crown streets.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Hoyle of Torrington, Conn., and their daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. George Forster and son, Stanley, of Waterbury, Conn., and Dr. Clarence Hoyle, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hoyle, chief surgeon in the Waterbury City Hospital, who have been touring by automobile through Connecticut, New York and Pennsylvania, spent Sunday at the home of their cousin, Mrs. Charles C. Brodhead and family, 19 West Pierpont street.

SOCIETY NOTES.

Farrell-Goetz.

James J. Farrell and Miss Alice H. Goetz, both of Malden, were married by the Rev. Joseph Cushman in St. Mary's Church, Saugerties, Sunday afternoon.

Factory Corporation Met.

A special meeting of the Kingston Factory Corporation was held in the office of Judge Betts this morning. All the directors were present with the exception of Herbert Carl, who is out of town. The resignation of James E. Canfield, secretary for the past three years, was accepted and Addison E. Pardee was elected as secretary in his place.

Moran Business School Notes.

Miss Mary Black, a graduate of Moran Business School, has accepted a position as stenographer and office assistant with J. M. Barnhart, High Falls, N. Y., and Miss Bessie Deegan, as stenographer and typist, at Plainfield, N. J.

36 DRAFTEES REJECTED AT DIX

According to letters received here, 36 men of the contingent who left last Thursday have been rejected for physical reasons at Camp Dix.

TURK-GERMAN BREAK NOT CONFIRMED

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 30.—No official explanation of the unofficial dispatch sent via London from Copenhagen by the correspondence of the Exchange Telegraph Company, asserting that "the relations between Turkey and Germany have been severed," had reached Washington today. Officials admitted their intense interest in this report. They could not explain it, however. While accepting that there has been constantly increasing friction between Turkey and Germany growing out of the Rumanian situation and the increasing war-weariness in Turkey, where the "Young Party" is now in disfavor, officials did not believe it sufficient to warrant any break at this time. However, they were endeavoring to get something official on the subject. Pending such word, however, all comment was withheld.

POPE NOT TO MAKE NEW PEACE OFFER

By Agence Radio to International News Service.

Paris, July 30.—Declarations in Austrian and German newspapers that the pope would publish another peace note on the anniversary of 1917 document, are unfounded and are fooling the people, according to word received here today, quoting an authoritative Italian newspaper.

The anniversary of Pope Benedict's note to the belligerents will fall next month.

FLAG RAISING.

Patriotic Exercises Held By Bostonian Waist Company.

Flag raising was held this afternoon at Bostonian Waist Co.'s premises, 50 Hasbrouck avenue, Mayor Canfield delivering principal address. Mr. Wiedis also gave a pleasing talk on the flag's meaning.

Following the ceremony of raising the colors the assemblage sang the national anthem and gave three cheers for the flag.

Mabel Schoen delivered a pleasing recitation and also an appropriate address.

A recitation was also given by Anna McDonald.

THE JOINERS.

News of Interest to Members of Fraternal Societies.

The following lodges hold regular meetings this evening:

C. S. Clay odge, No. 528, I. O. O. F., in Pythian Hall, corner of Wall and John streets.

New York Produce Markets.

Wheat—Market Unchanged.

Corn—Market steady. No. 3 yellow, 193¾; No. 3 yellow, 183¾.

Oats—Market easy. Fancy white clipped, 86@88; ordinary white clipped, 84@86.

Rye—Market dull. No. 2 western, 170 c. i. f. export and f. o. b. New York.

Barley—Market dull. Malting, 135@140 c. i. f. New York export; feeding 45 lbs, 125@130 c. i. f. New York export.

Hay (per 100 pounds)—Market dull. No. 1, 130@140; No. 3, 95@115; clover mixed, 75@130.

Straw (per 100 pounds)—Market steady. Rye, 80@90.

Flour—Prices at the mills. Market unchanged.

Potatoes (in bulk, barrel or bag.)—Market steady. nearby white, $3.75@$4.75; southerns, $3.00@$4.50.

Dressed Poultry—Market unchanged.

Live Poultry—Market unchanged.

Butter—Market firm. Creamery extras, 44¾@46½; creamery firsts, 43½@45½; creamery higher scoring, 45¼@47½; state dairy tubs, 36@45; renovated firsts, 40@40½; imitation first, 37@38.

Eggs—Market steady. Nearby white, fancy, 53@54; nearby brown, fancy, 48@50; extra 46@47; [illegible] 40@43.

Milk—The nominal wholesale price is $2.25 per quart delivered in New York. Official quotations discontinued.

Chicago Grain Market.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Chicago, July 30.—Corn closed 2 to 2½ cents higher today and oats were ¾ cents higher.

Closing Prices.

Corn—July, 154; August, 154¼@154⅜; September 155½@155⅝.

Oats—July, 74¾; August 69; September 68⅝@68¾.

Cash Grain.

Corn—No. 4 white, 160@170; No. 5 white 155@160; No. 6 white, 142@150; No. 3 yellow, 172; No. 4 yellow, 158@162; No. 5 yellow, 150@160; No. 6 yellow, 140@145; No. 6 mixed 143@145.

Oats—No. 2 mixed, 68½@69; No. 2 white, 74@75; No. 3 white, 73@75; Standard, 73½@75.

Timothy $5.00@$8.50.

Optimistic Thought.

Suffer not your faith to be shaken by the sophistries of skeptics.

FOUR DIE IN AUTO SMASH

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

State Center, Iowa, Iowa, July 30.—Persons believed to be J. Frank, his wife and two daughters, of Albion, Neb., were killed near here today when a Chicago and Northwestern passenger train struck their auto at a grade crossing. Identification is believed to have been established through papers carried by the man. The two girls, 14 and 17 apparently, were instantly killed, the man and woman died without regaining consciousness.

18,000 ARE MAKING GRENADES

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 30.—Four kinds of hand grenades are now being produced at the rate of 2,000,000 a month and the rate will be doubled next month, the Ordnance Department announced today.

Rifle grenades, according to the department, are produced at the rate of 1,000,000 a month and this "will be appreciably multiplied within the next six months."

Orders have been placed throughout the country, said officials of the department for 60,000,000 grenades and to date some 18,000 persons are engaged in this work.

DESULTORY FIGHTS IN ALBANIA

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 30.—Lively fighting around Arco Devoli and "Austrian activity" in Albania, are reported in Rome cables to the Italian Embassy this afternoon.

"French and Italian troops in Albania," says the cable, "are engaged in desultory actions, while the Austrians are very active but without results. In many cases they have left numbers of prisoners in our hands.

"Lively fighting is taking place around Arco Devoli, where the Austrians are endeavoring to maintain their positions."

Johnston Ave. Property Sold.

Merritt, Spencer and Lown, Real estate agents of No. 288 Wall street, have sold the Johnston property, consisting of house and lot at No. 41 Johnston avenue to Mrs. Elizabeth Dooley of Springfield, Mass. Mrs. Dooley expects to move to this city about Sept. 1st.

Hammin-Dunagan.

Mrs. Pauline Dunagan of this city and George Hammin of Poughkeepsie were married Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the parsonage of the Albany Avenue Baptist Church by the Rev. A. S. Cole.

Conserve Enthusiasm.

Are you a boy or girl who becomes very enthusiastic about some nice thing you want to do? Be careful not to be so enthusiastic in starting a new undertaking that you have no energy left for carrying it through to completion. Enthusiasm is an important factor in success, but it must be a steady flow, and not burst forth like some of the geysers which send a spout of water skyward, and then are quiet for 24 hours.—Exchange.

Why He Would Not Build.

It is in a Jewish legend that Methuselah declined at the age of six hundred or so to go to the trouble of building a house because the Lord answered his question as to how much longer he had to live, and the patriarch decided that three hundred years was too short a time to warrant him in making the exertion. Undoubtedly Methuselah preferred his tent and was ready to grasp at any excuse for sticking to it.

Queer Epitaphs.

Queer epitaphs are frequently fakes; but the following really appears in a Salop churchyard: "Elizabeth, the wife of Richard Barklamb, passed to eternity on Saturday, 21st of May, 1797, in the seventy-first year of her age. Richard Barklamb, the Antespouse Uxorious, was interred here, 26th Jan., 1806, in his eighty-fourth year." What an antespouse uxorious may be is not explained.—Cardiff Western-Mail.

Good Alibi for the Bee.

That bees injure fruit is a common belief in some quarters, but investigations recently carried out in Italy prove it to be without foundation. Bees cannot perforate the skin of fruit, and the damage attributed to them is really due to birds, wind, hail, hornets, wasps and certain other insects. Bees are, in fact, of much benefit to the orchardist, because they effect the cross-pollenization of fruit trees.—Popular Science Monthly.

Combs.

Combs have been used in the toilet since very ancient times. The Greeks, the Egyptian and the Roman ladies used them to arrange and hold up their hair; even ladies among the Swiss lake dwellers seem to have been familiar with them. Some of these were made of wood, some of bone, of horn or of ivory. Specimens have often been found in recent years.

POULTRY FACTS

EGG-LAYING AGE OF PULLETS

Where Conditions Are Unfavorable Six Months Is Average—Meat Types Are Much Slower.

Different breeds mature and commence laying at slightly different times. In general, under a utility classification, pullets of the egg breeds, such as Leghorn, Minorca, Hamburg and Ancona, mature early and begin to lay eggs at four or five months under favorable conditions. Where the conditions are not favorable to induce early egg laying, six months is probably a nearer average for the time to commence laying. Meat types, such as Brahma, Cochin China and Langshan,

Barred Rock Pullet.

are slower in maturity, taking six to eight months or longer for a pullet to get into egg-laying condition.

General purpose types, such as Plymouth Rock, Wyandotte, Rhode Island Red, Orpington and Dominique, mature more quickly than those of the meat type and the pullets may be expected to lay at fro five to six months, although some mature at four and one-half months. There are cases on record where individuals of the early maturing egg breeds have begun to lay in about three months, although this is in special cases.

FATTENING FOOD FOR DUCKS

Cornmeal, Wheat Bran and Beef Scraps Mixed Crumbly With Milk, Is Recommended as Good.

A good fattening food for ducks is three parts cornmeal, one part wheat bran and one part high-grade beef scraps mixed crumbly with milk or water and fed at morning and noon. The evening food should consist of cracked corn. No more should be fed at each meal than they will eat up promptly, and then the troughs should be removed.

WATER OF MUCH IMPORTANCE

High-Priced Feed Alone Will Not Produce Eggs to Any Great Extent—Keep Up Water Supply.

From the hen's viewpoint, water is worth just as much as feed, for she cannot make an egg with either one alone. Therefore, the man who furnishes high-priced feed but neglects the water supply is making a great mistake and will have to be content with a limited egg yield.

DUCKS ARE VERY TRACTABLE

Do Not Give as Much Trouble as Hens and Are Easily Tamed—Keep Quarters Dry.

Ducks are more tractable than hens and more easily cared for. They can be tamed with a little care. Those that are kept over for breeding stock should have dry quarters, but may be allowed to run all winter. The thick down protects them from the severe cold.

FREE RANGE IS BENEFICIAL

Growing Chicks Should Be Supplied With as Much Natural Green Feed as Possible.

Whenever it is possible, growing chicks should be allowed free range, so they may obtain as much natural green feed as they need in addition to bugs and worms. When green feed cannot be obtained on range, such feed as sprouted oats, cut clover, mangelwurzel beets, etc., should be fed daily.

DON'T FORCE MOTHER HENS

Where Compelled to Stay With Young Chicks, Older Fowls Often Work Serious Injury.

Don't try to make hens take care of their chicks after they seem to want to get rid of them, because if compelled to stay with the young ones they sometimes attack them. Sometimes such hens have destroyed entire flocks of young.

Oil Engine Needs Little Fuel.

A French inventor claims the record for efficiency for an oil engine that has a fuel consumption of less than forty pounds per horse power per hour.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

One Cent a Word

Classified advertisements in this department will be inserted at the uniform price of one cent per word for each insertion. No advertisement less than 15 cents. If inserted but once. Orders may be left at our main office, 8-9 Broadway, or at our branch office, 280 Fair St. Also at the following places:

R. L. DULIN, 666 Broadway.
FRANK McNALLY, 587 Broadway.
WM. O'REILLY, 530 Broadway.
C. STRUBEL, 749 Broadway.

For the convenience of out-of-town advertisers, orders will be accepted at the following places.

CHARLES W. CARD, Port Ewen, N. Y.
WM. CONNORS, High Falls, N. Y.
WM. HUBEN, Rosendale, N. Y.
W. J. GREEN, Woodstock, N. Y.
WM. McMILLEN, Ellenville, N. Y.
N. VAN STEENBERG, Saugerties, N. Y.
W. VONDERLINDEN, Rhinebeck, N. Y.
A. D. WINNE, Ashokan, N. Y.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents.

LOST.

LOST—Hand bag, corner Prospect and Cedar Sts. Finder known. Please return without further trouble. 116 Cedar St.

LOST—Ford rear lamp, oil fountain. Reward. "L." Downtown Freeman.

LOST—$5 bill, in L. S. Winne's store on Wall St., Saturday night. Finder please return to L. S. Winne & Co.

TO LET.

TO LET—Stores, offices, houses and apartments. Estate of John N. Cordts. 'Phone 631.

TO LET—Flat; Downs St. 'Phone 1093-W or 1002-J.

FOR RENT.—New double house, 111 Pine; six rooms, bath; 109 Fair, seven rooms, bath; all improvements. Mrs. Boice, 110 Fair St.

TO LET—Desirable house, upper Clinton Ave.; seven rooms, improvements; best condition; charming view. Inquire at 306.

TO LET—6 rooms and bath; 86 Pine St.; $15. Inquire 121 Fair St.

TO LET—Oriental Hotel, Kingston Point. Apply to 51 Hone St.

TO LET—6 room flat. N. D. J. Murphy.

FOR RENT—7 room house, Orchard; rent very reasonable. 'Phone 1867-R-1.

TO LET—House; all improvments; 152 O'Neil St. Inquire Wm. A. Frey.

FOR RENT—Sept. 1, modern 8 room house; uptown; central location. 'Phone 792.

TO LET.—House; 14 Stuyvesant St., with all improvements. Inquire at 12 Stuyvesant St., or 'phone 886-J.

TO LET—29 Janet St. 'Phone 786-W.

TO LET—House; all improvements. Miss Mullen, 307 Washington Ave.

TO LET—House and garage. Inquire G. Halverson, 123 Manor Ave.

TO LET.—Light housekeeping rooms. 112 Hone St.

TO LET.—House with 6 rooms; with improvements. Inquire 87 West Piermont St.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Woman for general housework, no cooking. Inquire 52 Van Buren St.

WANTED—Cook; sleep home. Call at once, Fischer's Hotel, Strand.

WANTED—Girl. United States Hotel.

WANTED—OPERATORS: EXPERIENCED ON NECK BANDING. FULLER'S SHIRT FACTORY, PINE GROVE AVE.

WANTED—Neat girl for dining room; also capable woman for kitchen; good wages and fare paid. Jocelyn House, Oliverea, Ulster County, N. Y.

WANTED—Waitress. Apply Dr. C. O. Sahler's Sanitarium.

WANTED—Girl to work in dry goods store. "Clerk" c/o Freeman.

WANTED—2 girls; cook and waitress; private family. Mrs. C. R. Stull, 105 Fair St.

WANTED—Woman for pantry and service room; $40 a month, room and board; also woman dishwasher, machine work; $40 month, board and room. Apply at once, W. W. Foster, Beekman Arms, Rhinebeck, N. Y. 'Phone 210.

WANTED—Saleladies; experienced in millinery, for full time; also saleladies for afternoons and Saturdays. Apply in person or by letter to The Paris Millinery Shop, 316 Wall St.

WANTED—Experienced neck banders, at the Fessenden Shirt Co., Cornell St. and TenBroeck Ave.

WANTED—Woman for general housework for summer months at Haines Falls; good wages and fare paid. Inquire 110 Henry St. 253-J.

WANTED—At once, woman for general housework; good wages. 88 Hasbrouck Ave.

WANTED—Capable girl or woman for kitchen work and assist the cook; good wages and fare paid. Jocelyn House, Oliverea, Ulster County, N. Y.

WANTED—Waitresses, white; salary to experienced girls $25 month. Apply, stating experience and when you could come. S. T. Budd, New York; Asbury Park, N. J.

WANTED—Girls 16 years of age to operate stripping machines; $6 per week paid while learning. G. W. Van Slyke & Horton.

WANTED.—Waitresses to go to mountains. 'Phone 1705-W.

WANTED.—Operators; experienced on cuff binding and button sewing. Fessenden Shirt Company, Cornell St. and TenBroeck Ave.

WANTED.—A cook or assistant for summer boarding house. Address Mrs. A. B. Layman, Haines Falls, N. Y.

WANTED.— OPERATORS; EXPERIENCED ON POWER MACHINES; BEGINNERS TAKEN AND PAID $7 PER WEEK WHILE LEARNING. FULLER'S SHIRT FACTORY, PINE GROVE AVE.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—112 Hone St.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms, with or without board. 65 Van Buren St.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Light housekeeping. 91 Downs St.

FURNISHED kitchenette apartment. The Bryant.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Also kitchenette apartment. Ring Smith bell, 318½ Wall St. 'Phone 1757-M.

FURNISHED ROOMS—With board. 180 Albany Ave.

FURNISHED housekeeping apartments; one or more rooms; 60 Cedar St., 'phone 1692-J, and 179 Wall St., 'phone 1117.

FURNISHED ROOMS—With board. 95 Green St.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Men roomers. 37 Adams St.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House furnishings. We furnish your home complete; all kinds second hand furniture, stoves and ranges bought and sold. M. Kaplan, 56 North Front St. 'Phone 1210-R.

FOR SALE—City residence with garage; modern improvements; centrally located; will exchange for country property. P. O. Box 904, Uptown.

FOR SALE—Sawed wood, $5 per load. F. A. Waters, Jr. 'Phone 1656-R.

FOR SALE—2 15-passenger busses; 2 Packard touring; 2 Ford taxis; 1 20-passenger bus body. 'Phone 194.

FOR SALE.—Photo supplies, films, plates, cameras, printing paper, etc. O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway.

FOR SALE—¾ ton Republic truck; cheap. Stryker & Youmans.

FOR SALE—1 safe, 1 cash register, store fixtures, show cases, 1 rolled top desk. 122 Wurts St. 'Phone 512.

FOR SALE—Nice 6 room furnished country home, completely furnished; ½ acre; total price only $550. 12 room village and mountain home, 4 acres, like new; grand mountain scenery; very desirable for boarding house; poultry and vegetables; price $2,200; $500 cash; worth $5,000. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County; 6 miles Kingston; bus line. 'Phone.

FOR SALE—One 1,000 foot steam or water boiler; first class condition. T. J. Cusack, 63 North Front.

FOR SALE—1 tractor gang plow, 1 sulky plow, 1 feed mill, 4 used engines, 1 grain drill; also pumps, tanks, sprayers and other farm machinery. Canfield Supply Co., Strand and Ferry St., Kingston, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Universal 8x10 folding camera (leather bellows), Bausch & Lomb shutter, convertible lens; six double plateholders, tripod, carrying case; for $30 cash. Pennington Studio, 72 Main St.

FOR SALE—Cows and bull, and young pigs. Robert Hommell, Esopus, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Team of gray horses, two-seated wagon, double set harness. Inquire George Newell, 59 North Front St.

FOR SALE—A fine young Guernsey cow; good butter maker. A. M. Slauson, 209 Albany Ave.

FOR SALE—Pair beautifully matched young horses; gentle, strong; in splendid condition; price reasonable to satisfactory purchaser. Rosie Magee, Woodstock.

FOR SALE—Year old hound dog; black and tan; good hunter; $7.25. Propheter, 'phone 15-F-5.

FOR SALE—Horse; large bay farm horse; $75. Propheter, 'phone 15-F-5.

FOR SALE—Horse; 9 years old, weight 1,450 pounds. Edw. T. McGill.

FOR SALE—Twin cylinder motorcycle; good running condition; cheap. 81 Stephan St.

FOR SALE—Fine light top wagon with rubber tires; almost new, horse and harness, at $100; if wagon be bought now be worth the price alone. Wm. C. A. Witt, Esopus, New York.

FOR SALE—5 passenger Overland touring car, in good condition; reasonable price. 71 Wiltwyck Ave.

FOR SALE—7 room house; 131 Prospect St. Inquire 449 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A strong, healthy, heavy, dapple gray horse; 7 years old. Wm. Jamin, Esopus, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Ford runabout; mechanically perfect; demonstrate; $175. Address "F. C." Downtown Freeman.

FOR SALE—Ford 12 passenger bus, shaft drive extension, used one season; cost $1,400, will sell for $525 if bought at once. Drafted only reason for selling. Corp. Madden, Co. 4, 4th Inf., Stone Ridge, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Cheap; team horses, dump wagon and harness; suitable for state road work. Frank Bishop, Stone Ridge, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—Hudson automobile, machinists' lathe, boilers, engines, shafting, pulleys. Wm. Lawton, 82 Prince St.

FOR SALE—Baseball goods, for members of the Industrial Baseball League. 10% of each purchase will be returned to the customers' team in baseballs. Warren's, 260 Fair St.

FOR SALE—Harder Silos; immediate shipments; special bargains in white pine. George P. Hutchins, Labor-Saving Farm Equipment, 11 Railroad Ave.

FOR SALE—"Empire" Milking Machines. Free demonstration at your own farm upon request. George P. Hutchins, Labor-Saving Farm Equipment, 11 Railroad Ave.

FOR SALE—Store of Robert Iseman, 3½ Main St. Corporal Iseman is at Camp Merritt for overseas.

FOR SALE—Two farm teams. Harder Bros., Lake Katrine.

FOR SALE—Seasoned wood, $5 per truck load; sawed or split. H. Clearwater. 'Phone 862-J.

FOR SALE—13 room house; large garage and ice house. $2,500. B. Schmitt, Malden-on-Hudson.

FOR SALE—4,000 mile guaranteed tires 30 x 3, $12.50; 30 x 3½, $16. Apply Chas. F. Gray, 783 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A fine pair of bay horses, weighing over 2,600 pounds, seven and eight years old; together with harness and heavy truck; cheap. See Wm. N. Fessenden, attorney, 220 Main St., Saugerties, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Barggin; 1914 seven passenger Stearns Knight; mechanically perfect. F. K. Mooney, 31 Ferry St.

FOR SALE.—2 story frame building. Inquire 694 Broadway.

FOR SALE.—Just received, a carload of fresh and acclimated horses. Basch & Shapiro, 10-12 Ann St.

FOR SALE.—Arsenate of Lead for potato bugs. Canfield Supply Co., Strand and Ferry St., Kingston, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—Registered Heresford bull; 3 years old; very fine. E. J. Willis, Kingston R. F. D. 3.

WANTED.

WANTED.—Ford car. 'Phone 945-W.

WANTED—1 or 2 rowboats; must be in good order. H. Schroeder, Kingston, R. 7, Box 29.

WANTED—Oak, flat top office desk; give size, full description and price. "O. D." Downtown Freeman.

WANTED—Government needs 20,000 women clerks at Washington; examination everywhere in August; experience unnecessary. Women desiring government positions, write for free particulars to J. C. Leonard, (former civil service examiner), 187 Kenois Bldg., Washington.

WANTED—Boy's bicycle. Call 'phone 1881-M.

WANTED—Developing, printing. McBride's drug stores.

WANTED.—People who want nice photo work to leave their developing and printing at O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway. 'Phone 1509.

WANTED.—Baseball customers who are to play in Industrial Baseball League, 10% of these baseball sales will be returned to the customers' team in baseballs. Warren's, 260 Fair St.

Ideals.

We must love ideals and struggle toward them ourselves, but we must not use them excessively in the measurement of others.—David Swing.

HALF OF NEW MEN TO BE IN CLASS 1

Provost Marshal General Has Thus Far Ordered Last Registrants—Class One To Suffice For Near Future.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 30.—Invasion of the deferred classes in the draft is not an immediate danger, members of the senate and house committees on military affairs said today, in spite of the fact that class one is being rapidly exhausted.

Class 1, as at present constituted, includes no men of the last registration, it was pointed out, but only men who registered on June 5, 1917. Provost Marshal General Crowder has given arbitrary orders that at least fifty per cent of the 750,000 men who became 21 during the last year be placed in class one. It is confidently expected that class one will be increased by nearly 400,000, when the new registrants are classified. New class one men, together with those of the 1917 registration, placed in the first class, should give sufficient men to meet the requirements of the next two months at least, it was said.

Some members of the military affairs committees believe it would be sufficient to fill all calls until the end of the year, because of the limited room in the cantonments. Nevertheless General Crowder has power to order quarterly registrants of men becoming 21 and may set September 5 as a new registration day if men are urgently needed.

This situation will not, however, give congress time to dally over changing the draft ages. Three months will be required to classify the men made liable to service when the ages are raised and lowered. If the law were passed by September 1, the men would not have been classified until December 1, at the earliest and no levies of the new registrants would be possible until the beginning of next year. Chairman Dent of the house military affairs committee, said today that Secretary Baker probably would give detailed explanations of the policy of his new man power bill when the lower body reconvenes August 19. No member had received any definite information today on the ages to be fixed. It is understood that the secretary himself has not yet reached a decision on this point.

Where Platinum Is Found.

Platinum is recovered principally from the beds of streams, the particles having been deposited there through erosion of large rocks, classified geologically as "tertiary conglomerates." The platinum grains are found with gold, the proportion varying from 5 to 50 per cent of platinum. The two metals are recovered by washing the sand and gravel of streams.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNITURE storage; best in city. Harry P. Carr. 'Phone 341-W.

WILL parties who purchased from 326 Washington Ave. or accepted as gifts, toys consisting of French dolls with wardrobe, doll's blue satin bed with outfit, blue satin furniture to match for play house, circus outfit of clowns, gray wooden elephant, etc., girl's bicycle and other articles, kindly communicate with M. C. McParlan, 1187 Lexington Ave., New York City.

HAVE your dog clipped. 'Phone 30-R.

MORAN BUSINESS SCHOOL, Burgevin Building, summer session; day and evening. Bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting. Civil service preparation. Make the summer count! Don't delay. Enroll today.

WE want your developing and printing; special 24 hour service; Velox or Cyko paper. O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway. 'Phone 1509.

FIVE and seven passenger cars to hire. 'Phone 1265-M, Goodrich. 112 Hone St.

FURNITURE storage. Mouse-proof, sanitary, fire-proof. Frederick C. Winters, Kingston. 'Phone 1113-J, or Brown Auto Supply Co. 'Phone 1066.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Salesman, with dry goods experience. S. E. Eighmey, 26 Broadway.

WANTED—Chauffeur. 272 Albany Ave.

WANTED—A man to work on farm; engagement permanent to reliable man. A. M. Slauson, 209 Albany Ave.

WANTED—Two carpenters, four laborers. Wall St. Opera House.

WANTED—Barber; steady position; $20 per week and bonus. Carro, 17 Railroad Ave.

WANTED—Two laborers. Apply 360 Foxhall Ave., or 'phone 1850-W, after six.

WANTED—2 men to work in warehouse. Inquire at Freeman Office, or address Box 56.

WANTED—First class barber; at No. 59 E. Strand.

WANTED—Boy 16 years old, to work in packing room. G. W. Van Slyke & Horton.

WANTED—Man now working as insurance agent who wishes to double his income; must be a hustler. Box Hustler, c/o Downtown Freeman.

WANTED—Short order cook, good wages; work 6 days a week. Apply at once, Popular Lunch, 39 E. Strand.

WANTED—Experienced machinists, lathe and planer hands. A. R. King Mfg. Co., 76 Prince St.

WANTED—Married dairyman and one teamster, on large farm; good wages and permanent position to good men; must be Americans and know business. Shagbark Farm, R. F. D. No. 3, Box 151, Saugerties, N. Y.

WANTED—Experienced meat cutter. C. A. Davis, 636 Broadway.

POSITION WANTED.

POSITION WANTED—Licensed Ford chauffeur desires steady position; good references furnished. Write "Reliable" Downtown Freeman.

POSITION WANTED—Man, 45, wants work; assistant; no experience; shop or factory. "Worker" Uptown Freeman.

YOUNG man, 22, exempt, desires light clerical position; good typist. Address Box 75, Central P. O., Kingston.

POSITION WANTED—Housekeeper; widower preferred. Write or call 17 Prince St.

HUNGER RIOTS IN BOHEMIA

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Berne, July 30.—Furious hunger roiting has again broken out at Hiben and Pardubitz, in Bohemia, said a dispatch from Vienna today, quoting the socialist newspaper Arbeiter Zeitung.

Soldiers fired on the mobs dispersing them.

SOLDIERS BAPTIZED.

Chaplain Immerses 300 in Marne Before Battle.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

With the American Army at the Marne, July 29.—(Night)—While a German aeroplane buzzed overhead and the guns nearby were throwing over shells, 300 American soldiers, enroute to the fighting front, were baptized in the Marne river in a single batch by a chaplain.

One thing the chaplain insisted on was that the men wear breech clouts during the ceremony. The weather was hot and afterwards the doughboys enoyed a swim. A score of soldiers who had intended to "kid" the men were so stirred that they got baptized themselves.

WEST PARK.

West Park, July 29.—Mrs. Ella Palmatier and daughter, Maisie, of Poughkeepsie, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Green.

Miss Anna Kniffin is visiting in New York city.

Mrs. Otto Drake of Poughkeepsie spent Tuesday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Connor.

Howard Drake has accepted a position in Jersey city.

John Green is filling his place, as cook, at the Holy Cross Monastery.

When on his way home from work, Irving Denney, was hit by an automobile near the Bingham estate on Thursday evening. There were two cars coming in different directions and the one going south, a New Jersey car, hit Mr. Denney, throwing him several feet. There were saw the accident, also Lawyer Lent, were passing by and saw the accident and received the car number. At this writing Mr. Denney is improving slowly.

The following were in Kingston on Thursday to see the boys entrain for Camp Dix, N. J.: Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Drake, Mrs. Pierre Travis, Mrs. Caroline Gindrat, Miss Florence Green, Miss Dorcas Denney, Gilbert Burridge, Hubert Cudney, Harry Terwilliger, William Lundy, John Green and Howard Quinn. We sent with the boys best wishes for a safe return home, when the war is over.

Mrs. Richard Atkins spent Thursday in Kingston.

A dance will be held in the school house on Wednesday evening, August 7.

Frank Green, of Iona Island, was home on a furlough Wednesday to bid adieu to his brother, Murley, who left for Comp Dix on Thursday morning.

A play, "The Fountain of Youth," will be given by the Camp Fire Girls of West Park on the lawn of "Heartease" Wednesday evening at 7:30. Admission 15 cents. Ice cream 10 cents.

Murley Green and William Schane left on Thursday morning for Camp Dix, N. J. Good luck and a speedy return is extended to these two young man from their many friends here.

Gilbert Burridge, who enlisted in the U. S. A., left for Syracuse today. Good luck and a safe return is extended to him.

Browning Holds Record.

The first Browning gun was made by John M. Browning when he was thirteen years old. It was not a machine gun, as may be surmised. Mr. Browning invented more successful firearms than any ten other men in history.—Forum.

DUGAN FOR SUPREME COURT

Recommended at Meeting of Democratic Judicial Committee at Albany Without Opposition.

The Democrats at a meeting of the judicial committee for the Third District, at Albany, Monday noon, recommended Patrick C. Dugan, a lawyer of Albany, for nomination for supreme court justice. There was no opposition.

John J. Judge, of Troy, was chairman of the meeting and Roscoe Irwin, of Kingston, secretary. George Lawyer, of Albany, named Mr. Dugan. Former Justice James A. Betts, was among other who seconded the recommendation, also Roscoe Irwin. The committee named to fill vacancies is Albert Hessberg, of Albany; John J. Judge, of Troy, and George M. Palmer, of Schoharie.

CAPTAIN'S ORDERS.

No Rum Needed To Make Doughboys Go Over.

With The American Army At The Aisne, July 29—(Night)—Here is the order to charge that was given by an American captain from New York state to his men that carried the heights north of the Ourcq river in a storm assault:

"Strip off your packs. Carry nothing but your rifles, gas masks and grenades. Fix your bayonets, for we are going after them. All you need is a little guts and plenty of cold steel."

U.S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE

HOW TO CAN

PEPPERS

The best sweet peppers for canning are the Spanish varieties known as pimentos. The fruit of these peppers has very thick fresh, tough skin, and is comparatively smooth and free from ridges. The bell peppers are not suitable varieties for canning. Peppers should be ripe, sound, and free from bruises. Sort, using the whole peppers for canning and small or broken peppers for products such as sauces, soups, chutneys, and Dixie relish. Prepare for peeling by roasting peppers in a hot oven from six to eight minutes being careful not to allow them to scorch. Peel, cut out stem, remove seeds, and pack dry in flattened layers. No water or seasoning is used in the preparation of these peppers; the processing brings out a thick liquor which almost covers them in the previously boiled jars. Partially seal jars, sterilize (process by boiling) pint jars for 30 minutes. Cool and test for leaks.

When a steam-pressure canner is used, process pints ten minutes under an eight-pound steam pressure.—United States Department of Agriculture.

Alphabetical Possibilities.

All the inhabitants of the globe, on a rough calculation, could not in 1,000,000,000 years write out all the possible transpositions of the 26 letters of the alphabet, even supposing that each person wrote 40 pages daily, and each of which pages contained not less than 40 transpositions of the letters.

May Be New Source of Oil.

It is believed that large quantities of an oil with many commercial uses can be obtained from the nuts of the coyol palm, which grows prolifically in central and tropical South America.

STEAKS Sirloin Porterhouse Round lb. 40c

Spring LAMB
Legs, lb 35c
Stewing Cuts 25c

VEAL
Shoulder.... 25c
Breast, lb....25c
Chops, lb....35c

Lean Steer Beef POT ROAST lb. 20c lb.

WEDNESDAY
THE MOHICAN ECONOMY DAY
The day each week when the prices are lowest
Save your money by trading here on Wednesday

United States Food Administration License Number G08535.

Local Green Corn doz. 28c doz.

New Potatoes 60c 15 lbs. 60c

Peaches Cantaloupes Oranges Bananas Plums

New Cabbage 8c head 8c

Green Onions 3 bunches 5c

Grocery Specials
Mohican Catsup, bot. 15c

Mohican Selected Eggs, doz..... 49c

Full Pint Grape Juice, bot.... 22c

American Limburger..... 25c

Condensed Milk
Magnolia, can.....16c
Star, can 17c

Phila. Cream Cheese. 12c
Snappy.....14c

Plate and Brisket
Corned Beef, lb. 20c

Dinner Blend Coffee, lb..... 19c

Red Beans 2 lbs..... 25c

FRESH FISH
Halibut, Salmon, Butter Fish, Flounders, Mackerel

ADDINGTON WILL OPPOSE HINMAN

It was announced from Albany Monday that Harold J. Hinman, recommended by the Republicans, would have an opponent in the primaries, as County Judge George Addington, of that city, declares he will seek the nomination for Supreme Court in Third Judicial District.

TABASCO HEIGHTS.

Tabasco Heights, July 30.—Private Vaughn Decker, who is stationed at Camp Upton, has been home on a furlough, visiting his parents and many friends. Private Decker is one of the most popular young men of this place and everyone wishes for his safe return after the war.

Esther and Lester Wynkoop spent Saturday and Sunday with their uncle, Clifton Palen, and family. Mr. and Mrs. Palen accompanied them home, where they spent the day with Mrs. Palen's mother and brother.

There was a grand reception given at the Berger homestead on Sunday evening last in honor of Private Vaughn Decker. The occasion, given by Miss Fannie Berger, and the recommend she gave the young soldier, brought a loud applause from the whole house and by the request of Mr. Helderman of Newark, N. J., the audience rose and sang the Star Spangled Banner, accompanied on the piano by Henry Berger. Light refreshments were served, with games and other enjoyments.

The Berger homestead is filled to overflowing with city people and more are expected.

Those who called at Asa Wynkoop's on Sunday last were Willie Hinkley and Chester Wynkoop of this place, A. Helderman of Newark, N. J., Ross Miller of Yonkers and Private Vaughn Decker of Camp Upton.

Leonard Wynkoop and wife of Krumville spent Sunday afternoon with Mrs. J. Wynkoop.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Decker have received work of the safe arrival of theis son, Basil, overseas.

Cora Terwilliger was ill Saturday and Sunday but is better at this writing.

Most of our young people attended the ice cream festival at Leibhardt on Saturday evening and reported a good time.

Henry Berger took a load of city people to see the Ashokan water works on Saturday.

Otis Barringer and wife of Samsonville made a business trip to this place on Friday night.

Jerry Keator of Palentown passed trough this place on Sunday enroute for the Blooming Boarding House at Mombaccus.

Henry Berger and sister, Fannie, were in Ellenville on Friday afternoon.

Miss Celia Hinkley returned home on Sunday after spending a week with her uncle, W. Van Vliet, at Plutarch.

That's Right.

Men seldom, or rather never for a length of time and deliberately, rebel against anything that does not deserve rebelling against.

OPERA HOUSE

15c TO-NIGHT 15c

7:15 and 9:00 MATINEE DAILY, 2:30 7:15 and 9:00

AUDITORIUM

GOLDWYN Presents

MAE MARSH

IN

"The Glorious Adventure"

The romance of a girl who bought happiness for a dollar.

EDUCATIONAL.

A Paramount Picture

WALLACE REID

IN

"RIMROCK JONES"

LATEST WAR NEWS

Today "THE EAGLE'S EYE" Exposing the German Spy System at Your Very Door

OPERA HOUSE, WEDNESDAY, JULY 31.

AUDITORIUM, THURSDAY, AUGUST 1st.

A PARAMOUNT PICTURE.

JULIAN ELTINGE

—IN—

"THE WIDOW'S MIGHT"

Stunning gowns stunningly worn are one of the features of this picture. And worn by a man, too.

AUDITORIUM, WEDNESDAY, JULY 31st,

OPERA HOUSE, THURSDAY, AUGUST 1st

WILLIAM FOX PRESENTS

THEDA BARA

IN THE 1918 VERSION OF

"A Fool There Was"

25,000 WOMEN NURSES WANTED

Ulster's Quota Must be Filled From the Pick of Our Young Women—Qualifications and Other Details.

The Woman's Branch Home Defense held a meeting Monday afternoon at the court house to form a committee to enroll women in the United States Student Nurse Reserve Corps. Miss Mary Ryan, superintendent of the Kingston City Hospital, was appointed chairman of the committee and the other members are Mrs. Charles Tappen, Mrs. C. E. Hasbrouck and Miss Janet Farrell. Miss L. Kelder was appointed secretary of the committee.

The government is calling for 25,000 young women to join the United States Student Nurse Reserve and hold themselves in readiness to train for service as nurses.

The war is creating an unprecedented demand for trained nurses. Only those who have taken the full training course are eligible for service with our forces overseas. These nurses are being drawn largely from our hospitals at home. Their places must be filled by student nurses enrolled for the full training course of from two to three years.

Age.—The call is for women between the age of nineteen and thirty-five.

Qualifications. — Intelligent, responsible women of good education and sound health are wanted—the pick of the country. A college education is a valuable asset, and many hospitals will give credit for it. Credit will also be given for a special scientific equipment or for preliminary training in nursing, such as that given in special courses now being conducted by various colleges and schools. Some schools, on the other hand, do not even require a full high-school education.

Enrollment.—Women will be given an opportunity to enroll in the United States Students Nurse Reserve in any one of three ways:

(1) As engaging to hold themselves in readiness until April 1, 1919 to accept assignments to nurses' training schools. These women will be sent to the schools as fast as vacancies occur. Those of superior qualifications will be given preference, and it is, of course, possible that not everyone who enrolls will be accepted.

(2) As desiring to become candidates for the Army Nursing School recently established by authority of the war department, with branch schools in selected military hospitals.

(3) As engaging to hold themselves in readiness until April 1, 1919, to accept assignments to either a civilian training school or the Army Nursing School. Those who so enroll will be called where the first need arises. The government hopes that a majority of those who enroll will thus put down their names for both.

There are 1,519 nurses training schools in this country. Their need is as great and imperative as that of the Army School of Nursing. Those who enroll for these schools will be assigned as vacancies occur.

The enrollment card will indicate two classes of registrants—preferred and deferred. The preferred class will be those who are ready to accept assignment to whatever hospital the government directs them, although they may state what training school they prefer to be sent to Those who register in the preferred class will be assigned first, and all possible consideration will be given to their preference as stated. The deferred class is composed of those who limit their pledge of service—that is, who will not engage to go except to certain hospitals. This class is intended large for those who, for family reasons, can not accept training at a distance from their homes. Those who register in the deferred class will be assigned only after the preferred class is exhausted.

The government relies on the patriotism of those who enroll to fill out preferred cards if they possibly can, thus volunteering to go where they are most needed.

Nobody will be assigned to any schools whose conditions of training are not approved by the State Board of Nurse Examiners.

Terms of Training.—The term of training varies from two to three years, according to the requirements of the particular school to which the student nurse may be sent. No course takes less than two years nor more than three.

What the Training Course Prepares For.—At present every woman who completes satisfactorily her training in any accredited school is eligible for service as an army nurse at the front and stands a chance of being assigned to duty abroad. At the same time she will be qualified to earn her living in one of the noblest professions open to women.

Finances.—The student nurse gets her board, lodging and tuition free at practically every training school, and in most cases receives a small remuneration to cover the cost of books and uniforms. After graduation she has an earning capacity of from $100 to $300 a month.

An Honorable Service—Ever since the days of Florence Nightingale, the nursing profession has been one of especial honor. It was never so honorable as it is today. The army needs every nurse it can get to "keep up with the draft." The United States Student Nurse Reserve is the equivalent for women of the great National Army training camps for soldiers.

Those who desire to enroll may do so at the Kingston City Hospital, the Benedictine Sanitarium, the Child Welfare Station on Hasbrouck avenue, and the State Charities Aid Office on John street.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank our neighbors and friends for their acts of kindness and flowers during the sickness and after the death of Ella May, daughter of George C. and Nellie E. Steinmann, and Katherine, wife of the late Henry Steinmann.

GEORGE C. STEINMAN AND FAMILY.

—Advertisement.

AUTOS SMASHED AT STONY HOLLOW

Four Cars Will Be Laid Up For Repairs But All Occupants Escaped Injury.

Monday morning, about noon, a McFarland touring car, said to have had a young woman at the wheel ran almost head-on into a Reo car at a short curve on Kingston-West Hurley highway this side of the viaduct crossing on the U. & D. track at Stony Hollow. Peter Bonesteel of Bonesteel Bros., Cornell street, who carries the mail from this city to Stony Hollow was going up the hill and at the top of the curve met the McFarland coming down. The two cars came together, the McFarland, owned by New York parties coming over on the left side, and the radiator on the touring car had a hole torn in it and was badly smashed and the body twisted. Bonesteel's Reo was quite badly damaged. The two cars were towed to the city for repairs, but best of all no one was injured.

Another accident occurred about 11:30 a. m. on the other side of the railroad bridge when a Buick runabout smashed into L. L. Sagendorf's milk delivery truck. Both cars were somewhat damaged and were towed to Kingston, but no one was hurt.

SCOUT NEWS.

Camp Wangum Closes Saturday—Letter From Soles.

Owing to the necessity for preparing for fall work, Camp Wangum, on the Esopus, will close on Saturday, August 17th. The camp has been hugely enjoyed by the Scouts who have been so fortunate as to spend any time there, and has been as beneficial as pleasant.

The evening camp fires of Camp Wangum are still one of the greatly enjoyed features of the camp life, and it is indeed a pity that more of our Kingston folk, interested in our boys could not find time to run out and take part in one of these pleasant evenings.

Scout Executive Bircher is busily engaged in building another boat.

"Jack" Benson of Hudson, is spending a few weeks at Camp Wangum. He is voted by all to be "some" Jack.

Fred Carr spent Monday at camp, and the boys all wished that he could be with them oftener and for a longer time.

Several of the Scouts attended the flag raising at McVey's field on Sunday evening last.

Remember, there will be but two more weeks of happy camping this year at Camp Wangum.

The following letter has just been received from H. E. Soles, former Scout Executive of Kingston Council:

8th Company, 2nd Battalion,
Depot Brigade,
Camp Devens,
Ayer, Mass.

My Dear Mrs.——

Your letter was forwarded to me here, and I was glad to hear from you.

Uncle Sam sure is the best boss I ever had. We have a good house to live in, fine beds to sleep on, shower baths, clothes, and wonderful food. No rent to worry about, no bills to pay and no chasing around to get our week's pay.

Just think! We had a regular turkey dinner today, with ice cream and bananas.

We get meat three times a day and pure wheat bread every meal. Any one who kicks on army food should be kicked. Regular hours and plenty of drill in the open will produce a nation of men whose strength and influence will be felt for years to come. I don't believe any of us were anxious to leave our homes and dear ones, but after a few days the army life gets under our skin and becomes as fixed as freckles.

Army life is really Boy Scout life on a much larger scale. I wish Kingston could realize this because the boys need scouting. Scouting is helping me here and when I am through here my army experience will be a great asset for future Scout work. I take my work here as a school in scouting.

Shall be glad to answer any questions that anyone wishes to ask about life here.

Best regards to all.

(Signed) H. E. SOLES.

Wool Case Was Tried.

Monday the famous stolen wool case was tried in city court before Judge Schirick when Julius Werbalowsky's action against Barney Millens had a hearing. The action is brought to recover $42.70, the price paid for some wool. This wool was seized by the state police and turned over to Chairman Hardenburgh of Exemption Board No. 2, from whose farm at Stone Ridge it had been stolen. Werbalowsky claims he got the wool from Millens, which is denied. Werbalowsky was represented by Judge W. D. Brinnier, Jr., while Judge N. Frank O'Reilly represented Millens. The court reserved decision at the close of the hearing.

Port Jervis Chief Out.

After a trial which lasted for six days and one evening, Chief of Police Frank A. Brown of Port Jervis, being tried on 15 charges brought against him by former Policeman Otto Meyer, was dismissed from the department by a vote of 6 to 1 by the common council. Chief Brown was found guilty of 7 charges. Policeman Stephen W. Campbell has been appointed acting chief.

A Runaway on Broadway.

Monday afternoon a horse owned by Jacob Furmansky ran away down Broadway. In the wagon was a five-year-old boy and he enjoyed a thrilling ride until the runaway neared Williams, the florist, on Broadway, when Frank Myers, who is employed there, rushed out and caught the horse by the bit, bringing him to a stop.

UNDERNEATH THE CITY HALL DOME

From what could be learned this morning no new cases of glanders have developed in Kingston. The public drinking fountains are still closed as well as the public horse sheds. The Kingston Horse Owners Association has taken no action in the matter, but the officers of the association after talking the matter over, decided that it was in the hands of the health board and Sheriff Smith, who is the state veterinarian in Ulster county.

It is said that all drivers of horses do not carry pails with them to water their horses. Horse owners should not allow another horse to drink out of the same pail that their horse drinks from for the disease is easily communicable in this manner.

All those who handle horses for sale in Kingston are said to make a careful examination of any new horses they receive to ascertain if they have the glanders.

Before the water is turned on in the public drinking fountains it is likely the health board will have the fountains thoroughly cleansed. There has been some talk among horsemen of asking the city authorities to place faucets on the drinking fountains so that water may be drawn from them to fill the pails to water the horses. Whether the matter has been taken up with the city authorities is not known.

Superintendent Van Keuren of the board of public works, while driving up the Delaware avenue hill this morning found a suit case in the road. It had evidently fallen from an automobile or a wagon. He left it at police headquarters, where it was examined to ascertain if the owner's name was inside. There was nothing in the suit case, however, to determine who was the owner. It may be had at police headquarters by the owner calling there.

Officer Soper is doing duty this week on the motorcycle. Since the department installed a motorcycle to its equipment there has been gradually a dropping off in the number of speeders in the city. As some one said, the motorcycle cop has made the streets safe for pedestrians.

SOUTH RONDOUT.

South Rondout, July 30.—The Ladies' Aid and their friends will have a picnic at Kingston Point Park on Wednesday. All that can will go on the 10:20 yacht.

Miss Florence Wilsen of New York is spending a week at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Julia Maines.

Mrs. Andrew Andersen called on her aunt, Mrs. Wolfersheim at Kingston on Sunday.

Miss Lena and Mrs. John Bigler and daughters, Lauretta and Lucielle, spent Sunday at Kingston.

Mrs. Cooper and daughter, Louise, of Beacon, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George Meade, at the parsonage.

Mr. and Mrs Mathias Clair and son, Curtis, Miss Elizabeth Clair, Mrs. Schatzel and Mr. Rickert of Kingston motored around the Ashokan dam on Sunday.

Miss Mae Relyea of Sleightsburgh, Kathryn Darwak and Nellie Gardner called on Miss Anna Schriber on Sunday.

Mrs. Harry Peckerell and mother, Mrs. Mackintosh, left Saturday for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Terpening of Sleightsburgh attended the funeral of Mrs. Chis Genthner at Saugerties on Sunday.

Mrs. Knud Olsen and daughters, Harriet and Mildred, spent Saturday in Saugerties.

Joseph Snyder, pilot of the steamer, Abany, spent Friday at his home.

Frank Blithover of New York came home on Saturday to be examined by the local board.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Demmis and daughter, of New York, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clair.

Miss Kathryn Cavanaugh of Brooklyn has returned home, after spending a week with her sister, Mrs. Willard Blodgett.

Mrs. Nelsen Sleight of Sleightsburgh is spending some time with her mother and sister, Mrs. Henry Meyers.

Mrs. Charles Becker and daughter, Cressie, and Mary Kener of Kingston have returned home, after spending a week with her sister, Mrs. Frank Spinneweber at Hoboken.

Francis and Norman Spinneweber of Hoboken are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Charles Becker.

Miss Dorothy Mead is visiting relatives at Beacon.

Mrs. Benedick of Beacon has returned home after spending two weeks with her daughter, Mrs. George Mead, at the parsonage.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Cole of New York spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Cole, Sr.

John Meyers of New York is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Meyers.

Mrs. J. Shellenberger of Albany is visiting at the home of Mrs. Jerry Avery.

The boat, Amy R. Mack, was loading a cargo of ice at the McCormack ice house at Port Ewen for Mr. Leo, 67th street, New York. Captain J. C. Hotaling is commander.

Mrs. Legrand Becker and Mrs Winnifred Hodes of Kingston spent Wednesday at the home of Mrs. George Dunn.

Mrs. John Biel of New York has returned home after spending some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Hyde.

Mrs. Margaret Miller, the teacher that taught our school last year, left for Rochester last week. We hear that she has the school in St. Remy for next year.

The road commissioners are working down here on the streets. They are putting the middle street in fine condition. They have put crushed stone on and then the steam roller and now we have a fine street.

BITTER FIGHTING NORTH OF OURCQ

Americans, at Apex of Allied Advance are Subjected to Terrific Shelling—Germans Strap Machine Gunners in Trees.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

With the American Army at the Marne, July 29.—Throwing the Fifth Guards into the fighting, the Germans are counter attacking violently today against the new Franco-American line north of the Ourcq river in an effort to hurl back the apex of the Allied advance. The Americans, who have been thrusting on the line north of Sergy, hold the spearhead of the Allied front. Krupp batteries opened up a terrific gun fire against the foot bridges emplaced over the Ourcq on Saturday night, at the same time pounding the Americans on the southern bank of the stream with gas shells.

A crack German guard battalion was thrown against the Americans at Sergy, driving the latter from the village. The Americans were not followed as far as the river.

While reorganizing the Americans threw up rockets calling for reinforcements.

In the counter charge that followed the Germans were ejected from the village.

After being reinforced by Prussian Guardsmen from the north of the village the Germans attacked again and once more they entered Sergy.

Then American reinforcements came up. In their haste those who could not get on the footbridges, swam or forded the Ourcq. As soon as they could form their lines they fell upon the Boches, driving them back once more.

These shock tactics of attack and counter attack continued all night long.

During the morning and early afternoon the Americans got their batteries of field guns across the river, dragging the pieces across the stream with rope lines.

In the face of heavy machine gun fire the 3-inch batteries were wheeled into place and opened up a fire that swept the Germans from the slopes in front of them.

Dragging their guns with them, the Americans fought their way to the summit of the heights from 3 to 4 kilometers north of the Ourcq, where the artillery was planted astride the Fismes highway. Up there the gunners could use open sight targets against the enemy.

In the meantime reinforcements had worked their way northwest from Rocheres, employing machines to guard their right flank and enflanking the position from the enemy who fell back. The Germans are camouflaging the machine guns in the foliage of trees, frequently causing much trouble to the advancing Americans. Finally a lieutenant from Providence, R. I., thought out a scheme to combat this German cunning. When German tree emplacements" were discovered the Americans would signal to their airmen by placing strips of white cloth on the ground pointing to the particular German machine gun emplacement. Then the aviators would fly low over the trees pouring hot machine gun fire into the leaves and trenches. Usually the German weapons were tied in place and it was not infrequent that the bodies of German machine gunners could be seen hanging head downwards from the straps which attached them to their guns.

ONE THIRD OF VOTERS WOMEN

Enrollment Figures Show That 679,618 are Entitled to Vote—2,284 In Ulster County.

Enrollment figures as compiled by State Superintendent of Elections Frederick L. Marshall show that there are 1,475,088 men of all parties enrolled in the state and that 679,618 women availed themselves of the opportunity to become affiliated with a party, so as to be able to vote in the primaries and have a say in party management. The total enrollment in Ulster county of the four leading parties, as compiled by the state superintendent of elections is as follows:

	Rep.	Dem.	Soc.	Pro.
Women	1166	397	6	715
Men	8282	4830	98	335
Total	9448	5227	104	1050

The returns show a total of void ballots in the state of only 7,457 in the enrollment of women. The proportion among men is considerably larger.

Dietetic Habits.

Some people seem to think that a vegetarian is a curiosity. A rough calculation shows that the population of the world, now estimated approximately at 1,600,000,000, is said to be divided as to dietetic habits about as follows: Strict vegetarians, 250,000,000; practically vegetarians, but eating a little fish or flesh, 450,000,000; eating meat about once a week (on high days and holidays), 500,000,000; eating meat daily and sometimes more than once a day, 400,000,000.

New Educational Idea.

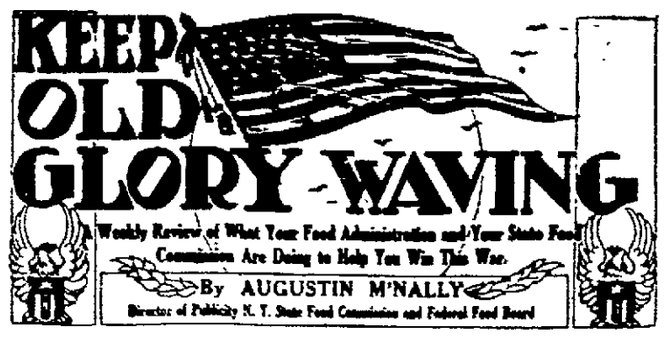
For teaching children to read more rapidly a Boston man has invented a machine which displays but a single line of printed matter at a time.

NOTICE.

Sealed proposals will be received at the city clerk's office for the rewiring the city hall, as per specification on file in the city clerk's office. Bids to be received not later than 4 p. m. August 5, 1918. Committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

GEORGE SCHICK, Chairman.
Buildings, Repairs and Supplies Committee.

Dated Kingston, N. Y., July 30, 1918.


KEEP OLD GLORY WAVING
A Weekly Review of What Your Food Administration and Your State Food Commission Are Doing to Help You Win This War.
By AUGUSTIN M'NALLY
Director of Publicity N. Y. State Food Commission and Federal Food Board

Let Us Give Thanks.

Reports reaching Calvin J. Huson, director of the Bureau of Production of the New York State Food Commission, indicate that the state will have a record yield of spring wheat, that the barley crop in the western part of the state will exceed expectations and that the rye crop is in fine condition. Corn is the only backward cereal in the state.

Now that the harvest season is at hand, with promise of generous crops in New York and other states, let us give thanks to Him who knows every blade of grass that grows for His bounty—thanks that we shall have enough to feed our soldiers across the sea, our people at home and supply the needs of our comrades in the war. And let each one of us, man, woman and child, promise to be saving in the use of all foods, particularly sugar, wheat and meats, that we may have plenty of these vital foods to spare for those who are fighting so valiantly against the common enemy to the end that Right and Justice and Liberty may triumph throughout the world.

HOW MUCH FOOD U. S. HAS SENT TO ALLIES

Eighty billion, five hundred million meals!

This is some quantity of food. Estimating the average number of meals per person a year at 1,000, this would be sufficient food to give 1,150,000 persons, each living to be seventy years old, all they would need to eat from the day of their birth to the time of their death. Approximately the 80,500,000,000 meals represent the grand total of all food exported by the United States to the Allies from the beginning of the world war in August, 1914, to March 1, 1918. It has been calculated that the food exported from this country during these forty-two months would furnish complete rations for 80,572,010 persons for one year, or sufficient to feed the combined populations of Great Britain and France for one entire year.

This gigantic movement of food—food which has played so vital a part in the world struggle for freedom and liberty—is something to give every red blooded American a thrill of pride at the thought that it is his country, the United States, which has done this.

SAVE YOUR OLD JARS AND GLASSES FOR CANNING

All canning and preserving records are expected to be broken this season as a result of the nation-wide growth of the war-garden movement, and the demand for glass containers, from present indications, will tax the output of the manufacturers. Housewives who did not lay in a supply in advance may find it difficult to secure containers. Old jars and glasses may be used for jellies and jams, and no good containers of any kind should be thrown away, as they represent not only a means to save food, but also a saving of glass and tin and valuable shipping space.

THE KIND OF BREAD ENGLAND IS EATING

No bread can be sold in England less than twelve hours old, except where delivery is made to a sea-going vessel. Bread can be made in only three shapes and must be sold in even pound weights; rolls may not exceed two ounces in weight. No fruits, eggs, fat (except for greasing tin), sugar or other sweetening, or milk product, other than buttermilk, may be used in any bread made for sale in England.

POTATOES NOW USED AS "FILLERS" FOR BONBONS

If some one offered you a box of chocolate bonbons which were so delicious that you apologized for the number you ate, and then some one told you that the chief ingredient of their interior was p-o-t-a-t-o-e-s, wouldn't it surprise you? Food Administrator Peden of Texas, who had this experience, was more than surprised. The filling of the bondons was suggestive of cocoanut and very delicate to the taste. Potato candy is a logical follow-up to tuploca-flour bread, whale steak, mesquite sirup and other interesting food revelations brought about as a result of the war.

PENALTIES MAKE HOARDING UNPOPULAR WITH ITALIANS

The hoarding of foodstuffs has been made unpopular in Italy by a decree, recently published in Rome, whereby any person who lays in supplies above his normal needs is punishable by a fine of from $4 to $100 or by imprisonment up to one month and the confiscation of the supplies. The food situation in Italy is critical. The meat shortage is the most acute and on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of each week meat can neither be served in restaurants nor hotels nor bought for home consumption. In Rome beef is selling at 72 to 80 cents a pound and veal from 66 to 79 cents a pound.

Malarial Scourge.

Malarial fevers are by far the greatest scourge of the rural districts of Venezuela. In the one state of Carabobo, with a population of 128,336, there were 1,484 deaths from malaria last year.

HOW SUGAR SHORTAGE IS BEING MET IN ENGLAND

England is on a very limited sugar ration. Manufacturers other than makers of jam, condensed milk and beer may not use during the year ending May 31, 1919, more than 25 per cent. of the quantity they used during the year 1915. This order, as announced by the British Ministry of Food, applies to manufacturers of sugar confectionery and chocolate, pastries, biscuits, candied peel, preserved and crystalized fruits, drugs and medicinal preparations, mineral water, other beverages (except beer and stout), or any other product requiring sugar in its manufacture.

PATRIOTIC BURGLAR OBSERVES FOOD RULES

The food regulations have impressed even the burglars' fraternity. In a recent issue the Columbia Missourian tells of a burglar who faithfully observed the fifty-fifty substitutes rule which applies to purchases of flour. Sunday night he stole five sacks of wheat flour from a grocer and the following evening revisited the store and took an equal number of sacks of corn meal.

U. S. LARGE USER OF COLD STORAGE SPACE

The United States government at the present time is one of the largest users of cold storage space. This fact may serve to remove doubts which exist in the minds of many persons as to the wholesomeness of foods held in this manner. Each month we now ship to the Allied nations more than 70,000,000 pounds of cold-storage and frozen beef. Without cold-storage facilities this would be impossible. Through the efforts of the Food Administration many abuses in the cold-storage business have been corrected. The consumer has been protected by the enforcement of a rule which prohibits the sale of cold-storage food as fresh, and patrons of cold-storage houses have been protected by a regulation which prohibits the increasing of rates for space without thirty days' notice.

FISH BREAD LATEST WAR DELICACY IN NORWAY

Fish bread is the latest product of the war, and it is said by those who have eaten it to be palatable and nourishing. The Royal Norwegian Provisions Department, which in Norway fulfills some of the functions of our own Food Administration here, has officially announced that recent experiments at Bergen to produce bread containing 20 per cent. fish roe have been successful. Machinery for the preparation of a flour made from cod roe, which will be mixed with bread grain, will be installed to increase the bread rations in Norway.

Dress Reform a Question of Buttons.

Modern clothing differs from that of the Greeks and Romans less because of changes in notions of art than because of the invention of buttons. Two centuries ago no one wore buttons. They were unknown. Then a few stylish folk began to wear them as ornaments. Someone finally discovered that buttons could be useful as well as ornamental, and began to use them as fasteners. Up to that time clothes did not fit. Tailors tried to make clothing so that it would drape the body gracefully, but any attempt to obtain snugness resulted merely in openness. Modern dress reformers who seek to restore the old styles, based on the drapery theory, could get their ideas speedily adopted if they found a way to close up the button factories.

Adds Life to Railroad Ties.

Railroad ties last about eight years under normal conditions, when they have to be renewed, which costs a good deal of money and calls for a large force of labor, says Popular Science Monthly. It is estimated that treated ties which are first kiln-dried and then immersed in hot creosote until saturated, last twice as long. They are absolutely waterproof and impervious to rot.

Lay of the Last Hen.

"The Lay of the Last Minstrel" may have caused some apprehension in its day, but were the lay of the last hen to be announced in ours there would certainly be a panic.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

BURNS WAS NO GOOD

"I released Burns to Philadelphia because he was a failure at the bat, because he clogged the bases, and was generally of no use to a winning ball club," explained Hughey Jennings.

And then Burns went out and batted his way to the top of the American league inside of two months, and, to inflict poetic punishment upon said Hughey Jennings, came up five times and poled five hits, including a double and a triple, right on the let where he had been a "failure."

TWILIGHT BALL IS PROVING ITS WORTH

New System May Be Means of Saving Two Western Circuits.

American Association and Western League Gain In Attendance by Starting Games Late to Accommodate War Workers.

The American association has developed a very close race, yet in some of the cities of the league the attendance is not well up to the standard—which undoubtedly is due to the fact that so many young men patrons are now in the army, and that many men are busily engaged in work which prevents attendence at the week-day games.

The situation has become serious enough to force the adoption of the twilight baseball scheme recently successfully tried in Minneapolis and St. Paul. Under this scheme the games are started as late as six o'clock, thus giving war workers a chance to attend the week-day games.

The first twilight game in Minneapolis drew the largest crowd of the season. In the Western league the club owners find that the games started after six o'clock attract double the attendance that would attend the game at three bells. Late starts seem to be the only way to save the minors, unless the magnates are willing to stand a heavy financial loss this season.

There is no denying the fact the minor league ball is not as prosperous as it should be. And the only solution of the problem seems to be twilight ball. The army has taken so many men that the stay-at-homes are needed during regular working hours. There are not enough people idle in the afternoon to make baseball a paying venture in the minor league cities.

President Hickey of the American association has little fear of General Crowder's "Work or Fight" order, so far as it applies to baseball. He believes that the order is intended to apply to the chronic idlers and useless employees at amusement resorts, of every description, and does not include baseball, which is a clean and wholesome amusement within its scope. Furthermore the general has always been in favor of baseball and therefore he does not believe that he now contemplates the virtual conscription of ball players, and this belief is shared by the majority of American association magnates, whose only problem is how to finish a hard season with whole skins.

PRO GOLF PLAYER IS NOW IN THE NAVAL RESERVES

Ed Loos, well-known professional golf player, has enlisted in the naval reserve and is stationed at Wissahecken Barracks, Cape May, N. J.

CONNIE ROCHE IS PROMOTED

Made Sergeant at Camp Dodge, Ia., and Playing on One of Best Army Teams.

Connie (Red) Roche, called from Topeka, Kan., to the army and leaving a fat batting average of .367 behind him, has been promoted to the rank of sergeant at Camp Dodge, Ia. He writes that he is playing on one of the best ball teams in the army. It includes Troy Agnew, Nabors, Love, Block and other players who have made professional records and has made such a showing that it has been selected to make a tour of Western cities, playing exhibition games to boost the army athletic funds.

TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1918.

Sun rises, 5:49; sets, 8:23.
Weather, rainy.

The Temperature.

The lowest point registered by The Freeman thermometer last night was 74 degrees. The highest point registered up until noon today was 80 degrees.

Weather Forecast.

Washington, July 30.—Thunder showers, Tuesday night; Wednesday slightly cooler, with northerly winds.

HOLY NAME BOYS AWARDED GAME

Monday evening another game in the Twilight League was staged at McVey's field, when the Holy Name Society clashed with the Kingston Shipbuilding players, and was forfeited to the Holy Name boys by Umpire Rice during the ending of the fifth inning. The score was 5 to 1 in favor of the Holy Name boys but it started to rain at the end of the fifth inning and the shipbuilders left the field against the ruling of the umpire, who declared the game forfeited to the Holy Name boys by the score of 9 to 0.

This evening the Freeman Publishing Company will clash with the Red Monograms. Game will be called at 7 o'clock.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Holy Name	3	1	.750
Red Monograms	2	1	.667
U. & D. Shops	2	2	.500
Crescents	2	2	.500
Freeman Pub. Co.	1	2	.333
Kingston Ship Co.	1	3	.250

Washington Flag Etiquette.

The United States flag always is hoisted over the senate or house of representatives when in session. The flag floats from the flagstaff of the White House while the president is in Washington, and its absence indicates the absence of the president from the capital. It is displayed over the department buildings in Washington from 9 o'clock a. m. to 4:30 p. m. every week day.

Where Reality Is Found.

Listen to words and you will hear words; listen to voices and you will hear reality.—Harold Goddard, in Atlantic.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A GLORIOUS LOT.

of summer flowers and choice roses at VALENTIN BURGEVIN, INC., Fair and Main streets.

Don't forget the weekly dance at Marz's Hotel, Lake Katrine, every Thursday evening. Music by Miller's orchestra.

AMERICAN FLAGS.

All wool and cotton bunting, imitation bunting, from 5c to $25. Flag poles and brackets, service flags, all sizes from 25c to $15. O'REILLY'S, 530 Broadway. Phone 1509.

WILLIAM MILLER'S TAXI SERVICE, 42 Elmendorf street, has given satisfaction for 19 years. Look for little blue panel on doors of taxis. PHONE CALL 17. Get the number right.

If you want a real bargain in pipes, call at ISEMAN'S, 3½ Main.

$1.00 shirts, 55c; $1.50 shirts, 79c. Factory seconds. McTAGUE, 48 Broadway.

The Daily Freeman is on sale at the following stands of the Schultz News Agency in New York city.
102 W. 42nd Street.
42nd Street and Park Avenue (opposite Grand Central Depot.)
30th Street and Broadway, (S. W. Corner.
42nd Street and Sixth Avenue. (S. W. Corner.)

Salt Hay. E. T. McGILL.

BATHING SUITS.

Boys', Men's and kiddies', all sizes and prices. Also separate trunks and bathing caps and shoes. O'REILLY'S, 530 Broadway.

AUTO ROAD MAPS.

New Rand McNally Section Road Maps, just the thing you want; also the Blue Book, Scarborough's and Hammond's Maps. 'Phone 1509. O'REILLY, Broadway.

It's Cool!

It's like a breath from the Polar Cub's home. It's for you who long for relief from the heat; for you who have said, "Gee, I wish it was winter again!"

Here is the soothing, delicious coolness you want. Polar Cub creates a miniature winter, anywhere, anytime.

Polar Cub Electric Fan $5.85

It will run at two speeds—Guaranteed for a full season. Equipped with eight foot cord and plug.

WARREN'S

WINFRED TOO YOUNG TO DRIVE A CAR

He Was 15 Years Old and Was Arrested by Officer Martin—Fined $2—Other Traffic Violators.

Winfred Snyder, 15 years old, was arrested by Officer Martin on Monday charged with driving an auto while under the age limit. No one under 16 years of age is allowed to drive a car and a license will not be issued by the state to any one under 18 years. This morning Winfred was arraigned before Judge Schirick in children's court and entered a pea of guilty. He was accompanied by his father, Frank Snyder, who explained that he thought that as long as he owned the car his boy could drive it.

William Geggemeyer, an out of town man, was arrested Monday by Officer Soper for speeding. He deposited a cash bail of $5 for his appearance in police court. He failed to appear and the bail was forfeited.

Clinton Oakley, 20 years old, was arrested Monday afternoon by Officer Shader on a charge of driving on the left side of the street standard. The hearing was adjourned until August 1.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Scores Yesterday and Games Scheduled For Today.

National League.

Pittsburgh, 4; New York, 2.
St. Louis, 4; Brooklyn, 3; 12 innings.
Boston, 3; Chicago, 2.
Philadelphia, 5; Cincinnati, 4.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	59	32	.648
New York	56	35	.615
Pittsburgh	47	42	.528
Philadelphia	42	47	.472
Cincinnati	41	48	.461
Boston	41	52	.441
Brooklyn	38	50	.432
St. Louis	38	56	.404

American League.

Detroit, 3; New York, 2.
Chicago, 1; Washington, 0; 13 innings.
Boston, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Cleveland-Philadelphia, rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	57	37	.606
Cleveland	52	42	.558
Washington	50	43	.538
New York	46	43	.517
Chicago	43	48	.473
St. Louis	41	50	.451
Detroit	41	51	.446
Philadelphia	37	53	.471

International League.

Jersey City, 5; Toronto, 4.
Newark-Buffalo, postponed.
Rochester, 4; Binghamton, 3.
Syracuse-Baltimore, postponed.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Binghamton	52	27	.658
Toronto	54	31	.635
Baltimore	50	35	.588
Rochester	42	35	.545
Newark	43	41	.512
Buffalo	37	44	.457
Syracuse	27	51	.346
Jersey City	19	60	.241

Games Scheduled Today.

National League.

Pittsburgh at New York, clear.
St. Louis at Brooklyn, clear.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia, cloudy.
Chicago at Boston, clear.

American League.

New York at Detroit, cloudy.
Philadelphia at Cleveland, two games, cloudy.
Washington at Chicago, clear.
Boston at St. Louis, clear.

International League.

Baltimore at Syracuse, two games, cloudy.
Binghamton at Rochester, cloudy.
Newark at Buffalo, cloudy.
Jersey City at Toronto, cloudy.

Aids in Furnishing Army Remounts.

The United States Department of Agriculture is cooperating with the War Department in producing horses for the army. G. A. Bell, of the Department of Agriculture, has recently returned from Virginia, Vermont, and New Hampshire, where, with a representative from the War Department, 135 horses were purchased. These horses were 3-year-olds and were purchased from farmers who bred their mares to stallions owned by the Department of Agriculture. Through an agreement made by farmers and the government the government agrees to pay $150 for each colt sired by government owned stallions, provided it passes the requirements of the War Department, or the farmer, by paying the service fee, can keep the colt for his own use.

Notaries Public Sworn.

The following have sworn in at the office of the county clerk as notaries public: Edgar T. Shultis, 25 South Pine street; Thomas W. Flemming, 268 West Chestnut street; Arthur G. Tongue, 9 Orchard street; Sam M. Watts, 106 Highland avenue.

NO LET UP TO OUR FINAL SALE

Several Thousand Dollars' Worth of Merchandise Taken From Our Reserve Stock. THE UP-TO-DATE COMPANY'S Sales First, Last and at ALL TIMES.

This has been proven conclusively from year to year. Lose no time in getting here Thursday, Friday or Saturday. You will get greater values.

SEVERAL HUNDRED NEW DRESSES!

These were manufactured during the months of May and June and were made to sell at from $15 to $20. Fortunate we were in securing these dresses. All have been placed in our FINAL SALE. They have been classified in three groups and will go Thursday, Friday or Saturday..... **$4.95, $6.75 and $7.75**

YOU MUST HURRY FOR SOME OF THESE BARGAINS

What's Left in $20 and $25 Suits marked down to **$12.75**

What's Left in $35 and $45 Suits marked down to **$17.75**

Wooltex and Printzess Pre-Shrunk Skirts, What's Left $6.75 to $7.75 values, marked down to **$3.75**

ONE LOT OF NEW SKIRTS VALUES UP TO $5.00 **GOING AT $1.98**

If you come this week you will never forget this Final Clearance Sale because you will profit still more. A sale without precedent or equal.

THE UP-TO-DATE CLOAK MANUFACTURING CO.

303-305 Wall Street, Kingston.
280 Main Street, Poughkeepsie. 325 South Salina Street, Syracuse.

GERMAN COUNTER ASSAULTS GAIN

As Enemy Rushes Up Divisions, Allies Progress Is Slowed—German Take Two Villages From French and Americans.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, July 30.—(1 p. m.)—Violent fighting is in progress along the whole Aisne-Marne front, especialy between Ville-en-Tardennois and Buzancy.

The French have advanced farther in the sector of the Ardre towards Aubilly and also in the neighborhood of Villers Ageron where they are progressing toward the plateau the Ourcq and Vesle rivers.

A heavy struggle is raging around Buzancy and Plessiere wood where 400 prisoners were taken from three German divisions. The enemy, it is estimated has put 71 divisions into the battle so far, ten of them being withdrawn from Prince Rupprecht's army in Flanders.

(Seventy one divisions is 812,000 men.)

Strong German counter assaults were delivered northeast of Outchy-Le-Chateau and southeast of Fere-en-Tardennois.

The German counter assaults wrested Cierges from the Americans and Beugeneux from the French.

(Cirges is slightly less than five miles from Fere-en-Tardennois and Beugeneux is about three miles from Outchy-Le-Chateau.)

First Aid For Shipbuilders.

A class of twenty men employed by the Kingston Shipbuilding Corporation met on Monday evening in the basement of the City Library to receive instruction in first aid to the injured, from Dr. Mark O'Meara, assisted by Dr. A. C. Gates. The class will meet every Monday evening at 7:30 and expect in due time to become very proficient in rendering assistance to those of their fellow employes who are hurt in the performance of their duties on the shipyard of the Island Dock.

Our Population Increases.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey J. Davis of No. 106 O'Neil street, are receiving congratulations over the arrival of a daughter, Dorothy May.

A boy, Donald Charles, has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Kidd of 53 Downs street.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Ennist of Lindsley avenue, have welcomed a son, Raymond, at their home.

PORT EWEN.

Port Ewen, July 30.—Mr. and David Parsell of Broadway, Miss Bessie Freer and the Misses Wells of Union Center, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Hutchings, Miss Mildred Short of Broadway, and Mrs. Antha Sherman of Groton, motored to Orange Lake Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Zimmerman of Union Center, was the guest of friends here Monday.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Church, will have an excursion to Orange Lake, Saturday, August 3rd. Will leave Rondout of steamer Benjamin Odell at 11 o'clock a. m., and return on the Homer Ramsdall. Tickets for adults $1.00 round trip, including fare on trolley to Orange Lake. Children, under 12 years old, 50 cents. Tickets on sale at Alexander Crook's ice cream parlor Friday, from 7 a. m. to 9:30 p. m. Tickets sold on dock Saturday.

Rev. P. N. Chase of Kingston, called on friends here Monday.

After spending a few weeks in the Catskills, Leonard Van Buren, of Brooklyn, spent the week-end with his sister, Mrs. Charles Filsinger, on Salem street.

A business meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Church, will be held Thursday, August 1st, in the chapel at 3 o'clock.

Warren K. Van Vliet of Jersey City, is spending a few weeks with his family on Broadway.

Miss Anna Short of Main street, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Short at Cottekill.

The Reformed Sunday school will have a basket picnic at Forsyth Park, Kingston, Thursday, August 1st, ice cream on sale.

A great many people from this place attended the patriotic service at the Reformed Church at Ulster Park, Sunday evening and enjoyed Judge Parker's address.

The Union Pacific Tea Store will close every Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock, from July 31st, during the month of August.

ULSTER PARK.

Ulster Park, July 30.—Miss Nina Parsell of Kingston spent the week end with Mrs. William Schryver.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hoffman of Kingston were the week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Gardiner.

Mr. and Mrs. Glynn of New York city are visiting Mrs. Glynn's mother, Mrs. E. Schryver.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Pruden of Kingston spent the week end with Miss Mildred Magley.

Miss Rachel Hoffman of Kingston spent Sunday with Mrs. Edwin Doyle.

Miss Jennie Terpening is visiting friends in Hackensack, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. George Eckert and son, Ernest, and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Wells of Poughkeepsie motored around the Ashokan reservoir Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. William Cole have purchased a new car from Percy Mott of Esopus.

A large crowd attended the social of the Do Your Bit Club, held on the lawn of Mrs. George Kennoch, last Friday evening. Gross proceeds, $25.

Lieut. Waldron Dumond of Waco, Texts, spent a 48 hour pass with his brother, Chester Dubond, of this place.

Mrs. LeFever of Oyster Bay, N. J., is visiting Mrs. N. Coutant.

The W. C. T. U. will hold a foreign mission meeting at the home of Mrs. Henry Osborn Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock. A social hour will follow the program. An offering will be taken. A cordial invitation is extended to the ladies of the congregation to attend. All members are requested to come prepared to pay annual dues.

1897 THE ECONOMY STORE FOR 21 YEARS 1918

Coffee Percolators ALUMINUM Special $1.25

S. E. Eighmey

Box Writing Paper GOOD QUALITY 25c 39c 50c

A Store Full of Attractive Values

Summer Dress Goods
44 INCH VOILES AT 45c Yd.
Advance orders have kept us well supplied with all the best selling colors, nickel, rose, Copen, blue, pink, lavender, white and black. Thousands of yards have been sold at the good, old price
45c yd.

Afternoon Dresses $3.50
Another lot of those smart Gingham Dresses, plaids and stripes, of good quality, with white collar and cuffs. (See table on main floor.) Good quality, fast colors, house dresses at
$1.59 and $1.97
SECOND FLOOR

Slip Over Sweaters
Good wool yarn
$2.97 to $6.97
Mercerized Sweater Coats, with plain or fancy collars
$5.97 and $6.97

Columbia Shirts
1.00 1.50 2.00 3.00 3.97 4.97
We knew right well that the men would appreciate these extraordinary values. If you can't come yourself send your wife, your mother or your sister, or just call us on the 'phone, 118, tell us the price you are willing to pay, we'l guarantee the values and exchange later if necessary.

Work Shirts
89c, $1.00 and $1.25

Muslin Underwear
When you consider the present price for all cotton goods, you will appreciate these values:
Muslin Gowns 97c $1.25, $1.50, $1.69 and $1.97
Skirts 97c, $1.25, $1.69, $1.97 and $2.50
Corset Covers 39c, 47c, 59c, 75c, $1.00
Envelope Chemise 97c, $1.25, $1.69, $1.97
Camisoles.....$1.25
Seal Pax Unions 97c, $1.50, $2.97

The DOWNTOWN STORE for ECONOMY
Broadway and Mill St. **S. E. EIGHMEY** 26 Broadway.

ARE YOU GETTING YOUR SHARE OF THE BARGAINS

AT E. T. STELLE & SON'S GREATEST OF ALL

SUNSHINE SUMMER SHOE SALE

E. T. STELLE & SON, 298 WALL STREET

155 NAMES ON CASUALTY LISTS

(Continued from page 1)

Petere Amber, Wilmette, Ill.
Anthony Balkus, Waterbury, Ct.
Robert J. Bengert, 3712 West 12th street, Chicago.
William Bickerdy, Hyde Chashire, England.
Warren Black, Ottawa, Kansas.
Edward W. Martin, Calmens, Point Marion, Pa.
Joseph W. Cames, Newington, Connecticut.
Merley A. Cook, Anderson, Ind.
John H. Cooper, Monongahela, Pa.
Howard C. Crosby, Roxbury, Mass.
John A. Cross, Chicago.
Robert O. Davis, Fairhaven, Vt.
John E. Deso, Champlain, N. Y.
Harry M. Dublantis, Montegut, La.
Archie Ewens, Pittsburgh, Pa.
George R. Feeley, Natick, Mass.
Joseph M. Feeley, Natick, Mass.
Santos F. Arnold, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Russell Ora Gilmore, Brant, Ky.
George H. Gould, Dorchester, Massachusetts.
Charles Gueterman, Brooklyn, New York.
Louis C. Gueriskie, New York.
Joseph C. A. Guiliani, Philadelphia, Pa.
Gray Hanrahan, Bridgeport, Connecticut.
William M. Meyer Harvey, Philadelphia, Pa.
Donald A. Haskel, Lincoln, Me.
Bror Orlaf Hjelin, Cambridge, Minnesota.
Leo J. Holland, Providence, R. I.
Robert E. Irwin, Newtonville, Massachusetts.
Harry M. Jorney, Concord, N. C.
Albert C. Kantack, Meriden, Conn.
William S. Kelley, Haverhill, Mass.
Thomas E. Kennedy, Boston, Mass.
Benedittо Leali, Odola, Brescia, Italy.
Albert Leally, St. Charles, Ill.
Arthur Lindsley, Herman, Texas.
Chauncey E. Lopp, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orborn R. Lundren, Somerville, Massachusetts.
Wm. V. Caffery, Washington, Pennsylvania.
William T. McGlory, Wakefield, Massachusetts.
George E. Maher, Malden, Mass.
Leonard J. Morrison, Versailles, Pennsylvania.
Augustine F. Mulqueeney, S. Boston, Mass.
Shirley C. Nifong, Fredericks-town, Mo.
Marino Panza, New York.
Albert Pascello, Quadri, Chetti, Italy.
Frank Pavel, Tyndall, S. D.
Rudolph Pavel, Tyndall, S. D.
Jesse A. Pharas, Walla Walla, Washington.
James A. Phillips, Monessen, Pa.
Arthur D. Preston, Malden, Mass.
John L. Rothie, Yair, Idaho.
Flavien A. Rousseau, Rutland, Vt.
Ernest C. Rowland, Allentown, Pa.
Henry C. Schmidt, New Britain, Connecticut.
James P. Shea, Hartford, Conn.
Charles Steinbern, Milwaukee, Wis
Max A. Straub, Hernandon, Pa.
Harold N. Strom, Akron, O.
Fred Stuart, Brookfield, Mo.
David B. Sullivan, Erik, Neb.
Mark N. Trostle, Franklin Grove, Illinois.
Frank Van Giulder, Sacramento.
Edward White, Baltimore, Md.
Gus Young, French Mills, Mo.

Wounded Slightly.

Private Raymond Wolfrom, Indianapolis, Ind.

Missing in Action.

Sergeant Joseph Russoff, Catani, Italy.

Privates:

Ira J. Melvin, Baldwinsville, N. Y.
Yvan Nicoloff, Costensea, Rumania.

The Marine Corps list was:

Killed in Action.

Sergeant:

John D. Rodgers, Equality, Ills.

Corporal William Otto, Chicago.

Privates:

Charles H. Kellum, Oak Park, Ill.
Geo. L. Young, 215 No. Fifth West, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Jay E. Zender, Fredonia, N. Y.

Died of Wounds Received in Action.

Private Lewis M. McCurry, Whentland, Calif.

Wounded in Action (Severely.)

Privates:

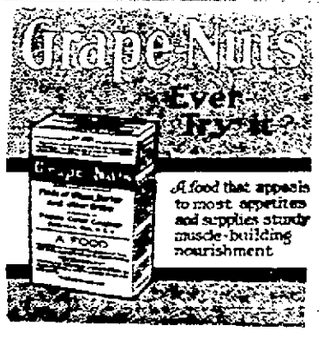
George Royum, Minneapolis, Minn.
Edward C. Collohy, Covington, Ky.
Arthur W. Hanson, New York Mills, Minn.
James J. Shananhan, Baltimore, Md.

WEST PARK.

West Park, July 29.—Among the guests at Ascension rectory recently have been the Rev. and Mrs. T. G. Losee of Walden and Mr. and Mrs. Norman Hunt and son of Portchester on Monday last, and Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Minard of Clintondale on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Foote of Grand Rapids, Mich., with Miss Florence Capron of Montclair, N. J., stopped to see Ascension Church on Monday. Miss Capron is a granddaughter of the Rev. Alexander Capron, rector of Ascension Church from 1884-1886. Miss Capron's father was the Rev. Cyrus Jackson Kemper Capron of Middletown.

The Rev. and Mrs. T. G. Losee and the Rev. and Mrs. Richard C. Searing started for Saratoga Springs on Monday morning for a few days' trip.



AN ULSTER COUNTY SAILOR

WILLIAM E. DUBOIS.

Enlisted in navy July, 1917. Now o nthe U. S. S. Leviathan. He is a brother of Herman DuBois of Co. A, 309th Machine Gun Battalion. His home is in this city.

OUR FINANCES.

Comparing Them With Enemy's an Optimistic Task.

Pessimistic Americans who view with alarm our increasing national obligations may derive a great deal of comfort from a comparison of the financial condition of the United States contrasted with that of Germany.

The total resources of the United States are estimated at about $250,000,000,000; our annual earnings are estimated at about $50,000,000,000. Our national debt, including the third liberty loan, may be put around $12,000,000,000.

Before the war our government was spending about $1,000,000,000 a year. When the war is ended, interest charges, less the interest collected from our loans to our allies, government insurance expenses, and other necessary expenditures, growing out of the war may conservatively be estimated at something like $1,000,000,000. We are confronted, therefore, when peace comes, with raising only a couple of billions a year revenue, a slight task for a nation of such tremendous wealth, capacity and resources.

The resources of Germany before the war were estimated at $80,000,000,000. The annual expenditures then of the imperial Government were about $800,000,000. Her debt now is $30,000,000,000, and her resources and man power have been severely impaired. After the war she is confronted with additional expenditures growing out of the war totaling some $4,000,000,000.

The interest of her war debt, even if the debt grows no larger, will be about $1,500,000,000. Although she is niggardly in her pensions to private soldiers and their families, $1,000,000,000 a year would hardly suffice to pay even small pensions to her injured and the families of her soldiers who have been killed. Her war debt must be paid some time and a sinking fund of 5 per cent would add $1,500,000,000 to her annual taxation. Here is a total increase of $4,500,000,000 all due to the war.

Of course both the United States and Germany may greatly increase their debts, but the increases will not change the relative situations.

The German government has drained the German people of their gold, even their jewels and heirlooms and yet the Imperial Bank of Germany now has but little over $500,000,000 of gold in its vaults. The United States has made no special effort to obtain gold, has made no call upon the people for the precious metal, and yet today has in its treasury vaults practically $2,500,000,000 of gold coin and bullion.

ORANGE COUNTY FAIR.

Exhibit This Year Will Take on Patriotic Character.

The Orange County Agricultural Society was established in 1841—seventy-eight years ago. The fairs have been continuously even through the civil war. Now that nearly the whole world is at war, the coming exhibition, August 13-14-15-16, will be carried on as usual, but in a way to show the patriotism of the managers. Changes will be made to conform with the conditions of the times.

The plan adopted by the managers to help the Red Cross secure funds by the advanced sale of admission tickets to the fair and races, shows their willingness to give a portion of their receipts for the alleviation of the suffering of those engaged directly in the war.

Since the government is emphasizing the necessity of producing a great amount of food for consumption at home and abroad, much time and energy is being spent in agriculture. For this reason all classes in the grain, fruit and vegetable departments of the fair should be filled to compete for the large amount of money offered for premiums. Entries close Thursday, August 8th.

A new feature has been added to the culinary department. Mr. Hoover has limited the use of wheat flour and sugar. Special premiums are offered for war and liberty breads if accompanied by the recipes. Here will be an opportunity for housewives to learn new ways of using the substitutes.

There will be souvenirs from France sent by our boys at the front. These will be silent reminders of what is being done for us to protect our rights.

The state commissioner of agriculture has asked that the managers accept war savings stamps in payment of their share of the state appropriation.

Well might this exhibition be called a "Fair for Democracy and Liberty."

RUBY.

Ruby, July 29.—Miss Rosa Burns of Kingston, spent the week end with her brother, B. Burns.

Miss Jennie Coleman has returned to her home in Yonkers, N. Y.

Miss Olga C. Berger of Brooklyn, who has been spending some time with her friend, Mrs. George E. Burger, has returned to her home.

Henry Hardt, who has been visiting in Ruby the past week, has returned home.

The Lutheran Church will be closed for the month of August as our pastor, Rev. George Heintz, expects to go on his vacation.

Miss Lillian Aans and sister of Brooklyn, N. Y., are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Greenburg.

Mrs. Cannon and family of Brooklyn, N. Y. called on Mrs. George E. Burger.

Mrs. George E. Burger and son, with Miss Olga C. Berger, motored to Albany Monday.

Short Life in Prospect.

A girl in Riverside City, a Muncie suburb, was singing loudly one evening, "I Would Not Live Always." A woman next door, trying to put the baby to sleep, sent the following note by her six-year-old son to the young singer: "If you don't stop that noise on receipt of this, you won't even live a few minutes."—Indianapolis News.

MURAD

THE TURKISH CIGARETTE

After the smoke of battle—the most refreshing smoke is MURAD!

S. Anargyros Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

Reason for It.

A millionaire merchant says: "My success is probably due to the fact that at night I store my mind and during the day I mind my store."

Plenty of Room to Grow.

Australia, which is 23 times larger than the whole of the British isles, has a population not exceeding that of London.

Oldest Bank in Ulster County

Original Charter Dated 1831

National Ulster County Bank

COR. WALL AND JOHN STS., KINGSTON, N. Y.

Depository of the UNITED STATES for Postal Savings Funds.
Depository of the STATE OF NEW YORK.

4% Capital..... $150,000.00
Surplus and Profits $100,000.00
Resources Over...$1,400,000.00
4 PER CENT PER ANNUM
Paid on Time Interest Accounts 4%

Not Subject to Check and Remaining Three Months.

This Bank has never failed to pay an annual dividend to its stockholders in the eighty-seven years of its existence.

FREDERICK J. R. CLARKE, President.
JAMES A. BETTS, Vice-President.
CHARLES SNYDER, Cashier.

The House of Taylor

HOTEL MARTINIQUE

Broadway, 32d & 33d Sts., New York.
Direct Entrance to Broadway Subway and Hudson Tubes.
One Block from Pennsylvania Station
Equally Convenient for Amusements Shopping or Business.
RATES $2.00 PER DAY AND UP.
A SPECIALTY
155 Pleasant Rooms, with Private Bath,
$3.00 PER DAY.
The Martinique Restaurants Are Well Known for Good Food and Reasonable Prices.

IN THE HEART OF THINGS

400 Baths
600 Rooms

ATTENTION TO SHIRT OPERATORS!

To all sewing machine operators and those desiring to learn this work, we offer the following inducements:

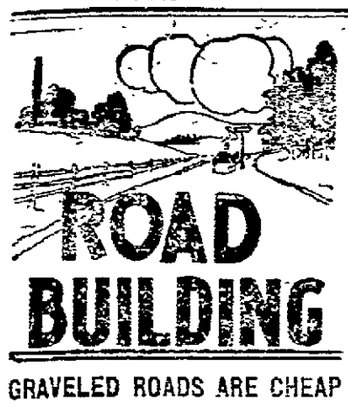
GOOD WAGES (Based on Ability) EXPERT INSTRUCTION

$7.00 Per Week For Beginners

FULLER'S SHIRT FACTORY

45-47 Pine Grove Ave. Kingston, N. Y.

WANT "ADS" ACCEPTED AT THE SMALL COST OF ONE CENT-A-WORD



GRAVELED ROADS ARE CHEAP

Can Be Built and Satisfactorily Maintained at a Less Cost Than Other Types.

(By E. B. HOUSE, State Agricultural College, Fort Collins, Colo.)

I have heard considerable discussion lately concerning the policy of our state highway commission in constructing the kind of roads it has decided upon, and it is often argued that the only type of road is the so-called permanent road, the one that needs no maintenance.

If one will take a pencil and do a little figuring, he can easily convince

Good Road in West.

himself that the policy of the state highway commission is the correct one. Let us consider first of all the expensive type of road construction, such as concrete, or the best grade of macadam. This type of road will cost approximately $10,000 per mile, and let us suppose that the cost of construction is met by issuing 20-year 4½ per cent bonds. The annual expense on account of this first cost would be about $780 per mile. And these roads will need some maintenance, possibly not much over $50 per mile per year. This brings the total cost up to about $830 annually per mile for the expensive or so-called permanent type of road.

Now take a well-constructed gravel road and the cost for this road will run about $4,000 per mile for construction, figuring again on a basis of 20-year 4½ per cent bonds and the annual account for first cost will be about $310 per mile. The cost for maintaining these roads, if properly done, runs up pretty high, and it can be well done with an expenditure of about $240 per mile per year.

This makes a total annual cost then for the surfaced road of approximately $550 annually per mile. A comparison of these two annual costs shows $280 per mile per year in favor of the cheaper roads.

MONEY SPENT ON HIGHWAYS

Over $300,000,000 Expended for Construction and Maintenance in United States in 1916.

More than $300,000,000 was spent on highway construction and maintenance in the United States in 1916. Of this amount 16 Southern states spent approximately $52,000,000. The state of California has voted $15,000,000 to be spent in perfecting the state highway system and not a single county failed to give the empowering measure a majority. Ohio is talking of a $50,000,000 highway bond issue and the state of Illinois will put to its voters at the 1918 election the question of issuing $60,000,000 in highway bonds, the interest and retiring fund for which is to be provided for by an increase in the motor vehicle registration fees.

EXPENSE OF IMPROVED ROAD

Manifest Advantage, as Well as Necessity for Good Roads Seems to Be Educating People.

Within very recent memory the expense of good roads has been bitterly opposed by farmers. The increasing tax rate, due to many causes, has been viewed with the greatest alarm. Within the last year, the manifest advantage, as well as the actual necessity, of better rural highways seems to be gradually educating the public to the viewpoint that good roads are an accompaniment to the changing times in the agricultural world. The only question now is whether or not, with all the vast sums expended for road improvement, we can get good roads soon enough.

Work Drag After Rains.

There are many times when a day's work can be spared on the road. After heavy rains the road may need certain repairs or improvements when the overseer is not ready to call out the hands. Why not individual farmers donate a day's work on the road at such time?

Joy Ride to Town.

A trip to town now to lay in the winter supply of necessities, is a joy ride compared to what that same trip will be when the roads get muddy.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 272.

AN ACT to authorize the armory commission of the third brigade district to reconvey certain lands heretofore appropriated for military purposes, pursuant to chapter two hundred and seventy-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. If, pursuant to chapter two hundred and seventy-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen, the armory commission of the third brigade district shall have heretofore appropriated any land and shall have commenced condemnation proceedings to determine the amount of compensation to be paid therefor, such commission may, if satisfied that the acquisition of such land will entail an unjustifiable expense on the part of the state, offer to reconvey such lands to the former owner therefor, or his heirs or assigns, and, upon the acceptance of such offer may reconvey such lands accordingly, and if such reconveyance be accepted such commission shall pay to such former owner, his heirs or assigns, a just and reasonable compensation for the use of such land during the times it shall have been occupied by the state, and also counsel fees and expenses incurred by him in the condemnation proceedings for determining the amount of compensation to be paid for such lands by the state, such payments and expenses to be determined by the commissioners of appraisal heretofore appointed in such proceedings. The balance remaining unexpended of any money heretofore appropriated, pursuant to chapter two hundred and seventy-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen, for the purposes of such act, or reappropriated for such purpose, shall be available for the payments authorized by this act and the incidental expenses of the armory commission in carrying out its provisions.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 273.

AN ACT to amend chapter three hundred and eighty-four of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, entitled "An act providing for the use for military purposes of the state lands at Beekman acquired for the Industrial Farm Colony," in relation to the duration of such use.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one of chapter three hundred and eighty-four of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, entitled "An act providing for the use for military purposes of the state lands at Beekman acquired for the Industrial Farm Colony," is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 1. The land and premises situated in the town of Beekman in Dutchess county, owned by the state and acquired by the board of managers of the Industrial Farm Colony pursuant to chapter eight hundred and twelve of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, shall be under the jurisdiction and control of the state armory commission for the period of one year after the termination of the war between United States and the German empire and its allies for use for a mobilization camp and for other military purposes.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 274.

AN ACT to amend the penal law, in relation to the amount of allowance by the state for maintenance of tramps in penitentiaries.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section twenty-three hundred and seventy of the penal law is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 2370. Punishment of tramps. Every tramp, upon conviction as such shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor in the nearest penitentiary for not more than six months, and the expense during such imprisonment shall be paid by the state at the rate of sixty cents per day per capita. Any act of vagrancy by any person not a resident of the state shall be evidence that the person committing the same is a tramp within the meaning of this article.

§ 2. This act shall take effect September first, nineteen hundred and eighteen.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 275.

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to qualifications of local health officers.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section twenty of chapter forty-nine of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to the public health, constituting chapter forty-five of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter one hundred and sixty-five of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, chapter five hundred and fifty-nine of the laws of nineteen hundred and thirteen, chapter one hundred and twenty-four and, chapter five hundred and fifty-five of the laws of nineteen hundred and fifteen and chapter three hundred and sixty-nine of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 20. Local boards of health. There shall continue to be local boards of health and health officers in the several cities, villages, and towns of the state except as hereinafter provided. In the cities, except cities of the first and second class, the board shall consist of the mayor of the city who shall be its president, and at least six other persons, one of whom shall be a competent physician, who shall be appointed by the common council, upon the nomination of the mayor, and shall hold office for three years. Appointments of members of such boards shall be made for such shorter terms as at any time may be necessary, in order that the terms of two appointed members shall expire annually. In the cities, except cities of the first and second class, and such other cities whose charters otherwise provide, the board shall appoint, for a term of four years, a competent physician, not one of its members, to be the health officer of the city, and shall fill any vacancy that now exists or may hereafter exist from expiration of term or otherwise in the office of health officer of the city. In villages the board of health shall consist of the board of trustees of such village. In towns the board of health shall consist of the town board. The local board of health shall appoint a competent physician, not a member of the local board of health, to be the health officer of the municipality. Notwithstanding the provisions of any general or local law or charter, a physician who has received the degree of doctor of public health in course from any institution of learning recognized by the regents of the university of the state of New York, or who has completed a course in public health approved by the public health council at the time of his appointment, shall be eligible for appointment as health officer. The term of office of the health officer shall be four years and he shall hold office until the appointment of his successor. He may be removed for just cause by the local board of health or the state commissioner of health after a hearing; such removal by the local board of health must be approved by the state commissioner of health. The health officer need not reside within the village or town for which he shall be chosen. Notice of the membership and organization of every local board of health shall be forthwith given by such board to the state department of health. The term "municipality," when used in this article, means the city, village, town or consolidated health district for which any such local board may be or is appointed. The provisions herein contained as to boards of health, and for the appointment of health officers, shall apply to all towns and villages, whether such villages are organized under general or special laws. The members of town boards and of village boards of trustees and of boards of health of consolidated health districts shall not receive additional compensation by reason of serving as members of boards of health. Any matter within the jurisdiction of a town or village board of health may be considered and acted upon at any meeting of such town board or village board of trustees.

The state commissioner of health, on the request of the town board of any town and the board of trustees of any village and the common council or other like authority of any city, may combine into one health district, hereinafter referred to as a consolidated health district, any two or more of such towns, villages or cities and may on the request of the town board of any town, board of trustees of any village or common council or other like authority of any city at any time thereafter set apart such town, village or city as a separate health district. In any consolidated health district there shall be a board of health which shall consist of the supervisor of each town, the president of the board of trustees of each village, and the mayor of each city included in each district, provided that if the number of members so provided for is an even number, such members shall within thirty days after such district shall have been established by the state commissioner of health choose an additional member of such board of health to be known as the elective member. An elective member shall serve for a term of two years from the first day of January preceding his election and until his successor shall have been appointed, provided that if at any time the number of members of the board of health, excluding the elective member, shall become an odd number, the term of office of the elective member shall thereupon cease.

The board of health of a consolidated health district shall from time to time elect a president from among its members. The health officer of a consolidated health district shall serve as the secretary of the board of health thereof without additional remuneration therefor.

In case such consolidated health district the board of health shall appoint a health officer. Each board of health and each health officer of a consolidated health district shall have all the rights, powers, duties and obligations conferred and imposed by law upon boards of health and health officers respectively.

When any consolidated health district is established, as herein provided, the boards of health of the towns, villages or cities included within such district, shall thereupon cease to exist as boards of health, and all their rights, powers, duties and obligations shall thereupon be transferred to the board of health of such district. When the board of health of any such consolidated health district shall have appointed a health officer therefor, the terms of office of the health officers of the towns, villages or cities included in such district shall cease, and all their rights, powers, duties and obligations shall thereupon be transferred to and imposed upon the health officer appointed for such consolidated health district.

The board of health of any such consolidated health district shall from time to time audit all accounts, and allow or reject all charges, claims and demands against such health district for the remuneration and expenses of the health officer, registrar or registrars, and for all other expenses lawfully incurred by said board of health or on its authority. Unless such board of health of such consolidated health district adopts the estimate system of payment as provided by this section they shall, prior to the annual meeting of the board of supervisors each year, make an abstract, to be known as the consolidated health district abstract, of the names of all persons who have presented to them accounts to be audited, the amounts claimed by each such person and the amounts finally audited and approved by them respectively, and, if such district be wholly in one county, shall deliver such abstract to the clerk of the board of supervisors. If such consolidated health district be located in more than one county the board of health of such district shall divide the total amount of the consolidated health district abstract as audited and approved in proportion to the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of the towns, villages or cities of such consolidated health district located in each county, as determined by the last preceding assessment-rolls of the towns or cities wholly or partly included in such district, and shall deliver a certified copy of such abstract to the board of supervisors of each such county, with a statement of the amount due from the real and personal property of each town, village or city of the consolidated health district in each such county on account of the expenses of such board. The board of supervisors of each such county shall levy a tax upon the real and personal property within such health district sufficient to provide for the sums audited and approved by the board of health thereof and chargeable to the real and personal property of each town, village or city of the consolidated health district in each such county. Such sums, when collected and paid to the county treasurer of each such county respectively, shall be paid by him to the president of such board of health and shall be disbursed by him in accordance with the abstract of claims audited and approved by such board of health, as hereinabove provided.

The board of health of any consolidated health district may annually make an estimate of the expenses of such board for the ensuing calendar year and, if such district be wholly in one county, shall deliver a certified copy of such estimate to the clerk of the board of supervisors of such county prior to the annual meeting of the board preceding such year. If such consolidated health district be located in more than one county, the board of health of such district shall proportion the total amount of such estimate in the same manner as provided by this section for proportioning the expenses of such a district when audited and approved by the board, and shall deliver to the clerk of the board of supervisors of each such county a certified statement of the total estimate and the amount due from the real and personal property of each town, village or city of the consolidated health district in each such county on account thereof. The board of supervisors of each such county shall levy a tax upon the real and personal property within such health district sufficient to provide for the portion of the amount of such estimate chargeable to the real and personal property of each town, village or city of the consolidated health district in each such county. Such sums, when collected and paid to the county treasurer of each such county respectively shall be paid by him to the president of such board of health and shall be disbursed by the board of health in accordance with the estimates. After such estimate system has been adopted by a consolidated health district, the board of health thereof shall deduct from the estimate for the succeeding calendar year the amount, if any, remaining in the hands of such board after all of the liabilities incurred on account of the preceding estimate have been paid, before the certified statement of the total estimate and the amount due from the real and personal property of each town, village or city of the consolidated health district in each such county is certified to the respective clerks of the boards of supervisors for collection.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 277.

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to furnishing necessary data to the state tax commission.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section sixty-one of chapter sixty-two of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to taxation, constituting chapter sixty of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter one hundred and eighteen of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven and chapter three hundred and twenty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 61. Statement of valuation and other facts to be forwarded to tax commission. The clerk of each board of supervisors, and in the city of New York the department of taxes and assessments, shall, on or before the second Monday in December, transmit to the tax commission in the form to be prescribed by it a certificate or return showing:

1. The aggregate assessed and equalized valuation of the real estate in each tax district as corrected by such board.

2. The aggregate assessed valuation of the personal estate in each tax district as corrected by such board.

3. The amount of tax assessed on such corrected values for special district, highway, town, city, county and state purposes.

4. The aggregate assessed value of bank stock.

5. The tax rate in each tax district for all purposes except for special district taxes and school taxes in districts where the same is not included in the general tax.

6. The name and post-office address of each incorporated company both domestic and foreign in each tax district in the county, and, except in the city of New York, the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of such corporation as returned by the assessors to the county clerk, and the rates of equalization of all the cities and towns in the county, adopted by the board of supervisors in equalizing real estate assessments under section fifty of the tax law.

The tax commission shall certify to the comptroller, on his request, before the thirty-first of December in each year, such extracts or items, from the returns above mentioned, as he may desire.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 282.

AN ACT to amend the conservation law, in relation to license to collect or possess for propagation, scientific or exhibition purposes.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivision two of section one hundred and fifty-nine of chapter six hundred and forty-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, entitled "An act relating to the conservation of land, forests, waters, parks, hydraulic power, fish and game, constituting chapter sixty-five of the consolidated laws," added by chapter three hundred and eighteen of the laws of nineteen hundred and twelve, as amended by chapter five hundred and eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and thirteen and chapter ninety-two of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

2. The commission may also issue a license revocable at pleasure to any person, permitting such person to take and possess any species of fish, game birds, quadrupeds or aquatic animals, protected by this chapter, for propagation purposes, upon payment of a license fee of one dollar. The commission may, in its discretion, require a bond from such person, in such sum as the commission may determine, conditioned that he will not avail himself of the privileges of said license for purposes not herein set forth.

The commission may issue permits to enable persons to ship fish, game birds, quadrupeds or aquatic animals lawfully taken and possessed for propagation, scientific or educational purposes, under such regulations as the commission may prescribe.

Fish, game birds, quadrupeds or aquatic animals lawfully possessed under this section may be sold at any time, by any person receiving a license under this section, for propagation, scientific, educational or exhibition purposes only.

Persons receiving a license under this section must report the result of operation thereunder annually to the commission, at the expiration of the license. Such license shall be in force for one year only from the date of issue and shall not be transferable.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 276.

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to a franchise tax on manufacturing and mercantile corporations.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section two hundred and nine of chapter sixty-two of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to taxation, constituting chapter sixty of the consolidated laws," as added by chapter seven hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 209. Franchise tax on corporations based on net income. For the privilege of exercising its franchise in this state in a corporate or organized capacity every domestic manufacturing and every domestic mercantile corporation, and for the privilege of doing business in this state, every foreign manufacturing and every foreign mercantile corporation, except corporations specified in the next section, shall annually pay in advance for the year beginning November first next preceding an annual franchise tax, to be computed by the tax commission upon the basis of its net income for its fiscal or the calendar year next preceding, as hereinafter provided, which income is presumably the same as the income upon which such corporation is required to pay a tax to the United States treasury department, subject to any correction thereof for fraud, evasion or errors, ascertained by the state tax commission.

If the entire business of such corporation be not transacted within the state, the tax imposed by this article shall be based upon a proportion of such ascertained net income, to be determined in accordance with the following rules:

The proportion of the net income of the corporation upon which the tax under this article shall be based, shall be such portion of the entire net income as the aggregate of

1. The average monthly value of the real property and tangible personal property within the state,

2. The average monthly value of bills and accounts receivable for (a) tangible personal property from its stores or stocks within the state, (b) tangible personal property manufactured or shipped from within the state and (c) service performed within the state,

3. The proportion of the average value of the stocks of other corporations owned by the corporation, allocated to the state as provided by this section,

Bears to the aggregate of

4. The average monthly value of all the real property and tangible personal property of the corporation, wherever located,

5. The average total value of bills and accounts receivable for (a) tangible personal property sold from its stores or stocks within and without the state, (b) tangible personal property manufactured or shipped from within this state and other states and countries, and (c) services performed both within and without this state,

6. The average total value of the stocks of other corporations owned by the corporation,

Real property and tangible personal property shall be taken at its actual value where located. The value of share stock of another corporation owned by a corporation liable hereunder shall for purposes of allocation of assets be apportioned in and out of the state in accordance with the value of the physical property in and out of the state representing such share stock.

§ 4. Section two hundred and nineteen-d of such chapter, as added by chapter seven hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 219-d. Corrections and changes. If the amount of the net income for any year of any corporation taxable under this article as returned to the United States treasury department is changed or corrected by the commissioner of internal revenue or other officer of the United States or other competent authority, such corporation, within ten days after receipt of notice of such change or correction, shall make return under oath or affirmation to the tax commission of such changed or corrected net income, and shall concede the accuracy of such determination or state wherein it is erroneous.

The tax commission shall ascertain, from such return and any other information in the possession of the commission, the net income of such corporation for the fiscal or calendar year for which such change or correction has been made by such commissioner of internal revenue or other officer or authority. All the authority conferred on the tax commission by the provisions of section one hundred and ninety-five of this chapter is hereby granted to it in respect to the ascertainment of such net income. The tax commission shall thereupon readjust and restate the account of such corporation for taxes based upon the net income for such fiscal or calendar year, such readjustment to be according to the net income so ascertained by the tax commission. The proceedings and determination of the tax commission in the making of such reassessment may be revised and readjusted and reviewed in the manner provided by sections two hundred and eighteen and two hundred and nineteen of this chapter, as in the case of an original assessment of the tax. If from such reassessment it appears that such corporation shall have paid under this article an excess of tax for the year for which such reassessment is made, the tax commission shall return a statement of the amount of such excess to the comptroller, who shall credit such corporation with such amount. Such credit may be assigned by the corporation in whose favor it is allowed to a corporation liable to pay taxes under this article, and the assignee of the whole or any part of such credit on filing with the commission such assignment shall thereupon be entitled to credit upon the books of the comptroller for the amount thereof on the current account for taxes of such assignee in the same way and with the same effect as though the credit had originally been allowed in favor of such assignee. If from such reassessment it appears that an additional tax is due from such corporation for such year, such corporation shall, within thirty days after notice has been given as provided in section two hundred and nineteen-b of this chapter by the tax commission, pay such additional tax.

§ 5. The sections of such chapter amended by this act shall be construed as having been in effect, as so amended, as of the date of the original enactment of article nine-a of the tax law, as added by chapter seven hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen.

§ 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 278.

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to the assessment-rolls of towns.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section thirty-nine of chapter sixty-two of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to taxation, constituting chapter sixty of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter three hundred and twenty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen and chapter four hundred and ninety-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 39. Filing of roll and notice thereof. In cities the assessment-roll when thus finally completed and verified shall be filed on or before September first, in the office of the city clerk, there to remain for fifteen days for public inspection. The assessors shall forthwith cause a notice to be posted conspicuously in at least three public places in the tax district and to be published in one or more newspapers, if any, published in the city, that such assessment-roll has been finally completed and stating that it has been so filed and will be open to public inspection. At the expiration of such fifteen days, the city clerk shall deliver such roll to a supervisor of the tax district embraced therein. In towns assessors shall prepare and verify the assessment-roll, and make and certify one copy thereof. When the assessment-roll shall have been thus finally completed and verified, and the copy thereof certified the assessors shall, on or before the fifteenth day of September, file the said certified copy in the office of the town clerk, to remain for public inspection until delivered by the town clerk to the supervisor of the town as hereinafter provided. The assessors shall forthwith cause a notice to be posted conspicuously in at least three public places in the tax district and to be published in one or more newspapers, if any, published in the town, that such assessment-roll has been finally completed and stating that such certified copy has been so filed. The original assessment-roll shall on or before the first day of October be delivered by the assessors to a supervisor of the tax district embraced therein. The certified copy of the assessment-roll on file in the town clerk's office, as heretofore provided, shall on the first day of November be delivered by the town clerk to a supervisor of the tax district embraced therein who shall make such corrections as may be made in the original roll by the board of supervisors and shall extend the tax thereon so that such roll shall be in all respects a copy of the original roll delivered to the collector and said certified copy shall thereafter be returned by the supervisor to the office of the town clerk there to remain as a public record. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the board of supervisors of any county may require additional copies of the assessment-rolls of the towns of such county to be made, and specify by whom such additional copies shall be made, the date when the certified copy of the town assessment-roll shall be filed in the office of the town clerk, and the date when the original assessment-roll shall be delivered to the supervisor of the town.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 279.

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to the time for the commencement of certiorari proceedings, to review special franchise assessments in towns.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section forty-six of chapter sixty-two of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to taxation, constituting chapter sixty of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter eight hundred and four of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, and chapter three hundred and thirty-four of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 46. Certiorari to review assessment. An assessment of a special franchise by the tax commission may be reviewed in the manner prescribed by article thirteen of this chapter, and that article applies so far as practicable to such an assessment, in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if the assessment had been made by local assessors; a petition for a writ of certiorari to review the assessment must be presented within thirty days after the final completion and filing of the assessment-roll, and the first posting or publication of the notice thereof as required by law. Such writ must run to and be answered by said tax commission and no writ of certiorari to review any assessment of a special franchise shall run to any other board or officer unless otherwise directed by the court or judge granting the writ. In cities a copy of said writ and the petition for same shall be furnished to the corporation counsel or other law officer. An adjudication made in the proceeding instituted by such writ of certiorari shall be binding upon the local assessors and any ministerial officer who performs any duty in the collection of the taxes levied upon said assessment in the same manner as though said local assessors or officers had been parties to the proceeding.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 280.

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to the location and construction of bridges.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section sixty-two of chapter sixteen of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to counties, constituting chapter eleven of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 62. Location and construction of bridges. The board may authorize the location, change of location and construction of any bridge, applied for by any town or towns, jointly, or by other than a municipal corporation, created under a general law, or by any corporation or individual for private purposes; and if a public bridge, erected other than by a municipal corporation, establish the rates of toll for crossing such bridge; but if such bridge is to cross a navigable stream, provision shall be made in the resolution or permission authorizing the same, for the erection and maintenance of a suitable draw, to prevent any obstruction of the navigation of such stream; and if a private bridge, provision shall be made that the draw shall be kept open as may be required to permit all vessels to pass without loss of headway. When such bridge shall be intersected by the line of counties, the action of the board of supervisors of each county shall be necessary to give the jurisdiction herein permitted. If such bridge is to cross a stream which is navigable in fact, it, including its abutments, and piers, if any, shall be located and constructed in accordance with maps, plans and specifications to be approved by the state engineer and surveyor and by the superintendent of public works and not otherwise, and copies of such maps, plans and specifications showing the location, character, design and dimensions of such bridge, and the fact of such approval, shall be filed in the offices of the state engineer and surveyor and of the superintendent of public works.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 281.

AN ACT to amend the conservation law, in relation to open season for quail.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivision one of section two hundred and fourteen of chapter six hundred and forty-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, entitled "An act relating to conservation of land, forests, waters, parks, hydraulic power, fish and game, constituting chapter sixty-five of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter five hundred and twenty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. Quail. There shall be no open season for quail before October first, nineteen hundred and twenty.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 283.

AN ACT to amend the conservation law, in relation to the location and construction of bridges.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section sixty-two of chapter sixteen of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to counties, constituting chapter eleven of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 62. Location and construction of bridges. The board may authorize the location, change of location and construction of any bridge, applied for by any town or towns, jointly, or by other than a municipal corporation, created under a general law, or by any corporation or individual for private purposes; and if a public bridge, erected other than by a municipal corporation, establish the rates of toll for crossing such bridge; but if such bridge is to cross a navigable stream, provision shall be made in the resolution or permission authorizing the same, for the erection and maintenance of a suitable draw, to prevent any obstruction of the navigation of such stream; and if a private bridge, provision shall be made that the draw shall be kept open as may be required to permit all vessels to pass without loss of headway. When such bridge shall be intersected by the line of counties, the action of the board of supervisors of each county shall be necessary to give the jurisdiction herein permitted. If such bridge is to cross a stream which is navigable in fact, it, including its abutments, and piers, if any, shall be located and constructed in accordance with maps, plans and specifications to be approved by the state engineer and surveyor and by the superintendent of public works and not otherwise, and copies of such maps, plans and specifications showing the location, character, design and dimensions of such bridge, and the fact of such approval, shall be filed in the offices of the state engineer and surveyor and of the superintendent of public works.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 286.

AN ACT to accept a demise from H. Salem Curtiss, deceased, to the people of the state of New York, of land in Oswego county, town of Volney, to be used as a game preserve.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The people of the state of New York hereby accept title to the lands mentioned in the last will and testament of H. Salem Curtiss, which will was admitted to probate on July twenty-third, nineteen hundred and seventeen. The said lands are more fully identified and described as consisting of about twenty-seven acres, situate in the town of Volney, county of Oswego, bounded on the west by the Oswego river; on the north by the lands of Elmer E. Taylor, formerly of one Kellar; east by the river road, so-called; south by the lands of George Baker's estate and the lands of Thomas Gale.

Title to such lands is accepted upon the terms and conditions stated in said will, namely, that the land conveyed therein, consisting of about twenty-seven (27) acres, shall forever be dedicated to the purpose of a game preserve and breeding place for game.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 285.

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to the amount of allowance by the state for maintenance of tramps in penitentiaries.

Became a law April 19, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivision two of section two hundred and eleven of such chapter, as added by chapter seven hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

2. The amount of its net income for its preceding fiscal or the preceding calendar year as shown in the last return of annual net income made by it to the United States treasury department, and if the corporation shall claim that such return is inaccurate, the amount claimed by it to be the net income for such period.

§ 3. Section two hundred and fourteen of such chapter, as added by chapter seven hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 214. Computation of tax. If the entire business of the corporation be transacted within the state, the tax imposed by this article shall be based upon the entire net income of such corporation for such fiscal or calendar year as returned to the United States treasury department, subject to any correction thereof for fraud, evasion or errors, ascertained by the state tax commission.

If the entire business of such corporation be not transacted within the state, the tax imposed by this article shall be based upon a proportion of such ascertained net income, to be determined in accordance with the following rules:

The proportion of the net income of the corporation upon which the tax under this article shall be based, shall be such portion of the entire net income as the aggregate of

1. The average monthly value of the real property and tangible personal property within the state,

2. The average monthly value of bills and accounts receivable for (a) tangible personal property from its stores or stocks within the state, (b) tangible personal property manufactured or shipped from within the state and (c) service performed within the state,

3. The proportion of the average value of the stocks of other corporations owned by the corporation, allocated to the state as provided by this section,

Bears to the aggregate of

4. The average monthly value of all the real property and tangible personal property of the corporation, wherever located,

5. The average total value of bills and accounts receivable for (a) tangible personal property sold from its stores or stocks within and without the state, (b) tangible personal property manufactured or shipped from within this state and other states and countries, and (c) services performed both within and without this state,

6. The average total value of the stocks of other corporations owned by the corporation,

Real property and tangible personal property shall be taken at its actual value where located. The value of share stock of another corporation owned by a corporation liable hereunder shall for purposes of allocation of assets be apportioned in and out of the state in accordance with the value of the physical property in and out of the state representing such share stock.

§ 4. Section two hundred and nineteen-d of such chapter, as added by chapter seven hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 219-d. Corrections and changes. If the amount of the net income for any year of any corporation taxable under this article as returned to the United States treasury department is changed or corrected by the commissioner of internal revenue or other officer of the United States or other competent authority, such corporation, within ten days after receipt of notice of such change or correction, shall make return under oath or affirmation to the tax commission of such changed or corrected net income, and shall concede the accuracy of such determination or state wherein it is erroneous.

The tax commission shall ascertain, from such return and any other information in the possession of the commission, the net income of such corporation for the fiscal or calendar year for which such change or correction has been made by such commissioner of internal revenue or other officer or authority. All the authority conferred on the tax commission by the provisions of section one hundred and ninety-five of this chapter is hereby granted to it in respect to the ascertainment of such net income. The tax commission shall thereupon readjust and restate the account of such corporation for taxes based upon the net income for such fiscal or calendar year, such readjustment to be according to the net income so ascertained by the tax commission. The proceedings and determination of the tax commission in the making of such reassessment may be revised and readjusted and reviewed in the manner provided by sections two hundred and eighteen and two hundred and nineteen of this chapter, as in the case of an original assessment of the tax. If from such reassessment it appears that such corporation shall have paid under this article an excess of tax for the year for which such reassessment is made, the tax commission shall return a statement of the amount of such excess to the comptroller, who shall credit such corporation with such amount. Such credit may be assigned by the corporation in whose favor it is allowed to a corporation liable to pay taxes under this article, and the assignee of the whole or any part of such credit on filing with the commission such assignment shall thereupon be entitled to cred

MAYOR WRITES REGARDING PARADE

The following is a letter from Mayor Canfield expressive of his views on the recent "Victory" demonstration here:

Kingston, N. Y., July 30, 1918.
Citizens of Kingston:

I have been consulted by so many employers and employes and other citizens in regard to the patriotic outburst in our city on Friday last, that I deem it necessary to state publicly what I have said to them individually.

It is difficult to analyze the moving, thoughts which prompted so many to unite in such a demonstration. However, one can probably correctly say that it came from the hearts and even the souls of the people more than from their minds. Nearly all of us are too inextricably involved in this war to weigh every victory calmly and regard it contemplatively. The same fire kindles in the spirit of the people here that burns in the souls of the boys over there. A great part of the lives of nearly all of our people have come to consist of hopes, fears and prayers. Our boys and the French won a great success. It surpassed our greatest expectations and most fervent hopes. To have firmly withstood the great offensive of the German army would have been a military success, but to have stopped its momentum and met it with a successful counter offensive constituted a most wonderful victory. With the armies of France and Great Britain unbroken, and their spirit undimmed, and their courage unconquered, and with America just beginning to participate in a big way, the conclusion was forced upon every one that we had probably reached and passed the decisive stage of the war.

Thus, it apparently came to the minds of the people that this was the turning point in the war when the Franco-Americans could grab the initiative from the Germans. To them it meant the consummation of their hopes, the elimination of their fears and the answering of their prayers.

In hundreds of places in our country the pride of the people expanded, their suppressed enthusiasm found an outlet and patriotic jubilations were held. Even in suffering France with its heart bared for four long years, the people in many places slept not but gave way to their joyful feelings.

In Kingston the same feeling of jubilation found expression. It may happen again. You couldn't stop the Hudson river, but you could change its course. The employer who will constitute himself as the leader of his employes and lead them out when such an occasion comes to give vent to their feelings, will be able to aid and direct their action. Otherwise, he may lose control of them for that day. It may be possible to arrange for a demonstration in each factory in case of a repetition of such a celebration to prevent [illegible] in advance.

However, no one should misconstrue the attitude of Acting Mayor Watts in my absence. He rejoices as much as anyone at the news of victory. He had no desire to prevent the patriotic jubilation. He apparently feared, however, that a patriotic hysteria might prevail which possibly would result in the stopping of industry for many days instead of one day. It would not do to have celebrated the victory for a week no more than it would to celebrate our Fourth of July for a week. Mr. Watts had solicited in the campaigns amongst the factory and industrial workers and had come to learn, as I had that they constituted the most patriotic part of our citizenship. I know that he was imbued with the same spirit that they were, because he talked with me about the matter. It would be a serious error for anyone to attempt to read in his words something entirely different from that which he intended to convey. I hope that if anyone has an erroneous impression about this admirable they will mentally correct it.

In the meantime, as I have stated, let us all serve, somehow, somewhere someway, in something, to win the war.

Respectfully,
PALMER CANFIELD, JR.

Miss Shultis Secures Position.

Miss Nina Shultis, a graduate of Spencer's Business School, has secured an excellent position as stenographer and clerical assistant with the J. G. White Engineering Corporation, 276 Fair St., this city.

Iron Cop Takes Count.

A large red touring car, No 24-259, skidded on the brick pavement at the John and Wall street crossing at 11 o'clock this morning and knocked over the silent policeman, breaking the glass globe on the lantern.

DIED.

NOLAN—In this city Sunday, July 28, 1918, Elizabeth Nolan at her residence, 21 Liberty street.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral which will be held at her late residence on Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock and at St. Joseph's Church at 9 o'clock where a mass will be celebrated for the repose of her soul. Interment in the family plot in St. Mary's cemetery.

Lady Assistant Phone 1042-W
WILLIAM C. KUKUK
Funeral Director and Embalmer
118 Downs St., Kingston, N. Y.

Telephone Connections
New York Office 14 East 59th St.
R. H. McCUTCHEON,
Funeral Director. Embalmer.
44 Prince St., Kingston, N. Y.

MACKENSEN MAY BE CHIEF OF STAFF

Has Been Called to German Headquarters—Many Rumors Coming Out of Germany Indicate Shake-up in Command.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Paris, July 30.—Field Marshal Von Mackensen has been called to German great headquarters, and it is rumored that he will replace General Ludendorff, said a dispatch from Berne today.

(Recently General Ludendorff has been signing the official statements of the German war office which supported the reports that he had succeeded Field Marshal Von Hindenburg as chief of the German general staff. When Hindenburg was made chief of staff, Ludendorff, who was quartermaster general of the German army, was made Hindenburg's personal chief of staff. Within the past few weeks, however, it was reported that Hindenburg and Ludendorff had disagreed on military policies, and that the former had fallen ill. At various times his death has been reported. Mackensen won his laurels on the eastern, Roumanian and the Balkan fronts.)

German news indicates that the greatest possible effort will be made by the Germans to hold on along the Crise and Ardre hills.

LOCAL DEATH RECORD.

Recent Deaths and Funerals of Persons in This Vicinity.

Thaddeus Travers, a well-known resident of Rhinebeck, died Sunday. The funeral will be held, Wednesday at 2 p. m.

Charles Warren, widely known in southern Ulster and the northern part of Orange county, died Monday at his home on Western avenue, Marlborough. He was 85 years old, and had long been in business in Marlborough. One son, Emmett Warren survives. The funeral services will be held on Wednesday.

The funeral of Miss Elizabeth Nolan will be held at her late residence, No 21 Liberty street, Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock and at St. Joseph's Church at 9 o'clock, where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated for the repose of her soul. The interment will be in the Nolan family plot in St. Mary's cemetery.

Mrs. Anna Bell died at the home of her brother, Ira Fiero, in Malden, Saturday, from the effects of a stroke of apoplexy. Deceased was 75 years of age. She was the mother of Fred Bell of Philadelphia, Pa., and is survived by two sisters, Mrs. George Weinand, of Brooklyn, and Mrs. Mary Watson, of Rockville Center, L. I., and another brother, Charles Fiero of Malden.

There was a double funeral this afternoon from the Steinmann residence [illegible]. The funeral of Ella May, infant daughter of George C. and Nellie E. Steinmann, was held at 1 o'clock and that of Katherine, wife of the late Henry Steinmann, grandmother of Ella May later. At 2 p. m. a service was held at St. Peter's Church over the remains of Mrs. Steinmann. Both interments were in Wiltwyck Cemetery.

George Miller, of Morrison, Ill., who was recently brought to Kingston by his brother-in-law, S. H. Merritt and taken to the Benedictine Sanitarium died on Tuesday, July 16, aged 52 years. Mr. Miller was a former resident of Grahamsville, Sullivan Co. N. Y. and went West about twenty years ago. He was engaged in the real estate and insurance business at Morrison, Ill., when he was taken ill June 24th and removed to the Sterling, Ill., hospital, and later brought to this city. The funeral was held at Grahamsville, Thursday, July 18th. Interment in Grahamsville cemetery. He is survived by three brothers, Asa of Grahamsville; Fred, of Woodburn, and Milton Miller of Hurleyville, and five sisters, Mrs. Allen Terbush, Greenfield, Mrs. S. H. Merritt, Kingston; Mrs. S. D. Smith, Wallkill, N. Y., Mrs. V. G. Decker, New York city and Mrs. Norman Young, Ellenville.

Church Musicale.

Circle No. 2 of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Reformed Church of the Comforter will give a musicale in the church on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. The following program will be given. Piano solo, Miss Haz l Miller. Solo, Miss Janet Eighmey. Piano solo Miss Ethel Tongue. Recitation, Mrs. Charles Cole. Piano selection, Miss Hester Livingston. Solo, Miss Maude Weaver. Piano selection, Miss Hazel Miller. Solo, Miss Marion Hampton. Recitation, Mrs. Charles Cole. Piano selection, Miss Marie Farrell. Ice cream and candy will be sold on the church lawn before and after the entertainment.

Morris Block Helping Red Cross.

While the work being done at the Rondout Presbyterian Church is not that of hospital garments, but a special form of surgical dressings, known as sculletus bandages, made of muslin, a large amount of cutting is as necessary as for the hospital garments, and Morris Block of the Kingston Dress Manufacturing Company is helping out the Ulster County Chapter of the Red Cross by doing the cutting of these bandages. This assistance is greatly appreciated by the Red Cross, which wishes to make this public acknowledgement of the same.

Lake Katrine Lawn Social.

The annual lawn social of the Lake Katrine Sunday school will be held on the lawn of the Grange Hall Wednesday evening. Frankfurters, home made cake, ice cream, etc., will be for sale. There will also be a grab bag for the young people.

We wish to extend our thanks and appreciation to all for their sympathy and kindness shown to us during our recent bereavement.
(Signed) MR. AND MRS. ARTHUR SCHUMAKER.—Advertisement.

AMUSEMENT TAX TO BE DOUBLED

Congress Still Probing For New Sources of Revenue—Clubmen and Tobacco Users Will Be Hard Hit.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 30.—The war tax on amusements admissions and on club dues will be doubled in the new revenue bill. This was finally decided this afternoon by the house ways and means committee which is framing the measure. The present tax on amusements is ten per cent and the rate on club dues is ten per cent when the dues are more than $12 a year.

The committee also decided to levy a heavier tax on tobacco, although the exact figures were not adopted. The suggestions of the trade that the tax be doubled was rejected.

At present tobacco taxes raise $170,000,000 a year and members of the committee believe that they should be made to net $500,000,000. This does not mean that the tax must necessarily be tripled, for a retail tax will be added, where now only manufacturers are levied upon.

It was pointed out that by this system it would be possible to straighten out the inequalities that exist by reason of the same tax being paid on cigarettes that retail for five cents, as upon those which retail for twenty-five.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, July 30.—There was a strong tone to a number of stocks at the opening of the stock market today, but before the first fifteen minutes a wavering tendency developed in some of the leading issues, with the Steel Common in moderate supply. That issue made a gain of ¾ to 108⅝ but soon lost all of this while the other steel issues were practically unchanged. Tobacco Products showed a gain of ⅝ to 72, a new high record for that stock. American Sumatra was 1 lower at 125. Virginia Carolina Chemical was ¾ higher at 52, while Reading showed a gain of ⅞ at 88⅞. American Telephone continued weak, dropping ⅜ to 91½.

The market showed an irregular tone during the forenoon. Steel Common broke to 107⅞. The market generally was very dull. General Motors dropped 3½ to 140, while Mexican Petroleum moved up one point to 101⅛.

The market became nervous and unsettled in mid afternoon. One [illegible] shares of steel common but the floor did not seem to like the sources from which it was supplied and it broke over one point to 107⅛, while Baldwin yielded 1½ to 89¼. Reading dropped to 87¾. Mexican Petroleum to 100 and General Motors to 139. Tobacco Products from a high of 72⅛ fell to 70½ and Canadian Pacific sold down to 152½.

The market closed unsettled; government bonds unchanged; railway and other bonds steady.

Quotations given by C. D. Halsey & Co., 15 Broad street, New York city, branch office, Warren building, 260-2 Fair street, Kingston, N. Y.

THE CLOSING QUOTATIONS

Allis-Chalmers	33¾
American Beet Sugar	84⅛
American Car & Foundry	47
American Can	41¾
American Cotton Oil	66
American Locomotive	77½
American Smelting & Ref. Co.	100
American Sugar	65¼
Anaconda Copper Mining	83½
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	90½
Baldwin Loco	51⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	82½
Bethlehem Steel B	405⅛
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	153
Canadian Pacific	136½
Central Leather	56½
Chesapeake & Ohio	44½
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	46
Colorado Fuel & Iron	43⅞
Corn Products	66¼
Crucible Steel	56½
Distillers' securities	15⅞
Erie	31½
Erie, 1st pfd	47
Goodrich Rubber	90⅝
Great Northern, pfd	81½
Great Northern Ore	33
Interborough Con	8
Inter-Con. pfd	58
Kansas City Southern	28½
Lehigh Valley	55⅝
Maxwell Motor	160¼
Maxwell Motor, 1st pfd	71¼
Maxwell Motor, 2d pfd	40⅝
Mexican Petroleum	20
National Lead	85⅝
New York Central	44⅞
N. Y., N. H. & H.	87⅞
New York, Ontario & Western	9⅛
Norfolk & Western	84
Northern Pacific	23¾
Pennsylvania Railroad	43
People's Gas, Chicago	44¼
Pittsburgh Coal	70
Pressed Steel Car	61¾
Railway Steel Sp'g	87⅞
Reading	9⅛
Rep. Iron & Steel	84
Southern Pacific	23¾
Southern Railway	63
Studebaker	44⅞
Union Pacific	121¾
U. S. Steel	107½
U. S. Steel, pfd	111¾
U. S. Rubber	
Utah Copper	81¼
Virginia Car. Chem	50¾
Westinghouse Electric	41⅝

Cog In Military Machine.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Amsterdam, July 30.—General Baron Von Marschal has been appointed chief of the German Emperor's privy military cabinet, says a Berlin dispatch.

Baron Von Marschal succeeds General Baron Von Lucer. All recommendations of officers for promotion come through this cabinet.

AMERICAN NOVICE GOT GERMAN ACE

And As Result Enemy Airman With 44 Notches On His Gun Talks of Suicide In Prison Camp.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Paris, July 30.—Chagrined because he was brought down by an American pilot, who had no previous victories to his credit, Sub-Lieut. Meinkoff, the German aviator who was credited with 44 air victories, is talking of disgrace and suicide, according to information today, from the camp where the German airman is detained.

Meinkoff was shot down last Thursday by Walter A. Avery, of Columbus, Ohio, on the Aisne-Marne front. It was Avery's first fighting flight, and he beat the Hun through superior maneuvering.

ABOUT THE FOLKS.

Miss Delia H. Van Keuren of Broadway is the guest of relatives in Winsted, Conn.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles G. Ellis and son, Charles, are visiting Mr. Ellis's parents at Allentown, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Kingman and daughter, Elizabeth, are visiting Mr. Kingman's sister in Chicago.

Miss Marguerite Muller of Lucas avenue is spending several weeks as the guest of her aunt at Prattsville, N. Y.

Miss Florence Barth of Tubby street has gone to Brooklyn to spend a month with her brother, Fred Barth.

Miss Mary E. Kelly, of Greenkill avenue, stenographer for D. G. Atkins, is spending her vacation at Poultney, Vt.

Lester Barth, who left for Camp Dix Thursday, was presented by his friends with a beautiful wrist watch, pen and many other useful gifts.

Mrs. Edward Fletcher and son, Talmadge, of Binghamton, who formerly resided in this city, are visiting Mrs. Every, of Lafayette avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. L. G. McIntyre and Mrs. Joseph DeGraff of 58 Pearl St. have gone to Eagle Camp, South Hero, Vermont, for a two weeks vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Barth, Jr., of 53rd street, Brooklyn, who have been spending a week's vacation with Mr. Barth's parents on Tubby street, have returned home.

Mrs. Milton G. Holmes and daughter, Miss Edith Holmes, of West Chester street, left today for Uncas, Lake George, where they expect to spend the next three weeks.

[illegible] Smith, the [illegible] ryman and deputy sheriff, will leave town Thursday for a month's stay at Bridgeport, Conn., where he will visit his daughter, Mrs. Fred E. Lynes.

Mrs. Durham Reynolds and little daughter, Dolores, of 146 Smith avenue, who were camping the past three weeks at Owasco Lake, Auburn, N. Y., have returned to their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Shader and family motored to Rye Beach Sunday where their daughter, Gertrude, was spending the week end with Mrs. W. D. Squire at their bungalow, Rye Beach, N. Y.

Mrs. E. D. Palmer, who has been spending several weeks as the guest of her cousins, James G. Van Keuren and Miss Delia Van Keuren of Broadway has gone to visit relatives in Ellenville for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Eighmey, Henry, Jr., Miss Janet Eighmey, Miss Anita Dressel, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dressel, Mr. and Mrs. Munroe Barger motored to Willow recently and spent some time visiting at the camp of S. E. Eighmey.

George B. Trumpbour of Saugerties, appointed last Wednesday evening by the board of supervisors an election commissioner for Ulster county, to succeed Frank W. Brooks, resigned, was in this city today and in company with M. O. Auchmoody, clerk of the board, inspected the office in the county building, John and Crown streets.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Hoyle of Torrington, Conn., and their daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. George Forster and son, Stanley, of Waterbury, Conn., and Dr. Clarence Hoyle son of Mr. and Mrs. Hoyle, chief surgeon in the Waterbury City Hospital, who have been touring by automobile through Connecticut, New York and Pennsylvania, spent Sunday at the home of their cousin, Mrs. Charles C. Brodhead and family, 19 West Pierpont street.

SOCIETY NOTES.

Farrell-Goetz.

James H. Farrell and Miss Alice H. Goetz, both of Malden, were married by the Rev. Joseph Cushman in St. Mary's Church, Saugerties, Sunday afternoon.

Factory Corporation Met.

A special meeting of the Kingston Factory Corporation was held in the office of Judge Betts this morning. All the directors were present with the exception of Herbert Carl, who is out of town. The resignation of James E. Canfield, secretary for the past three years, was accepted and Addison E. Pardee was elected as secretary in his place.

Moran Business School Notes.

Miss Mary Black, a graduate of Moran Business School, has accepted a position as stenographer and office assistant with J. M. Barnhart, High Falls, N. Y., and Miss Bessie Deegan, as stenographer and typist, at Plainfield, N. J.

36 DRAFTEES REJECTED AT DIX

According to letters received here, 36 men of the contingent who left last Thursday have been rejected for physical reasons at Camp Dix.

TURK-GERMAN BREAK NOT CONFIRMED

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 30.—No official explanation of the unofficial dispatch sent via London from Copenhagen by the correspondence of the Exchange Telegraph Company, asserting that "the relations between Turkey and Germany have been severed," had reached Washington today. Officials admitted their intense interest in this report. They could not explain it, however. While accepting that there has been constantly increasing friction between Turkey and Germany growing out of the Rumanian situation and the increasing war-weariness in Turkey, where the "Young Party" is now in disfavor, officials did not believe it sufficient to warrant any break at this time. However, they were endeavoring to get something official on the subject. Pending such word, however, all comment was withheld.

POPE NOT TO MAKE NEW PEACE OFFER

By Agence Radio to International News Service.

Paris, July 30.—Declarations in Austrian and German newspapers that the pope would publish another peace note on the anniversary of 1917 document, are unfounded and are fooling the people, according to word received here today, quoting an authoritative Italian newspaper.

The anniversary of Pope Benedict's note to the belligerents will fall next month.

FLAG RAISING.

Patriotic Exercises Held By Bostonian Waist Company.

Flag raising was held this afternoon at Bostonian Waist Co.'s premises, 59 Hasbrouck avenue, Mayor Canfield delivering principal address. Mr. Wiedis also gave a pleasing talk on the flag's meaning.

Following the ceremony of raising the colors the assemblage sang the national anthem and gave three cheers for the flag.

Mabel Schoen delivered a pleasing recitation and also an appropriate address.

A recitation was also given by Anna McDonald.

THE JOINERS.

News of Interest to Members of Fraternal Societies.

The following lodges hold regular meetings this evening:

C. S. Clay odge, No. 528, I. O. O. F., in Pythian Hall, corner of Wall and John streets.

New York Produce Markets.

Wheat—Market unchanged.

Corn—Market steady. No. 3 yellow, 193¾; No. 3 yellow, 183¾.

Oats—Market easy. Fancy white clipped, 86@88; ordinary white clipped, 84@86.

Rye—Market dull. No. 2 western, 170 c. i. f. export and f. o. b. New York.

Barley—Market dull. Malting, 135@140 c. i. f. New York export; feeding 45 lbs, 125@130 c. i. f. New York export.

Hay (per 100 pounds)—Market dull. No. 1, 130@140; No. 3, 95@115; clover mixed, 75@130.

Straw (per 100 pounds)—Market steady. Rye, $0@90.

Flour—Prices at the mills. Market unchanged.

Potatoes (in bulk, barrel or bag.)—Market steady, nearby white, $3.75@$4.75; southerns, $3.00@$4.50.

Dressed Poultry—Market unchanged.

Live Poultry—Market unchanged.

Butter—Market firm. Creamery extras, 44¾@46½; creamery firsts, 43½@45½; creamery higher scoring, 45¾@47½; state dairy tubs, 36@45; renovated firsts, 40@40½; imitation first, 37@38.

Eggs—Market steady. Nearby white, fancy, 53@54; nearby brown, fancy, 48@50; extra 46@47; [illegible] 40@43.

Milk—The nominal wholesale price is $2.25 per quart delivered in New York. Official quotations discontinued.

Chicago Grain Market.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Chicago, July 30.—Corn closed 2 to 2½ cents higher today and oats were ¾ cents higher.

Closing Prices.

Corn—July, 154; August, 154¼@154⅜; September 155½@155⅝.

Oats—July, 74¾; August 69; September 68⅝@68¾.

Cash Grain.

Corn—No. 4 white, 160@170; No. 5 white 155@160; No. 6 white, 142@150; No. 3 yellow, 172; No. 4 yellow, 158@162; No. 5 yellow, 150@160; No. 6 yellow, 140@145; No. 6 mixed 143@145.

Oats—No. 2 mixed, 68½@69; No. 2 white, 74@75; No. 3 white, 73@75; Standard, 73½@75.

Timothy $5.00@$8.50.

Optimistic Thought.

Suffer not your faith to be shaken by the sophistries of skeptics.

FOUR DIE IN AUTO SMASH

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

State Center, Iowa, Iowa, July 30.—Persons believed to be J. Frank, his wife and two daughters, of Albion, Neb., were killed near here today when a Chicago and Northwestern passenger train struck their auto at a grade crossing. Identification is believed to have been established through papers carried by the man. The two girls, 14 and 17 apparently, were instantly killed, the man and woman died without regaining consciousness.

18,000 ARE MAKING GRENADES

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 30.—Four kinds of hand grenades are now being produced at the rate of 2,000,000 a month and the rate will be doubled next month, the Ordnance Department announced today.

Rifle grenades, according to the department, are produced at the rate of 1,000,000 a month and this "will be appreciably multiplied within the next six months."

Orders have been placed throughout the country, said officials of the department for 60,000,000 grenades and to date some 18,000 persons are engaged in this work.

DESULTORY FIGHTS IN ALBANIA

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 30.—Lively fighting around Arco Devoli and "Austrian activity" in Albania, are reported in Rome cables to the Italian Embassy this afternoon.

"French and Italian troops in Albania," says the cable, "are engaged in desultory actions, while the Austrians are very active but without results. In many cases they have left numbers of prisoners in our hands.

"Lively fighting is taking place around Arco Devoli, where the Austrians are endeavoring to maintain their positions."

Johnston Ave. Property Sold.

Merritt, Spencer and Lown, Real estate agents of No. 288 Wall street, have sold the Johnston property, consisting of house and lot at No. 41 [illegible] to Mrs. Elizabeth Dooley of Springfield, Mass. Mrs. Dooley expects to move to this city about Sept. 1st.

Hammin-Dunagan.

Mrs. Pauline Dunagan of this city and George Hammin of Poughkeepsie were married Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the parsonage of the Albany Avenue Baptist Church by the Rev. A. S. Cole.

Conserve Enthusiasm.

Are you a boy or girl who becomes very enthusiastic about some nice thing you want to do? Be careful not to be so enthusiastic in starting a new undertaking that you have no energy left for carrying it through to completion. Enthusiasm is an important factor in success, but it must be a steady flow, and not burst forth like some of the geysers which send a spout of water skyward, and then are quiet for 24 hours.—Exchange.

Why He Would Not Build.

It is in a Jewish legend that Methuselah declined at the age of six hundred or so to go to the trouble of building a house because the Lord answered his question as to how much longer he had to live, and the patriarch decided that three hundred years was too short a time to warrant him in making the exertion. Undoubtedly Methuselah preferred his tent and was ready to grasp at any excuse for sticking to it.

Queer Epitaphs.

Queer epitaphs are frequently fakes; but the following really appears in a Salop churchyard: "Elizabeth, the wife of Richard Barklamb, passed to eternity on Saturday, 21st of May, 1797, in the seventy-first year of her age. Richard Barklamb, the Antespouse Uxorious, was interred here, 26th Jan., 1806, in his eighty-fourth year." What an antespouse uxorious may be is not explained.—Cardiff Western-Mail.

Good Alibi for the Bee.

That bees injure fruit is a common belief in some quarters, but investigations recently carried out in Italy prove it to be without foundation. Bees cannot perforate the skin of fruit, and the damage attributed to them is really due to birds, wind, hail, hornets, wasps and certain other insects. Bees are, in fact, of much benefit to the orchardist, because they effect the cross-pollenization of fruit trees.—Popular Science Monthly.

Combs.

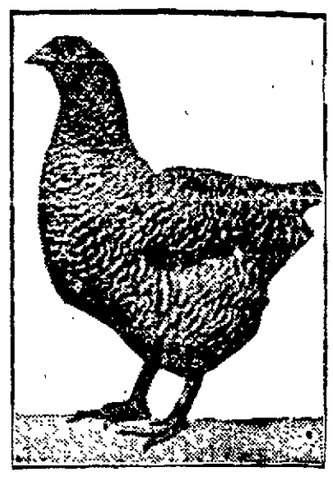
Combs have been used in the toilet since very ancient times. The Greeks, the Egyptian and the Roman ladies used them to arrange and hold up their hair; even ladies among the Swiss lake dwellers seem to have been familiar with them. Some of these were made of wood, some of bone, of horn or of ivory. Specimens have often been found in recent years.

POULTRY FACTS

EGG-LAYING AGE OF PULLETS

Where Conditions Are Unfavorable Six Months Is Average—Meat Types Are Much Slower.

Different breeds mature and commence laying at slightly different times. In general, under a utility classification, pullets of the egg breeds, such as Leghorn, Minorca, Hamburg and Ancona, mature early and begin to lay eggs at four or five months under favorable conditions. Where the conditions are not favorable to induce early egg laying, six months is probably a nearer average for the time to commence laying. Meat types, such as **Brahma, Cochin China and Langshan,**



Barred Rock Pullet.

are slower in maturity, taking six to eight months or longer for a pullet to get into egg-laying condition.

General purpose types, such as Plymouth Rock, Wyandotte, Rhode Island Red, Orpington and Dominique, mature more quickly than those of the meat type and the pullets may be expected to lay at fro. five to six months, although some mature at four and one-half months. There are cases on record where individuals of the early maturing egg breeds have begun to lay in about three months, although this is in special cases.

FATTENING FOOD FOR DUCKS

Cornmeal, Wheat Bran and Beef Scraps Mixed Crumbly With Milk, Is Recommended as Good.

A good fattening food for ducks is three parts cornmeal, one part wheat bran and one part high-grade beef scraps mixed crumbly with milk or water and fed at morning and noon. The evening food should consist of cracked corn. No more should be fed at each meal than they will eat up promptly, and then the troughs should be removed.

WATER OF MUCH IMPORTANCE

High-Priced Feed Alone Will Not Produce Eggs to Any Great Extent—Keep Up Water Supply.

From the hen's viewpoint, water is worth just as much as feed, for she cannot make an egg with either one alone. Therefore, the man who furnishes high-priced feed but neglects the water supply is making a great mistake and will have to be content with a limited egg yield.

DUCKS ARE VERY TRACTABLE

Do Not Give as Much Trouble as Hens and Are Easily Tamed—Keep Quarters Dry.

Ducks are more tractable than hens and more easily cared for. They can be tamed with a little care. Those that are kept over for breeding stock should have dry quarters, but may be allowed to run all winter. The thick down protects them from the severe cold.

FREE RANGE IS BENEFICIAL

Growing Chicks Should Be Supplied With as Much Natural Green Feed as Possible.

Whenever it is possible, growing chicks should be allowed free range, so they may obtain as much natural green feed as they need in addition to bugs and worms. When green feed cannot be obtained on range, such feed as sprouted oats, cut clover, mangelwurzel beets, etc., should be fed daily.

DON'T FORCE MOTHER HENS

Where Compelled to Stay With Young Chicks, Older Fowls Often Work Serious Injury.

Don't try to make hens take care of their chicks after they seem to want to get rid of them, because if compelled to stay with the young ones they sometimes attack them. Sometimes such hens have destroyed entire flocks of young.

Oil Engine Needs Little Fuel.

A French inventor claims the record for efficiency for an oil engine that has a fuel consumption of less than forty pounds per horse power per hour.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

One Cent a Word

Classified advertisements in this department will be inserted at the uniform price of one cent per word for each insertion. No advertisement less than 15 cents. If inserted but once. Orders may be left at our main office, 323 Broadway, or at our branch office, 249 Fair St. Also at the following places:

R. L. REILLY, 338 Broadway.
FRANK McNALLY, 338 Broadway.
WM. O'REILLY, 530 Broadway.
C. STRUBEL, 749 Broadway.

For the convenience of out-of-town advertisers, orders will be accepted at the following places:

CHARLES W. CARD, Port Ewen, N. Y.
WM. CONNORS, High Falls, N. Y.
WM. HUBER, Rosendale, N. Y.
W. J. QUINN, Woodstock, N. Y.
WM. McMULLEN, Ellenville, N. Y.
S. VAN STEENBERG, Saugerties, N. Y.
W. VONDERLINDEN, Rhinebeck, N. Y.
A. D. WINNE, Asbokan, N. Y.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents.

LOST.

LOST.—Hand bag, corner Prospect and Cedar Sts. Finder known. Please return without further trouble. 116 Cedar St.

LOST—Ford rear lamp, oil fountain. Reward. "L." Downtown Freeman.

LOST—$5 bill, in L. S. Winne's store on Wall St., Saturday night. Finder please return to L. S. Winne & Co.

TO LET.

TO LET—Stores, offices, houses and apartments. Estate of John N. Cordts. 'Phone 631.

TO LET—Flat; Downs St. 'Phone 1093-W or 1092-J.

FOR RENT.—New double house, 111 Pine; six rooms, bath; 109 Fair, seven rooms, bath; all improvements. Mrs. Boice, 110 Fair St.

TO LET—Desirable house, upper Clinton Ave.; seven rooms, improvements; best condition; charming view. Inquire at 306.

TO LET—6 rooms and bath; 86 Pine St.; $15. Inquire 121 Fair St.

TO LET—Oriental Hotel, Kingston Point. Apply to 51 Hone St.

TO LET—6 room flat. N. D. J. Murphy.

FOR RENT—7 room house, Orchard; rent very reasonable. 'Phone 1867-R-1.

TO LET—House; all improvments; 152 O'Neil St. Inquire Wm. A. Frey.

FOR RENT—Sept. 1, modern 8 room house; uptown; central location. 'Phone 792.

TO LET.—House; 14 Stuyvesant St., with all improvements. Inquire at 32 Stuyvesant St., or 'phone 856-J.

TO LET—29 Janet St. 'Phone 786-W.

TO LET—House; all improvements. Miss Mullen, 307 Washington Ave.

TO LET—House and garage. Inquire G. Halverson, 123 Manor Ave.

TO LET.—Light housekeeping rooms. 112 Hone St.

TO LET.—House with 6 rooms; with improvements. Inquire 87 West Piermont Av.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Woman for general housework, no cooking. Inquire 52 Van Buren St.

WANTED—Cook; sleep home. Call at once, Fischer's Hotel, Strand.

WANTED—Girl. United States Hotel.

WANTED—OPERATORS. EXPERIENCED ON NECK BANDING. FULLER'S SHIRT FACTORY, PINE GROVE AVE.

WANTED—Neat girl for dining room; also capable woman for kitchen; good wages and fare paid. Jocelyn House, Oliverea, Ulster County, N. Y.

WANTED—Waitress. Apply Dr. C. O. Sauler's Sanitarium.

WANTED—Girl to work in dry goods store. Clerk" c|o Freeman.

WANTED—2 girls; cook and waitress; private family. Mrs. C. R. Stull, 105 Fair St.

WANTED—Woman for pantry and service room; $40 a month, room and board; also woman dishwasher, machine work; $40 month, board and room. Apply at once. W. W. Foster, Beekman Arms, Rhinebeck, N. Y. 'Phone 210.

WANTED—Salesladies; experienced in millinery, for full time; also salesladies for afternoons and Saturdays. Apply in person or by letter to The Paris Millinery Shop, 315 Wall St.

WANTED—Experienced neck banders, at the Fessenden Shirt Co., Cornell St. and TenBroeck Ave.

WANTED—Woman for general housework for summer months at Haines Falls; good wages and fare paid. Inquire 110 Henry St. 253-J.

WANTED—At once, woman for general housework; good wages. 88 Hasbrouck Ave.

WANTED—Capable girl or woman for kitchen work and assist the cook; good wages and fare paid. Jocelyn House, Oliverea, Ulster County, N. Y.

WANTED—Waitresses, white; salary to experienced girls $25 month. Apply, stating experience and when you could come S. T. Budd, New York; Asbury Park, N. J.

WANTED—Girls 16 years of age to operate stripping machines; $6 per week paid while learning. G. W. Van Slyke & Horton.

WANTED.—Waitresses to go to mountains. 'Phone 1765-W.

WANTED.—Operators; experienced on cuff binding and button sewing. Fessenden Shirt Company, Cornell St. and TenBroeck Ave.

WANTED.—A cook or assistant for summer boarding house. Address Mrs. A. B. Layman, Haines Falls, N. Y.

WANTED.— OPERATORS; EXPERIENCED ON POWER MACHINES; BEGINNERS TAKEN AND PAID $7 PER WEEK WHILE LEARNING. FULLER'S SHIRT FACTORY, PINE GROVE AVE.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—112 Hone St.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms, with or without board. 65 Van Buren St.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Light housekeeping. 91 Downs St.

FURNISHED kitchenette apartment. The Bryant.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Also kitchenette apartment. Ring Smith bell, 318½ Wall St. 'Phone 1757-M.

FURNISHED ROOMS—With board. 180 Albany Ave.

FURNISHED housekeeping apartments; one or more rooms; 60 Cedar St., 'phone 1092-J, and 179 Wall St., 'phone 1117.

FURNISHED ROOMS—With board. 96 Green St.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Men roomers. 37 Adams St.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.—House furnishings. We furnish your home complete; all kinds second hand furniture, stoves and ranges bought and sold. M. Kaplan, 36 North Front St. 'Phone 1210-R.

FOR SALE—City residence with garage; modern improvements; centrally located; will exchange for country property. P. O. Box 504, Uptown.

FOR SALE.—Sawed wood, $5 per load. F. A. Waters, Jr. 'Phone 1656-R.

FOR SALE.—2 16-passenger busses; 2 Packard touring; 2 Ford taxis; 1 20-passenger bus body. 'Phone 194.

FOR SALE.—Photo supplies, films, plates, cameras, printing paper, etc. O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway.

FOR SALE—¾ ton Republic truck; cheap. Stryker & Youmans.

FOR SALE—1 safe, 1 cash register, store fixtures, show cases, 1 rolled top desk. 122 Wurts St. 'Phone 512.

FOR SALE—Nice 6 room furnished country home, completely furnished; ½ acre; total price only $550. 12 room village and mountain home, 4 acres, like new; grand mountain scenery; very desirable for boarding house; poultry and vegetables; price $2,200; $500 cash; worth $5,000. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County; 6 miles Kingston; bus line. 'Phone.

FOR SALE—One 1,000 foot steam or water boiler; first class condition. T. J. Cusack, 65 North Front.

FOR SALE—1 tractor gang plow, 1 sulky plow, 1 feed mill, 4 used engines, 1 grain drill; also pumps, tanks, sprayers and other farm machinery. Canfield Supply Co., Strand and Ferry St., Kingston, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Universal 8x10 folding camera (leather bellows), Bausch & Lomb shutter, convertible lens; six double plateholders, tripod, carrying case; for $30 cash. Pennington Studio, 72 Main St.

FOR SALE—Cows and bull, and young pigs. Robert Hommell, Esopus, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Team of gray horses, two-seated wagon, double set harness. Inquire George Newell, 59 North Front St.

FOR SALE—A fine young Guernsey cow; good butter maker. A. M. Slauson, 209 Albany Ave.

FOR SALE—Pair beautifully matched young horses; gentle, strong; in splendid condition; price reasonable to satisfactory purchaser. Rosie Magee, Woodstock.

FOR SALE—Year old hound dog, black and tan; good hunter; $7.25. Propheter, 'phone 15-F-5.

FOR SALE—Horse; large bay farm horse; $75. Propheter, 'phone 15-F-5.

FOR SALE—Horse; 9 years old, weight 1,450 pounds. Edw. T. McGill.

FOR SALE—Twin cylinder motorcycle; good running condition; cheap. 81 Stephan St.

FOR SALE—Fine light top wagon with rubber tires; almost new, horse and harness, at $100; if wagon be bought now be worth the price alone. Wm. C. A. Witt, Esopus, New York.

FOR SALE—5 passenger Overland touring car, in good condition; reasonable price. 71 Wiltwyck Ave.

FOR SALE—7 room house; 131 Prospect St. Inquire 449 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A strong, healthy, heavy, dapple gray horse; 7 years old. Wm. Jamin, Esopus, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Ford runabout; mechanically perfect; demonstrate; $175. Address "F. C." Downtown Freeman.

FOR SALE—Ford 12 passenger bus, shaft drive extension, used one season; cost $1,200; will sell for $600 if bought at once. Drafted only reason for selling. Corp. Madden, Co. 4, 4th Inf., Stone Ridge, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Cheap: team horses, dump wagon and harness; suitable for state road work. Frank Bishop, Stone Ridge, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—Hudson automobile, machinists' lathe, boilers, engines, shafting, pulleys. Wm. Lawton, 82 Prince St.

FOR SALE.—Baseball goods, for members of the Industrial Baseball League. 10% of each purchase will be returned to the customers' team in baseballs. Warren's, 260 Fair St.

FOR SALE—Harder Silos; immediate shipments; special bargains in white pine. George P. Hutchins, Labor-Saving Farm Equipment, 11 Railroad Ave.

FOR SALE—"Empire" Milking Machines. Free demonstration at your own farm upon request. George P. Hutchins, Labor-Saving Farm Equipment, 11 Railroad Ave.

FOR SALE—Store of Robert Iseman, 3½ Main St. Corporal Iseman is at Camp Merritt for overseas.

FOR SALE—Two farm teams. Harder Bros., Lake Katrine.

FOR SALE—Seasoned wood, $5 per truck load; sawed or split. H. Clearwater. 'Phone 862-J.

FOR SALE—13 room house; large garage and ice house. $2,500. B. Schmitt, Malden-on-Hudson.

FOR SALE—4,000 mile guaranteed tires 30 x 3, $12.50; 30 x 3½, $16. Apply Chas. F. Gray, 783 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A fine pair of bay horses, weighing over 2,600 pounds, seven and eight years old; together with harness and heavy truck; cheap. See Wm. N. Fessenden, attorney, 220 Main St., Saugerties, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Bargain: 1914 seven passenger Stearns Knight; mechanically perfect. F. R. Mooney, 31 Ferry St.

FOR SALE.—2 story frame building. Inquire 691 Broadway.

FOR SALE.—Just received, a carload of fresh and acclimated horses. Basch & Shapiro, 10-12 Ann St.

FOR SALE.—Arsenate of Lead for potato bugs. Canfield Supply Co., Strand and Ferry St., Kingston, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—Registered Hereford bull; 3 years old; very fine. E. J. Willis, Kingston R. F. D. 3.

WANTED.

WANTED.—Ford car. 'Phone 945-W.

WANTED—1 or 2 rowboats; must be in good order. H. Schroeder, Kingston, R. 7, Box 29.

WANTED—Oak, flat top office desk; give size, full description and price. "O. D." Downtown Freeman.

WANTED—Government needs 20,000 women clerks at Washington; examination everywhere in August; experience unnecessary. Women desiring government positions, write for free particulars to J. C. Leonard, (former civil service examiner), 187 Kenois Bldg., Washington.

WANTED—Boy's bicycle. Call 'phone 1881-M.

WANTED—Developing, printing. McBride's drug stores.

WANTED.—People who want nice photo work to leave their developing and printing at O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway. 'Phone 1509.

WANTED.—Baseball customers who are to play in Industrial Baseball League. 10% of these baseball sales will be returned to the customers' team in baseballs. Warren's, 260 Fair St.

Ideals.

We must love ideals and struggle toward them ourselves, but we must not use them excessively in the measurement of others.—David Swing.

HALF OF NEW MEN TO BE IN CLASS 1

Provost Marshal General Has Thus Far Ordered Last Registrants—Class One To Suffice For Near Future.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 30.—Invasion of the deferred classes in the draft is not an immediate danger, members of the senate and house committees on military affairs said today, in spite of the fact that class one is being rapidly exhausted.

Class 1, as at present constituted, includes no men of the last registration, it was pointed out, but only men who registered on June 5, 1917. Provost Marshal General Crowder has given arbitrary orders that at least fifty per cent of the 750,000 men who became 21 during the last year be placed in class one. It is confidently expected that class one will be increased by nearly 400,000, when the new registrants are classified. New class one men, together with those of the 1917 registration, placed in the first class, should give sufficient men to meet the requirements of the next two months at least, it was said.

Some members of the military affairs committees believe it would be sufficient to fill all calls until the end of the year, because of the limited room in the cantonments. Nevertheless General Crowder has power to order quarterly registrants of men becoming 21 and may set September 5 as a new registration day if men are urgently needed.

This situation will not, however, give congress time to dally over changing the draft ages. Three months will be required to classify the men made liable to service when the ages are raised and lowered. If the law were passed by September 1, the men would not have been classified until December 1, at the earliest, and no levies of the new registrants would be possible until the beginning of next year. Chairman Dent of the house military affairs committee, said today that Secretary Baker probably would give detailed explanations of the policy of his new man power bill when the lower body reconvenes August 19. No member had received any definite information today on the ages to be fixed. It is understood that the secretary himself has not yet reached a decision on this point.

Where Platinum Is Found.

Platinum is recovered principally from the beds of streams, the particles having been deposited there through erosion of large rocks, classified geologically as "tertiary conglomerates." The platinum grains are found with gold, the proportion varying from 5 to 50 per cent of platinum. The two metals are recovered by washing the sand and gravel of streams.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNITURE storage; best in city. Harry P. Carr. 'Phone 341-W.

WILL parties who purchased from 326 Washington Ave. or accepted as gifts, toys consisting of French dolls with wardrobe, doll's blue satin bed with outfit, blue satin furniture to match for play house, circus outfit of clowns, gray wooden elephant, etc., girl's bicycle and other articles, kindly communicate with M. C. McParlan, 1187 Lexington Ave., New York City.

HAVE your dog clipped. 'Phone 30-R.

MORAN BUSINESS SCHOOL, Burgevin Building, summer session; day and evening. Bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting. Civil service preparation. Make the summer count! Don't delay. Enroll today.

WE want your developing and printing; special 24 hour service; Velox or Cyko paper. O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway. 'Phone 1509.

FIVE and seven passenger cars to hire. 'Phone 1265-M, Goodrich. 112 Hone St.

FURNITURE storage. Mouse-proof, sanitary, fire-proof. Frederick C. Winters, Kingston. 'Phone 1113-J, or Brown Auto Supply Co. 'Phone 1066.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Salesman, with dry goods experience. S. E. Eighmey, 26 Broadway.

WANTED—Chauffeur. 272 Albany Ave.

WANTED—A man to work on farm; engagement permanent to reliable man. A. M. Slauson, 209 Albany Ave.

WANTED—Two carpenters, four laborers. Wall St. Opera House.

WANTED—Barber; steady position; $20 per week and bonus. Carro, 17 Railroad Ave.

WANTED—Two laborers. Apply 360 Foxhall Ave., or 'phone 1859-W, after six.

WANTED—2 men to work in warehouse. Inquire at Freeman Office, or address Box 56.

WANTED—First class barber; at No. 59 E. Strand.

WANTED—Boy 16 years old, to work in packing room. G. W. Van Slyke & Horton.

WANTED—Man now working as insurance agent who wishes to double his income; must be a hustler. Box Hustler, c|o Downtown Freeman.

WANTED—Short order cook, good wages; work 6 days a week. Apply at once, Popular Lunch, 39 E. Strand.

WANTED—Experienced machinists, lathe and planer hands. A. R. King Mfg. Co., 76 Prince St.

WANTED—Married dairyman and one teamster, on large farm; good wages and permanent position to good men; must be Americans and know business. Shagbark Farm, R. F. D. No. 3, Box 151, Saugerties, N. Y.

WANTED—Experienced meat cutter. C. A. Davis, 636 Broadway.

POSITION WANTED.

POSITION WANTED—Licensed Ford chauffeur desires steady position; good references furnished. Write "Reliable" Downtown Freeman.

POSITION WANTED—Man, 45, wants work; assistant; no experience; shop or factory. "Worker" Uptown Freeman.

YOUNG man, 22, exempt, desires light clerical position; good typist. Address Box 75, Central P. O., Kingston.

POSITION WANTED—Housekeeper; widower preferred. Write or call 17 Prince St.

HUNGER RIOTS IN BOHEMIA

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Berne, July 30.—Furious hunger rioting has again broken out at Hiben and Pardubitz, in Bohemia, said a dispatch from Vienna today, quoting the socialist newspaper Arbeiter Zeitung.

Soldiers fired on the mobs dispersing them.

SOLDIERS BAPTIZED.

Chaplain Immerses 300 in Marne Before Battle.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

With the American Army at the Marne, July 29.—(Night)—While a German aeroplane buzzed overhead and the guns nearby were throwing over shells, 300 American soldiers, enroute to the fighting front, were baptized in the Marne river in a single batch by a chaplain.

One thing the chaplain insisted on was that the men wear breech clouts during the ceremony. The weather was hot and afterwards the doughboys enoyed a swim. A score of soldiers who had intended to "kid" the men were so stirred that they got baptized themselves.

WEST PARK.

West Park, July 29.—Mrs. Ella Palmatier and daughter, Maisie, of Poughkeepsie, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Green.

Miss Anna Kniffin is visiting in New York city.

Mrs. Otto Drake of Poughkeepsie spent Tuesday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Confior.

Howard Drake has accepted a position in Jersey city.

John Green is filling his place, as cook, at the Holy Cross Monastery.

When on his way home from work, Irving Denney, was hit by an automobile near the Bingham estate on Thursday evening. There were two cars coming in different directions and the one going south, a New Jersey car, hit Mr. Denney, throwing him several feet. There were saw the accident, also Lawyer Lent, were passing by and saw the accident and received the car number. At this writing Mr. Denney is improving slowly.

The following were in Kingston on Thursday to see the boys entrain for Camp Dix, N. J.: Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Drake, Mrs. Pierre Travis, Mrs. Caroline Gindrat, Miss Florence Green, Miss Dorcas Denney, Gilbert Burridge, Hubert Cudney, Harry Terwilliger, William Lundy, John Green and Howard Quinn. We sent with the boys best wishes for a safe return home, when the war is over.

Mrs. Richard Atkins spent Thursday in Kingston.

A dance will be held in the school house on Wednesday evening, August 7.

Frank Green, of Iona Island, was home on a furlough Wednesday to bid adieu to his brother, Murley, who left for Camp Dix on Thursday morning.

A play, "The Fountain of Youth," will be given by the Camp Fire Girls of West Park on the lawn of "Heartease" Wednesday evening at 7:30. Admission 15 cents. Ice cream 10 cents.

Murley Green and William Schane left on Thursday morning for Camp Dix, N. J. Good luck and a speedy return is extended to these two young man from their many friends here.

Gilbert Burridge, who enlisted in the U. S. A., left for Syracuse today. Good luck and a safe return is extended to him.

Browning Holds Record.

The first Browning gun was made by John M. Browning when he was thirteen years old. It was not a machine gun, as may be surmised. Mr. Browning invented more successful firearms than any ten other men in history.—Forum.

DUGAN FOR SUPREME COURT

Recommended at Meeting of Democratic Judicial Committee at Albany Without Opposition.

The Democrats at a meeting of the judicial committee for the Third District, at Albany, Monday noon, recommended Patrick C. Dugan, a lawyer of Albany, for nomination for supreme court justice. There was no opposition.

John J. Judge, of Troy, was chairman of the meeting and Roscoe Irwin, of Kingston, secretary. George Lawyer, of Albany, named Mr. Dugan. Former Justice James A. Betts, was among other who seconded the recommendation, also Roscoe Irwin. The committee named to fill vacancies is Albert Hessberg, of Albany; John J. Judge, of Troy, and George M. Palmer, of Schoharie.

CAPTAIN'S ORDERS.

No Rum Needed To Make Doughboys Go Over.

With The American Army At The Aisne, July 29—(Night)—Here is the order to charge that was given by an American captain from New York state to his men that carried the heights north of the Ourcq river in a storm assault:

"Strip off your packs. Carry nothing but your rifles, gas masks and grenades. Fix your bayonets, for we are going after them. All you need is a little guts and plenty of cold steel."

U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

HOW TO CAN

PEPPERS

The best sweet peppers for canning are the Spanish varieties known as pimentos. The fruit of these peppers has very thick fresh, tough skin, and is comparatively smooth and free from ridges. The bell peppers are not suitable varieties for canning. Peppers should be ripe, sound, and free from bruises. Sort, using the whole peppers for canning and small or broken peppers for products such as sauces, soups, chutneys, and Dixie relish. Prepare for peeling by roasting peppers in a hot oven from six to eight minutes being careful not to allow them to scorch. Peel, cut out stem, remove seeds, and pack dry in flattened layers. No water or seasoning is used in the preparation of these peppers; the processing brings out a thick liquor which almost covers them in the previously boiled jars. Partially seal jars, sterilize (process by boiling) pint jars for 30 minutes. Cool and test for leaks.

When a steam-pressure canner is used, process pints ten minutes under an eight-pound steam pressure.—United States Department of Agriculture.

Alphabetical Possibilities.

All the inhabitants of the globe, on a rough calculation, could not in 1,000,000,000 years write out all the possible transpositions of the 26 letters of the alphabet, even supposing that each person wrote 40 pages daily, and each of which pages contained not less than 40 transpositions of the letters.

May Be New Source of Oil.

It is believed that large quantities of an oil with many commercial uses can be obtained from the nuts of the coyol palm, which grows prolifically in central and tropical South America.

STEAKS Sirloin Porterhouse Round lb. 40c

Spring LAMB
Legs, lb 35c
Stewing Cuts 25c

VEAL
Shoulder.... 25c
Breast, lb....25c
Chops, lb....35c

Lean Steer Beef POT ROAST lb. 20c lb.

WEDNESDAY
THE MOHICAN ECONOMY DAY
The day each week when the prices are lowest
Save your money by trading here on Wednesday

United States Food Administration License Number G08535.

Local Green Corn doz. 28c doz.

New Potatoes 60c 15 lbs. 60c

Peaches Cantaloupes Oranges Bananas Plums

New Cabbage 8c head 8c

Green Onions 3 bunches 5c

Grocery Specials
Mohican Catsup, bot. 15c

Mohican Selected Eggs, doz..... 49c

Full Pint Grape Juice, bot.... 22c

American Limburger..... 25c

Condensed Milk
Magnolia, can.....16c
Star, can 17c

Phila. Cream Cheese. 12c
Snappy.....14c

Plate and Brisket
Corned Beef, lb. 20c

Dinner Blend Coffee, lb.....19c

Red Beans 2 lbs.....25c

FRESH FISH
Halibut, Salmon, Butter Fish, Flounders, Mackerel

ADDINGTON WILL OPPOSE HINMAN

It was announced from Albany Monday that Harold J. Hinman, recommended by the Republicans, would have an opponent in the primaries, as County Judge George Addington, of that city, declares he will seek the nomination for Supreme Court in Third Judicial District.

TABASCO HEIGHTS.

Tabasco Heights, July 30.—Private Vaughn Decker, who is stationed at Camp Upton, has been home on a furlough, visiting his parents and many friends. Private Decker is one of the most popular young men of this place and everyone wishes for his safe return after the war.

Esther and Lester Wynkoop spent Saturday and Sunday with their uncle, Clifton Palen, and family. Mr. and Mrs. Palen accompanied them home, where they spent the day with Mrs. Palen's mother and brother.

There was a grand reception given at the Berger homestead on Sunday evening last in honor of Private Vaughn Decker. The occasion, given by Miss Fannie Berger, and the recommend she gave the young soldier, brought a loud applause from the whole house and by the request of Mr. Helderman of Newark, N. J., the audience rose and sang the Star Spangled Banner, accompanied on the piano by Henry Berger. Light refreshments were served, with games and other enjoyments.

The Berger homestead is filled to overflowing with city people and more are expected.

Those who called at Asa Wynkoop's on Sunday last were Willie Hinkley and Chester Wynkoop of this place, A. Helderman of Newark, N. J., Ross Miller of Yonkers and Private Vaughn Decker of Camp Upton.

Leonard Wynkoop and wife of Krumville spent Sunday afternoon with Mrs. J. Wynkoop.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Decker have received work of the safe arrival of theis son, Basil, overseas.

Cora Terwilliger was ill Saturday and Sunday but is better at this writing.

Most of our young people attended the ice cream festival at Leibhardt on Saturday evening and reported a good time.

Henry Berger took a load of city people to see the Ashokan water works on Saturday.

Otis Barringer and wife, of Samsonville made a business trip to this place on Friday night.

Jerry Keator of Palentown passed trough this place on Sunday enroute for the Blooming Boarding House at Mombaccus.

Henry Berger and sister, Fannie, were in Ellenville on Friday afternoon.

Miss Celia Hinkley returned home on Sunday after spending a week with her uncle, W. Van Vliet, at Plutarch.

That's Right.

Men seldom, or rather never for a length of time and deliberately, rebel against anything that does not deserve rebelling against.

OPERA HOUSE

15c TO-NIGHT 15c

AUDITORIUM

7:15 and 9:00 MATINEE DAILY, 2:30 7:15 and 9:00

GOLDWYN Presents

MAE MARSH

IN

"The Glorious Adventure"

The romance of a girl who bought happiness for a dollar.

EDUCATIONAL.

A Paramount Picture

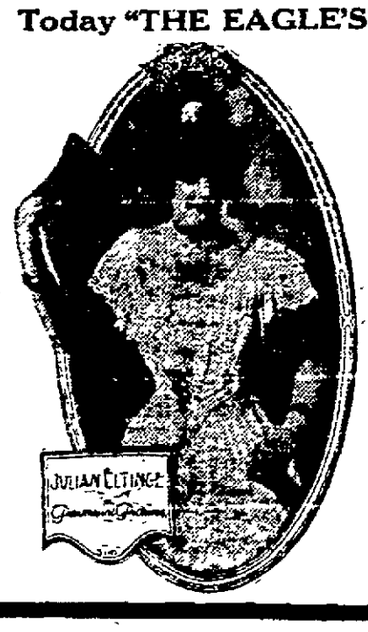
WALLACE REID

IN

"RIMROCK JONES"

LATEST WAR NEWS

Today "THE EAGLE'S EYE" Exposing the German Spy System at Your Very Door



OPERA HOUSE, WEDNESDAY, JULY 31.

AUDITORIUM, THURSDAY, AUGUST 1st.

A PARAMOUNT PICTURE.

JULIAN ELTINGE

—IN—

"THE WIDOW'S MIGHT"

Stunning gowns stunningly worn are one of the features of this picture. And worn by a man, too.

AUDITORIUM, WEDNESDAY, JULY 31st,

OPERA HOUSE, THURSDAY, AUGUST 1st

WILLIAM FOX PRESENTS

THEDA BARA

IN THE 1918 VERSION OF

"A Fool There Was"

TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1918.

Sun rises, 5:46; sets, 8:23.
Weather, rainy.

The Temperature.

The lowest point registered by The Freeman thermometer last night was 74 degrees. The highest point registered up until noon today was 80 degrees.

Weather Forecast.

Washington, July 30.—Thunder showers, Tuesday night; Wednesday slightly cooler, with northerly winds.

HOLY NAME BOYS AWARDED GAME

Monday evening another game in the Twilight League was staged at McVey's field, when the Holy Name Society clashed with the Kingston Shipbuilding players, and was forfeited to the Holy Name boys by Umpire Rice during the ending of the fifth inning. The score was 5 to 1 in favor of the Holy Name boys but it started to rain at the end of the fifth inning and the shipbuilders left the field against the ruling of the umpire, who declared the game forfeited to the Holy Name boys by the score of 9 to 0.

This evening the Freeman Publishing Company will clash with the Red Monograms. Game will be called at 7 o'clock.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct
Holy Name	3	1	.750
Red Monograms	2	1	.667
U. & D. Shops	2	2	.500
Crescents	2	2	.500
Freeman Pub. Co.	1	2	.333
Kingston Ship Co.	1	3	.250

Washington Flag Etiquette.

The United States flag always is hoisted over the senate or house of representatives when in session. The flag floats from the flagstaff of the White House while the president is in Washington, and its absence indicates the absence of the president from the capital. It is displayed over the department buildings in Washington from 9 o'clock a. m. to 4:30 p. m. every week day.

Where Reality Is Found.

Listen to words and you will hear words; listen to voices and you will hear reality.—Harold Goddard, in Atlantic.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A GLORIOUS LOT.

of summer flowers and choice roses at VALENTIN BURGEVIN, INC., Fair and Main streets.

Don't forget the weekly dance at Marx's Hotel, Lake Katrine, every Thursday evening. Music by Miller's orchestra.

AMERICAN FLAGS.

All wool and cotton bunting, implements and brackets, service flags, all sizes from 25c to $15. O'REILLY'S, 530 Broadway. Phone 1509.

WILLIAM MILLER'S TAXI SERVICE, 42 Elmendorf street, has given satisfaction for 19 years. Look for little blue panel on doors of taxis. PHONE CALL 17. Get the number right.

If you want a real bargain in pipes, call at ISEMAN'S, 3½ Main.

$1.00 shirts, 55c; $1.50 shirts, 79c. Factory seconds. McTAGUE, 48 Broadway.

The Daily Freeman is on sale at the following stands of the Schultz News Agency in New York city.
102 W. 42nd Street.
42nd Street and Park Avenue (opposite Grand Central Depot.)
30th Street and Broadway, (S. W. Corner.
42nd Street and Sixth Avenue. (S. W. Corner.)

Salt Hay. E. T. McGILL.

BATHING SUITS.

Boys', Men's and kiddies', all sizes and prices. Also separate trunks and bathing caps and shoes.
O'REILLY'S 530 Broadway.

AUTO ROAD MAPS.

New Rand McNally Section Road Maps, just the thing you want; also the Blue Book, Scarborough's and Hammond's Maps. 'Phone 1509. O'REILLY, Broadway.

It's Cool!
It's like a breath from the Polar Cub's home. It's for you who long for relief from the heat; for you who have said, "Gee, I wish it was winter again!"
Here is the soothing, delicious coolness you want. Polar Cub creates a miniature winter, anywhere, anytime.
Polar Cub
Electric Fan
$5.85
It will run at two speeds—Guaranteed for a full season. Equipped with eight foot cord and plug.
WARREN'S

WINFRED TOO YOUNG TO DRIVE A CAR

He Was 15 Years Old and Was Arrested by Officer Martin—Fined $2—Other Traffic Violators.

Winfred Snyder, 15 years old, was arrested by Officer Martin on Monday charged with driving an auto while under the age limit. No one under 16 years of age is allowed to drive a car and a license will not be issued by the state to any one under 18 years. This morning Winfred was arraigned before Judge Schirick in children's court and entered a plea of guilty. He was accompanied by his father, Frank Snyder, who explained that he thought that as long as he owned the car his boy could drive it.

William Geggemeyer, an out of town man, was arrested Monday by Officer Soper for speeding. He deposited a cash bail of $5 for his appearance in police court. He failed to appear and the bail was forfeited.

Clinton Oakley, 20 years old, was arrested Monday afternoon by Officer Shader on a charge of driving on the left side of the street standard. The hearing was adjourned until August 1

ON THE DIAMOND.

Scores Yesterday and Games Scheduled For Today.

National League.

Pittsburgh, 4; New York, 2.
St. Louis, 4, Brooklyn, 3, 12 innings.
Boston, 7; Chicago, 2.
Philadelphia, 5; Cincinnati, 4.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	59	32	.648
New York	56	35	.615
Pittsburgh	47	42	.528
Philadelphia	42	47	.472
Cincinnati	41	48	.461
Boston	41	52	.441
Brooklyn	38	50	.432
St. Louis	38	56	.404

American League.

Detroit, 3; New York, 2.
Chicago, 1; Washington, 0; 13 innings.
Boston, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Cleveland-Philadelphia, rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	57	37	.606
Cleveland	52	42	.553
Washington	50	43	.538
New York	46	43	.517
Chicago	43	48	.473
St. Louis	41	50	.451
Detroit	41	51	.446
Philadelphia	37	53	.411

International League.

Jersey City, 5; Toronto, 4.
Newark-Buffalo, postponed.
Rochester, 4; Binghamton, 3.
Syracuse-Baltimore, postponed.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Binghamton	52	27	.658
Toronto	34	31	.635
Baltimore	50	35	.588
Rochester	42	35	.545
Newark	43	41	.512
Buffalo	37	44	.457
Syracuse	27	51	.346
Jersey City	19	60	.241

Games Scheduled Today.

National League.

Pittsburgh at New York, clear.
St. Louis at Brooklyn, clear.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia, cloudy.
Chicago at Boston, clear.

American League.

New York at Detroit, cloudy.
Philadelphia at Cleveland, two games, cloudy.
Washington at Chicago, clear.
Boston at St. Louis, clear.

International League.

Baltimore at Syracuse, two games, cloudy.
Binghamton at Rochester, cloudy.
Newark at Buffalo, cloudy.
Jersey City at Toronto, cloudy.

Aids in Furnishing Army Remounts.

The United States Department of Agriculture is cooperating with the War Department in producing horses for the army. G. A. Bell, of the Department of Agriculture, has recently returned from Virginia, Vermont, and New Hampshire, where, with a representative from the War Department, 125 horses were purchased. These horses were 3-year-olds and were purchased from farmers who bred their mares to stallions owned by the Department of Agriculture. Through an agreement made by farmers and the government the government agrees to pay $150 for each colt sired by government owned stallions, provided it passes the requirements of the War Department, or the farmer, by paying the service fee, can keep the colt for his own use.

Notaries Public Sworn.

The following have sworn in at the office of the county clerk as notaries public: Edgar T. Shultis, 25 South Pine street; Thomas W. Flemming, 268 West Chestnut street; Arthur G. Tongue, 9 Orchard street; Sam M. Watts, 106 Highland avenue.

NO LET UP TO OUR FINAL SALE

Several Thousand Dollars' Worth of Merchandise Taken From Our Reserve Stock. THE UP-TO-DATE COMPANY'S Sales First, Last and at ALL TIMES.

This has been proven conclusively from year to year. Lose no time in getting here Thursday, Friday or Saturday. You will get greater values.

SEVERAL HUNDRED NEW DRESSES!

These were manufactured during the months of May and June and were made to sell at from $15 to $20. Fortunate we were in securing these dresses. All have been placed in our FINAL SALE. They have been classified in three groups and will go Thursday, Friday or Saturday..... **$4.95, $6.75 and $7.75**

YOU MUST HURRY FOR SOME OF THESE BARGAINS

What's Left in $20 and $25 Suits marked down to **$12.75**

What's Left in $35 and $45 Suits marked down to **$17.75**

Wooltex and Printzess Pre-Shrunk Skirts, What's Left $6.75 to $7.75 values, marked down to **$3.75**

ONE LOT OF NEW SKIRTS VALUES UP TO $5.00 **GOING AT $1.98**

If you come this week you will never forget this Final Clearance Sale because you will profit still more. A sale without precedent or equal.

THE UP-TO-DATE CLOAK MANUFACTURING CO.

303-305 Wall Street, Kingston.
280 Main Street, Poughkeepsie. **325 South Salina Street, Syracuse.**

GERMAN COUNTER ASSAULTS GAIN

As Enemy Rushes Up Divisions, Allies Progress Is Slowed—German Take Two Villages From French and Americans.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, July 30.—(1 p. m.)—Violent fighting is in progress along the whole Aisne-Marne front, especially between Ville-en-Tardenois and Buzancy.

The French have advanced farther in the sector of the Ardre towards Aubilly and also in the neighborhood of Villers Ageron where they are progressing toward the plateau the Ourcq and Vesle rivers.

A heavy struggle is raging around Buzancy and Plessiere wood where 400 prisoners were taken from three German divisions. The enemy, it is estimated has put 71 divisions into the battle so far, ten of them being withdrawn from Prince Rupprecht's army in Flanders.

(Seventy one divisions is $12,000 men.)

Strong German counter assaults were delivered northeast of Outchy-Le-Chateau and southeast of Fere-en-Tardenois.

The German counter assaults wrested Cierges from the Americans and Beugeneux from the French.

(Cirges is slightly less than five miles from Fere-en-Tardenois and Beugeneux is about three miles from Outchy-Le-Chateau.)

First Aid For Shipbuilders.

A class of twenty men employed by the Kingston Shipbuilding Corporation met on Monday evening in the basement of the City Library to receive instruction in first aid to the injured, from Dr. Mark O'Meara, assisted by Dr A. C. Gates. The class will meet every Monday evening at 7:30 and expect in due time to become very proficient in rendering assistance to those of their fellow employes who are hurt in the performance of their duties on the shipyard of the Island Dock.

Our Population Increases.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey J. Davis of No. 106 O'Neil street, are receiving congratulations over the arrival of a daughter, Dorothy May.

A boy, Donald Charles, has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Kidd of 53 Downs street.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Ennist of Lindsley avenue, have welcomed a son, Raymond, at their home.

PORT EWEN.

Port Ewen, July 30.—Mr. and David Parsell of Broadway, Miss Bessie Freer and the Misses Wells of Union Center, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Hutchings, Miss Mildred Short of Broadway, and Mrs. Antha Sherman of Groton, motored to Orange Lake Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Zimmerman of Union Center, was the guest of friends here Monday.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Church, will have an excursion to Orange Lake, Saturday, August 3rd. Will leave Rondout on steamer Benjamin Odell at 11 o'clock a. m., and return on the Homer Ramsdall. Tickets for adults $1.00 round trip, including fare on trolley to Orange Lake. Children, under 12 years old, 50 cents. Tickets on sale at Alexander Crook's ice cream parlor Friday, from 7 a. m. to 9:30 p. m. Tickets sold on dock Saturday.

Rev. P. N. Chase of Kingston, called on friends here Monday.

After spending a few weeks in the Catskills, Leonard Van Buren, of Brooklyn, spent the week-end with his sister, Mrs. Charles Filsinger, on Salem street.

A business meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Church, will be held Thursday, August 1st, in the chapel at 3 o'clock.

Warren K. Van Vliet of Jersey City, is spending a few weeks with his family on Broadway.

Miss Anna Short of Main street, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Short at Cottekill.

The Reformed Sunday school will have a basket picnic at Forsyth Park, Kingston, Thursday, August 1st. Ice cream on sale.

A great many people from this place attended the patriotic service at the Reformed Church at Ulster Park, Sunday evening and enjoyed Judge Parker's address.

The Union Pacific Tea Store will close every Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock, from July 31st, during the month of August.

ULSTER PARK.

Ulster Park, July 30.—Miss Nina Parsell of Kingston spent the week end with Mrs. William Schryver.

Mr and Mrs. A. W. Hoffman of Kingston were the week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Gardiner.

Mr. and Mrs. Glynn of New York city are visiting Mrs. Glynn's mother, Mrs. E. Schryver.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Pruden of Kingston spent the week end with Miss Mildred Magley.

Miss Rachel Hoffman of Kingston spent Sunday with Mrs. Edwin Doyle.

Miss Jennie Terpening is visiting friends in Hackensack, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. George Eckert and son, Ernest, and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Wells of Poughkeepsie motored around the Ashokan reservoir Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. William Cole have purchased a new car from Percy Mott of Esopus.

A large crowd attended the social of the Do Your Bit Club, held on the lawn of Mrs. George Kennoch, last Friday evening. Gross proceeds, $25.

Lieut. Waldron Dumond of Waco, Texts, spent a 48 hour pass with his brother, Chester Dubond, of this place.

Mrs. LeFever of Oyster Bay, N. J., is visiting Mrs. N. Contant.

The W. C. T. U. will hold a foreign mission meeting at the home of Mrs. Henry Osborn Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock. A social hour will follow the program. An offering will be taken. A cordial invitation is extended to the ladies of the congregation to attend. All members are requested to come prepared to pay annual dues.

1897 THE ECONOMY STORE FOR 21 YEARS 1918

Coffee Percolators ALUMINUM Special $1.25

S. E. Eighmey

Box Writing Paper GOOD QUALITY 25c 39c 50c

A Store Full of Attractive Values

44 INCH VOILES AT 45c Yd.

Advance orders have kept us well supplied with all the best selling colors, nickel, rose, Copen, blue, pink, lavender, white and black. Thousands of yards have been sold at the good, old price

45c yd.

Afternoon Dresses $3.50

Another lot of those smart Gingham Dresses, plaids and stripes, of good quality, with white collar and cuffs. (See table on main floor.) Good quality, fast colors, house dresses at

$1.59 and $1.97
SECOND FLOOR

Slip Over Sweaters

Good wool yarn
$2.97 to $6.97

Mercerized Sweater Coats, with plain or fancy collars
$5.97 and $6.97

Columbia Shirts
1.00 1.50 2.00 3.00 3.97 4.97

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